

Subject : Family Law-I

Day : Saturday
Date : 02/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No.1 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carries 12 marks.

Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:

- a) Adultery and Cruelty: Grounds of Divorce
- b) Schools of Hindu Law
- c) Quran: Primary Source of Muslim Law
- d) Seema V/s Ashwani Kumar
- e) Option of Puberty
- f) Batil and Fasid Marriage

Q.2 Explain in short the nature of marriage under Hindu Law and changes introduced by Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.

Q.3 Write note on:

- a) Consanguinity, affinity and Fosterage
- b) Sapinda Relationship

Q.4 Discuss Constitutional validity of Restitution of conjugal Rights with leading case laws under Hindu Marriage Act.

Q.5 Explain Unilateral form of talak in detail.

Q.6 Write note on:

- a) Breakdown theory
- b) Consent theory

Q.7 Define the term Dower with its kinds. Discuss various modes for enforcement of right to dower.

Q.8 'Special Marriage Act provides special procedure for marriage'. Explain.

Q.9 State the procedure for marriage of Indian Christians under Christian Law.

Q.10 Explain nullity of marriage and dissolution of marriage under Parsi law.

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Subject : Public International Law

Day : Tuesday
Date : 05/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Terrorism and National Measures
- b) Prevention of Arms Race in Outer space
- c) State territory
- d) Monistic Theory
- e) Basis of international law
- f) Territorial sea

Q.2 Explain the concept of Recognition and its forms in detail.

Q.3 Explain the problems of jurisdiction at international court of justice and the crucial role played by ICJ in marking the growth of International Law.

Q.4 What is the meaning of succession of states? Enumerate its consequences.

Q.5 What are the peaceful means of settlement of international disputes?

Q.6 Describe the relationship between International Law and Municipal Law in detail.

Q.7 What is doctrine equality of states? Explain along with classification of states.

Q.8 Write a detailed note on 'the Moon and other celestial bodies'.

Q.9 Enumerate various sources of international law.

Q.10 "International law is a weak law and sometimes no law at all". Critically evaluate this statement with the help of relevant illustrations.

Subject : Law of Torts, Law Relating to Motor Vehicle Accident & Consumer Protection Laws

Day : Thursday

Date : 07/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all including Q.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Complainant
 - b) Consumer
 - c) Deficiency in service
 - d) Unfair Trade Practice
 - e) Rights of a consumer
 - f) Finding of the District Forum
- Q.2** Define Torts and distinguish tort from crime and breach of contract.
- Q.3** 'Injuria sine damno' is actionable but 'damnum sine injuria is not'. Comment with case laws.
- Q.4** There are persons who cannot sue on account of their personal disability. Comment with nature and extent of their disability.
- Q.5** Discuss Inevitable Accident as a general exception to liability in torts with the help of case law.
- Q.6** 'Actio personalis moritur cum persona'. Comment and point out acceptance to this rule.
- Q.7** What is Vicarious Liability? Explain the liability of master for the acts of his servant.
- Q.8** Explain the tort of 'False Imprisonment'. What are defenses to an action for false imprisonment?
- Q.9** Define 'Defamation' what are the defenses in an action for Defamation?
- Q.10** Explain the following with reference to Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.
- a) Necessity for insurance against third party risk
 - b) Liability without fault in certain cases

Subject : Intellectual Property Law

Day : Monday

Date : 11/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions **CARRY 12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Define Industrial Designs
 - b) Berne Convention
 - c) Revocation of Patent
 - d) WIPO
 - e) Piracy of Design
 - f) Good Will
- Q.2** Examine the salient feature of Berne convention and also bring out its difference with Universal Copyright Convention.
- Q.3** Define the term 'Patent' and explain what the remedies available against infringement of patents.
- Q.4** Evaluate the legal status of hazardous research protected by the regime of Intellectual property law.
- Q.5** Discuss the international and national perspectives of intellectual property law.
- Q.6** Write a note on Basmati case.
- Q.7** Explain the evaluation, meaning and nature of copyright.
- Q.8** What is Trademark? Discuss the essential features, function and types of Trademark.
- Q.9** Write a detailed note on relationship between Intellectual Property Rights and Human Rights.
- Q.10** Evaluate the legal status at hazardous research protected by the regime of Intellectual Property Law.

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Subject : Optional -III a) Right to Information

Day : Wednesday
Date : 13/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all, out of which Q.1 is **COMPULSORY**..
- 2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Functions of Central Information Commission
 - b) Position of Right to Information in U.K.
 - c) Exceptions to Right to Information Act, 2005
 - d) Removal Information Commissioner
 - e) Role of media and Right to Information
 - f) Aim and object of Public Record Act, 1993
- Q.2 Define 'Right to Information', and discuss the duties and functions of public authority.
- Q.3 Elaborate the constitutional perspective of Right to Information with the help of landmark case laws.
- Q.4 Discuss the provisions of 'appeal' and 'penalties' under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.5 "E-government refers to the use by government agencies of information technologies that have the ability to transform relations with citizens business, and other arms of government. These technologies can serve a variety of different ends : Better delivery of government service to citizens, improved interactions with business and industry, citizen empowerment through access to information, or more efficient government management. The resulting benefits can be less corruption, increased transparency, greater convenience revenue growth and cost reduction". Discuss on this with reference to the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.6 Enumerate the establishments and powers of the State Information Commission under the Right to Information Act, 2005..
- Q.7 Explain the aim and object of the Official Secret Act, 1923, in the light of the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.8 "The Right to Privacy and Right to Information are both essential human rights in the modern information society". Comment.
- Q.9 Explain the history of enactment and reasons for failure of the Freedom of Information Act, 2002.
- Q.10 Describe the reports introduced to by the Indian government in relation to Public Interest Disclosures

Subject : Optional -III b) Corporate Governance

Day : Wednesday
Date : 13/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any six questions including Q. No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all Questions carry 12 marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on (ANY Four) :

- a) Corporate governance in Australia
- b) Listing agreement
- c) Birla report on Corporate Governance
- d) SEBI
- e) Narayanmurti's report on corporate governance
- f) Kautilya's arthashastra and corporate governance

Q.2 "Corporate governance can be narrowly defined as relationship of a company to its shareholders and broadly as its relationship to society". Explain the statement in the light of concept and emergence of corporate governance in India.

Q.3 What is the role of board of directors in promoting a healthy corporate governance climate?

Q.4 Explain the global view of corporate governance. Do you agree there is convergence of corporate governance practices amongst countries of the world in view of globalization of the world economy?

Q.5 What do you mean by corporate disclosure? What factors affect corporate disclosure? State its objectives.

Q.6 Write a note on corporate governance in Automobile industry in India.

Q.7 Elucidate the role of (SRO)Self-Regulatory Organization in corporate Governance.

Q.8 Enumerate the role of capital market regulation in enforcement of corporate governance.

Q.9 Discuss the importance of meeting and minutes in corporate governance.

Q.10 "CSR should be core concern for all companies and part of each company's operations", Comment.