

**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2009 COURSE) :**  
**SUMMER - 2018**  
**SUBJECT: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-I**

Day : **Wednesday**  
Date : **11/04/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : 80.

**S-2018-1307**

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** in all including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
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**Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Child labour
- b) Freedom of Assembly
- c) Double Jeopardy
- d) Citizenship
- e) Locus Standi and PIL
- f) Doctrine of waiver

**Q.2** "Equality before law can be predicated meaningfully only in an equal society."  
Comment with the help of landmark cases.

**Q.3** Right to freedom of Religion is not absolute but is subjected to certain restrictions.  
Discuss the statement in light of landmark cases.

**Q.4** Critically evaluate the nature and scope of right to life and personal liberty with help of landmark cases.

**Q.5** "Freedom of Press is included in the right of freedom of speech and expression."  
Comment with help of appropriate case laws.

**Q.6** What is "State" under Article 12 of the Indian Constitution? Discuss the term "other authorities."

**Q.7** What are Directive Principles of State Policy? Examine the scope of Directive Principles provided under the Indian Constitution.

**Q.8** Write a detail essay on protection against arrest and detention provided under Indian Constitution.

**Q.9** Who are minorities? What is the constitutional protection given to administer the minority educational institutions?

**Q.10** "Fundamental rights would be of no importance, if there are no provisions to enforce them." Comment.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2015  
COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018  
SUBJECT : ECONOMICS - I**

Day : **Monday**  
Date : **09/04/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2018-1271**

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**N. B. ;**

- 1) All questions are **COMUPLSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carries **12** marks each.
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**Q. 1** What is Economic Problem? Explain with the help of definition of scarcity of choice.

**OR**

State the 'Law of Demand' with its assumptions and exceptions.

**Q. 2** What is Perfect Competition? Explain the price determination in perfect competition.

**OR**

What is Sole Proprietorship? What are the merits and demerits of sole proprietorship?

**Q. 3** Explain the process of 'Multiple credit creation employed by the Commercial Banks.

**OR**

What is Monetary Policy? What are the objectives and limitations of Monetary Policy?

**Q. 4** Explain Impact, Incidence and shifting of Tax Burden. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Indirect taxes?

**OR**

Explain Deficit Financing. What are the adverse effects of Deficit Financing?

**Q. 5** Define 'Money'. What are the functions of Money?

**OR**

Explain the goals, organizational structure and functions of World Bank.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2015  
COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018  
SUBJECT : GENERAL ENGLISH – I**

Day : **Monday**  
Date : **02/04/2018**

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2018-1268**

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

**Q.1 A) Combine the following sentences (ANY FIVE):** **[10]**

- i) He lost his wallet. He was travelling to office. (while / besides)
- ii) It was a holiday. We decided to go for a trek. (because / so)
- iii) The leader gave a lengthy speech. He went to another venue for his next speech. (then / than)
- iv) We got home. He was in bed. (as / when)
- v) You cannot leave. You show me your i-card. (otherwise / unless)
- vi) He should think over the pros and cons of a matter. This must be done before arriving at a decision. (before / after)

**B) Correct the following sentences:** **[10]**

- i) The prizes distribute after the cultural event.
- ii) She didn't knew about the submission date.
- iii) All childrens was waiting at the queue.
- iv) They detect the mistake, did they rectify?
- v) In spite of hour long discussion, no conclusion.

**Q.2 Rewrite as directed:** **[10]**

- i) Change the Voice:  
The Principal will introduce the chief guest.
- ii) Change to Indirect Speech:  
The Manager said, "What is the reason of low production which has led to system failure?"
- iii) Write the Comparative and Superlative form of the given word:
  - a) Interesting
- iv) Add a question tag:  
She got quick promotion by virtue.
- v) Punctuate the following:  
deepak chopra the writer of seven spiritual laws of success is a doctor by profession.

**P.T.O.**

- Q.3** Explain the following legal terms (**ANY FIVE**): **[10]**
- |                  |                          |                   |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>i)</b> abate  | <b>iii)</b> compensation | <b>v)</b> invalid |
| <b>ii)</b> bonus | <b>iv)</b> delict        | <b>vi)</b> vest   |

- Q.4** Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: **[10]**

Making a good speech requires a one hundred percent workout from your body, from your heart as well as your brain. The ability to speak effectively is an acquirement rather than a gift.

The beginning and the end of a speech are the most important and vital organs to the body of the whole speech, without these two, the speech will be like a torso without head and legs. To be a successful speaker, you must find your own voice, using language that is right for you. You must have a meaningful message. You should be able to speak with conviction and confidence. With speech skills, you will rise in your chosen field to a powerful position of leadership and make an important contribution to the society. You will open a vast range of spectacular opportunities for the future.

Answer the following questions:

- i)** What is a 'good speech'?
- ii)** Write words from the passage which mean the following:
  - a)** to learn or develop a skill or quality.
  - b)** to firmly hold a belief or opinion
- iii)** Explain the given phrase with an example:  
'to find your own voice'.
- iv)** Write sentences of your own using the following:
  - a)** as well as
  - b)** rather than
- v)** How can a Law student become a good public speaker? Explain with an example of a renowned lawyer.

- Q.5** Write an essay on **ANY ONE** of the following: **[10]**

- i)** Drug addiction and Law.
- ii)** The person whom I admire.
- iii)** Traffic in Pune.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2015 COURSE)**  
**CBCS : SUMMER - 2018**  
**SUBJECT : LAW OF TORT INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT &**  
**CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT**

Day **Wednesday**  
Date **11/04/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : **50**

**S-2018-1272**

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1** Write notes on the following:

- a) Damnum Sine Injuria
- b) Injuria Sine Damnum

**OR**

What is Trespass? Evaluate the provisions relating to Trespass to person.

**Q.2** What is Defamation? Evaluate types and essentials of defamation.

**OR**

Examine the concept of Negligence with emphasis on the maxim Res Ipsa Loquitur.

**Q.3** Write a detail essay on Vicarious Liability with emphasis on Master and Servant relationship.

**OR**

Write notes on the following:

- a) Absolute Liability
- b) Strict Liability

**Q.4** Write notes on the following with reference to Motor Vehicle Act, 1988:

- a) 'Liability without fault' in certain cases
- b) Compensation

**OR**

Write notes on the following with reference to Consumer Protection Act, 1986:

- a) National Commission
- b) State Commission

**Q.5** a) Analyse the following case law:  
Nicholas v. Marsland

- b) A horse belonging to the defendants and attached with a van was seen by the plaintiff running past his house without the driver. It entered a field adjoining the plaintiff's garden. The driver, who had followed it was trying to pacify it but as it continued to be restive, the driver shouted for help. The plaintiff on hearing this went and attempted to hold the horse, but it threw him to the ground causing him serious injuries. Evaluate following illustration.

**OR**

- a) Analyse the following case law:  
Haynes v. Harwood

- b) During a storm in Kolkata a cinema advertising (banner) fell down from the defendant premises and injured the plaintiff. The defendant contended that the fall of the banner was caused by a storm of unusual severity. It was, however found that such storms of considerable severity usually came in the town of Kolkata during monsoon season. Evaluate the following illustration.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2015  
COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018  
SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE – I**

Day: **Wednesday**  
Date: **04/04/2018**

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks: 60

**S-2018-1269**

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1** Write short note on:

- a) Judicial Review
- b) Independence of Judiciary

**OR**

- c) Liberty
- d) Equality

**Q.2** Define state and give a detail account of its elements.

**OR**

Critically evaluate Matriarchal and Patriarchal theories of state.

**Q.3** State the meaning and functions of the Executive.

**OR**

State the features, merits and demerits of Unitary form of government.

**Q.4** Explain the Rawlsian notion of Justice.

**OR**

Critically evaluate the relationship between power, authority and legitimacy.

**Q.5** Explain the concept of Rights with special reference to Fundamental Rights.

**OR**

Give a detailed account of Secularism in India.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2015  
COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018  
SUBJECT : SOCIOLOGY - I**

Day : **Friday**  
Date : **06/04/2018**

Time **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2018-1270**

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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**Q.1 a)** "Sociology is a science of social relations". Discuss the above statement explaining the nature and scope of sociology.

**OR**

**b)** Define society. Explain the characteristics of society and distinguish it with community.

**Q.2 a)** "India is a museum of society". Explain different types of society in India.

**OR**

**b)** "Deviance is a threat to stability of society". Explain the above statement with appropriate examples.

**Q.3 a)** Explain in detail the informal means of social control.

**OR**

**b)** What do you mean by social change? Explain the various causes that bring about social change.

**Q.4 a)** What are the different factors that bring about social change?

**OR**

**b)** Explain in detail the significance of the study of sociology for law students.

**Q.5 a)** Explain in detail the scientific method of sociology with its merits and demerits.

**OR**

**b)** What do you mean by social groups? Explain in detail the primary groups with appropriate examples.

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