

**Subject : Women & Law**

Day : Tuesday

Date : 11/04/2017



34940

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions by choosing at least three questions from Section A and Section B each including **Q.No.1 & Q.No.6** which are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1 & Q.No.6** carry **16** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**SECTION - A**

- Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Status of women in pre-independent India
  - b) Commission of Sati
  - c) National Commission for Women
  - d) Sexual Harassment at work place
  - e) Reservation for women in local bodies
  - f) Maternity Benefits
- Q.2 Discuss the various provisions under the Constitution of India which gives Protection to Women.
- Q.3 Discuss various sexual offences against women under Indian Penal Code.
- Q.4 Explain the provisions of different labour laws benefiting women.
- Q.5 "There is a strong connection between the custom of dowry and the domestic violence". Is it correct? Discuss the provisions of Dowry Prohibition Act in this respect.

**SECTION - B**

- Q.6 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) International Convention on Child
  - b) Child Marriage
  - c) Free and compulsory education for children socio-legal perspective
  - d) Child under Litigation
  - e) Vagrancy
  - f) Immoral traffic
- Q.7 Discuss the functions and objects of National Commission for child.
- Q.8 Evaluate the various legislations controlling the employment of child labour in India.
- Q.9 "Children are the future of the country and need special protection because of their physical and mental faculties they possess". Discuss in the light of the constitutional provisions relating to children.
- Q.10 Discuss the provisions of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 regarding reformation and rehabilitation of neglected and delinquent juveniles.

**Subject : Optional - III b) Corporate Governance**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 13/04/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Emergence of the idea of Corporate Governance
  - b) Amendments to the Companies Act, 1956
  - c) Corporate governance in Automobile industry in India
  - d) Birla Committee Report
  - e) Issues of Membership and Controlling interest over management
  - f) Protection of Investors with reference to small investors
- Q.2** "Corporate Governance is holding the balance between economic and social goals and between individual and community goals". Elaborate.
- Q.3** State and explain role of shareholders in the area of Corporate Governance.
- Q.4** State and explain comprehensive and standard code of corporate governance and disclosure norms.
- Q.5** Role of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in corporate governance.
- Q.6** State and explain Corporate Governance Standards and Practices in Banking Industry in India.
- Q.7** What is the role of Board of Directors in promoting healthy corporate climate?
- Q.8** Explain the role of capital market regulatory system in enforcement of corporate governance.
- Q.9** State and explain role of SRO in corporate governance.
- Q.10** Write a brief account of reform in Corporate Governance.



**Subject : Optional - III a) Right to Information**

Day : Thursday



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date : 13/04/2017

**34941**

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all, out of which **Q.No.1** is compulsory.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and remaining questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on (**ANY FOUR**) :
- a) Right to Information and E- Governance
  - b) The Right to Information in UK
  - c) Define 'Competent Authority'
  - d) Media and Right to Information
  - e) Power and function of Information Commission
  - f) Third Party Information.
- Q.2** "The Right to Information Act is a codification of this important right of citizens the right existed since the time India became republic, but was difficult to enforce without going to court " Comment.
- Q.3** State and explain the 'breach of confidentiality and privacy' with help of provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.4** Describe the reports introduced by the Indian Government in the relations to Public Interest Disclosures.
- Q.5** Elaborate the provisions of Right to know' from secrecy to transparency under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate the historical background of the Public Record Act, 1993. with reference to Right to Information.
- Q.7** Define 'Public Authority' and explain in brief about the provisions relating to it, with the help of the Right to Information Act, 2000.
- Q.8** Elaborate the important provisions relating to 'Right to Information' of the Rome Convention for the protection of Human rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950.
- Q.9** "The 'Right to Know' and 'Right to Information' have been spelled out by the Supreme Court in S.P. Gupta and others Vs President of India and others". Discuss in detail.
- Q.10** Elaborate the role, functions and responsibilities of E-Government with reference to electronic information dissemination.

Subject : Company Law

Day : Saturday  
Date : 08/04/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
- a) One Person Company
  - b) Public and Private Company
  - c) Debenture Trust Deed
  - d) Floating Charge
  - e) Soloman Vs Soloman
  - f) Foss Vs Harbottle
- Q.2 "A company is a legal entity distinct from its members". In what cases do the courts ignore this principle?
- Q.3 "The Memorandum of Association is the fundamental law or a charter defining the objects and limiting the powers of a company". Explain.
- Q.4 Define Prospectus. What are the consequences that follow in the case of mis-statements in the prospectus?
- Q.5 Who are the members of a company? Distinguish between a member and a shareholder. How is membership terminated?
- Q.6 "The doctrine of Indoor Management is a silver lining to strangers dealing with the company". Comment.
- Q.7 What are different kinds of debentures? What remedies are available to debenture holders for realisation of their security?
- Q.8 "The general meeting alone is the company's primary organ and the directors are merely the company's agents". Comment.
- Q.9 What is winding up? Under what circumstances will the court order a compulsory winding up of a company?
- Q.10 Briefly state the provisions of the Companies Act regarding the mode of appointment of directors.

**Subject : Environmental Law**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 06/04/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Ganga water Pollution case
  - b) Constitution of the National Board for Wild Life
  - c) Noise pollution
  - d) Ozone Depletion
  - e) Protected Forest
  - f) Bhopal Gas leakage case
- Q.2** Constitutional remedies are most effective methods for environment protection. Discuss with the help of important case law.
- Q.3** Examine briefly how Air Pollution is regulated and controlled under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
- Q.4** What are Water Pollutants? How Pollution Control Board can regulate Water Pollution under the Water (Prevention and Controlled of Pollution) Act, 1947?
- Q.5** Explain the significance of the principle of absolute liability in the protection of environment with reference to oleum gas leak case.
- Q.6** Critically examine the judicial contribution in prevention and control of environmental pollution, so as to save human health with reference to international conventions.
- Q.7** Discuss the doctrine of polluter pays principle and precautionary principle. Refer to decided cases.
- Q.8** Discuss the effectiveness of Authorities constituted under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- Q.9** How far the establishment of sanctuaries and national parks facilitate for the protection of wild life under the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972?
- Q.10** Write a critical note on common law rights against pollution.

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**Subject : Public International Law**

Day : Monday  
Date : 03/04/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

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- Q.1** Write Short Notes on ANY FOUR
- a) Treaties
  - b) Continental Shelf
  - c) Judicial Decisions
  - d) Custom
  - e) Confederation
  - f) Recognition of Governments
- Q.2** "International Court of Justice has been the crusader of international human rights and its ever-growing role promises a secured future for international law". Comment and Analyze.
- Q.3** "Apart from the traditional sources, there are new emerging sources of international law which have emerged. Though they are not formalized yet they command due attention from the Courts and tribunals". Critically evaluate the statement in the light of Sources of international law.
- Q.4** What are the peaceful and forceful methods of settlement of international disputes?
- Q.5** Narrate the law of Outer Space and attempts of international community to control Arms Race.
- Q.6** Describe the origin, definition and nature of international law. How public international law is different from Private International Law?
- Q.7** What are the various theories pertaining to recognition? Explain the de facto and De jure recognition in detail.
- Q.8** "The law of Sea has been developed in no time and ironically been transformed into customary international law" Comment and enumerate the salient features of Third Convention on the Law of Sea.
- Q.9** Write an essay on "State Succession and its various consequences".
- Q.10** "The International terrorism has become a curse which haunts every human life on earth. It needs to be curbed and destroyed from its very roots" Comment.

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