

**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : GENERAL ENGLISH-III (INCLUDING LEGAL WRITING)**

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 8/5/2023

**S-12530-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY** and Q. No. 1(a) and (b) are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks (i.e. 12 marks each)

- Q.1**
- A)** Explain the following legal maxims. (**Any THREE out of FOUR**) **(06)**
- a) Salus populi est superma lex
  - b) Ubi jus ibi remedium
  - c) Delegatus Non Potest Delegare
  - d) Qui facit per alium facit per se.
- B)** Explain the legal terms (**Any THREE out of FOUR**) **(06)**
- a) Coercion
  - b) Abduction
  - c) Parole
  - d) Decree

**OR**

- Q.1**
- A)** Explain the following legal maxims. (**Any THREE out of FOUR**) **(06)**
- a) Res ipsa loquitor
  - b) Nemo dat quod non habet
  - c) Volenti non fit injuria
  - d) De minimis non curat lex
- B)** Explain the legal terms (**Any THREE out of FOUR**) **(06)**
- a) Jurisdiction
  - b) Bail
  - c) Discharge
  - d) Juvenile

- Q.2** Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below. **(12)**

The Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) mechanisms evolved to provide complete justice to the persons in conflicts and legal disputes. It is voluntary process gaining legal recognition over a period of time. The ADR is at present a movement all over the world to find an answer to never ending litigation and never reaching solutions, which is a global phenomena. The society state and the party to dispute are equally under an obligation to resolve the dispute before it disturbs the peace in the family, business community, society or ultimately the humanity as a whole because in a civilized society the rule of law should prevail and principles of natural justice should apply and complete justice should result.

- a) Why ADR mechanism is evolved?
- b) Who are under obligations to resolve the disputes by resorting to ADR system.
- c) Which things are essential to achieve complete justice in civilized society.
- d) ARD mechanism is an appropriate answer to which type of problem.

**P.T.O**

OR

- B) Write an legal essay on (Any ONE) (12)
- a) Right to vote
  - b) Gender injustice
  - c) Delay defeats justice

- Q.3 Attempt (Any ONE) of the following either A or B
- A) i) Draft a suit against tenant for possession of flat. (06)  
ii) Draft a criminal complaint under 498 of IPC (Cruelty from husband and in-laws) . (06)

OR

- B) i) Draft a petition for Restitution of Conjugal Rights under sec 9 of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. (06)  
ii) Draft a will. (06)

- Q.4 Attempt any ONE either A & B or only C
- A) Comment on the following judicial decisions. (06)
- i) Donoghue v. Stevenson
  - ii) Ryland v. Fletcher
  - iii) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India.
- B) Draft a legal news on regarding ban on Jallikattu sports in Tamil Nadu. (06)
- C) Write a Book Review on Business communication. (12)

- Q.5 A) Draft a report on a Seminar on "Gender Justice and Women Empowerment" conducted in Bharati Vidyapeeth New Law Collage on 12<sup>th</sup> March 2017. (12)

OR

- B) Translate the text from English to Hindi or Marathi (12)

A significance aspect of the episode in the State of Bihar, in which some undertrial prisoners were allegedly blinded by the police, was the fact that there were public protests when some of the police officials, suspected to be responsible for the blindings were suspended by the government. The attitude displayed by the public might be termed perverse or based on ignorance but it clearly showed that having suffered for too long at the hands of the criminals, the public was all out for the liquidation of criminals and gangsters by any means, fair or foul.

Having regard to normal human nature, which seeks vengeance and to the need of self – preservation and also to the fact that criminal propensities are likely to increase in most of the societies, the punitive reaction is bound to be of eternal relevance. The society should find it difficult, at any stage of civilization, to give up the penal sanctions altogether, and punitive philosophy, in some form or the other and in varying degrees of importance, shall continue to serve the cause of law and order.

**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : BUSINESS ETHICS**

Day : Thursday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 11/5/2023

**S-12531-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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**Q.1** How has New Economic Policy, 1991 proved to set Ethical standards in the Indian economy?

**OR**

What are Ethics? Differentiate between Ethics and Morals.

**Q.2** Write short notes on: **(Any Three)**

- i) Functional Ethics
- ii) Ethics in Copyrights
- iii) Corporate Social Responsibility
- iv) Causes of unethical behavior

**Q.3** Explain the relation between corporate responsibility and business ethics.

**OR**

Discuss the relationship between Business, Business Ethics and Business Development.

**Q.4** What is negotiability? Explain various types of negotiable instruments under The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

**OR**

What is Corporate Governance? How does it enhance the business prospects?

**Q.5** How are Ethics related to Environment Protection?

**OR**

What are the major problems faced by Consumers? Mention various Consumer Rights under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : ICT & LEGAL RESEARCH (SOFT SKILLS)**

Day : Tuesday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 16-05-2023

**S-12533-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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**Q.1** “The opportunities for education arising from developments in information communication technology are very promising.” Bring out the importance of ICT in Legal education.

**OR**

“Soft Skills are identified to be the most critical Skills in the current Legal profession and fast moving era of technology.” Discuss.

**Q.2** “The internet is a globally connected network system that uses TCP/IP to transmit data via various types of media.” Explain the concept of TCP/IP in Internet.

**OR**

Explain in detail the functionality of binary code which is a system of processing information & representing numbers, images, sounds, etc.

**Q.3** “Legal Research Methodology is a scientific discipline dealing with methods of discovering law and Legal phenomena.” Discuss and explain in detail the different types of legal research Methodologies.

**OR**

Write short notes on :

- a) Modes of Communication through Internet
- b) Bulletin Boards
- c) Limitations of CALR

**Q.4** Discuss how the e-court project focuses to provide designated services to litigants, lawyers and Judiciary through an ICT enabled justice system.

**OR**

Write short notes on

- a) Retrieving Files
- b) Digital Right Management
- c) Document Management

**Q.5** “Plagiarism is a practice of using or copying someone else’s idea or work and pretending and passing off as one’s own.” Discuss and differentiate between plagiarism and IPR infringement.

**OR**

Explain the importance of citation as the practice crediting and referring to authoritative documents and sources like court decisions, statistics, treaties and scholarly writings.

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Day : Thursday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 18-05-2023

**S-12534-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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**Q.1 a)** 'Role of Preamble in interpreting provisions of the Constitution of India is of vital importance.' Analyze the Preamble with reference to Judicial decisions.

**OR**

**b)** Define 'State'. Critically evaluate the term 'Other Authorities' included in Article 12 of the Indian Constitution with the help of guidelines given in Ajay Hasia's Case.

**Q.2 a)** 'Article 16(4), Article 16(4-A) and Article 16(4-B) are the products of protective discrimination envisaged under the Indian Constitution.' Comment.

**OR**

**b)** 'Freedom of Speech and Expression is one of the most cherished and valuable freedom guaranteed by the Constitution of India.' Examine Article 19(1) (a) along with the restrictions enshrined in the Indian Constitution.

**Q.3 a)** 'The eclipse of Article 21 by Gopalan Case was removed by Maneka Gandhi Case and since then there is phenomenon expansion of Right to life and Personal Liberty.' Comment with the help of Judicial Pronouncement.

**OR**

**b)** Explain the Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India under Article 32 of the Constitution of India.

**Q.4 a)** 'A person can exercise his religious freedom so long as it does not conflict with public health, order and morality.' Comment.

**OR**

**b)** Discuss the provisions for the protection of Minorities guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.

**Q.5 a)** Write Short Notes on:

- i. Right to Property
- ii. Bandhu Mukti Morcha V. Union of India

**OR**

**b)** Write Short Notes on:

- i. Relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
- ii. Citizenship

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL.B. (5 Year) Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : GENERAL ENGLISH-III (INCLUDING LEGAL WRITING)**

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 8/5/2023

**S-24941-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N. B. :**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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**Q. 1 A)** Explain the following legal maxims with relevant case laws: **(ANY THREE) (06)**

- i) Ex turpi causa non oritur actio
- ii) Salus populi est suprema lex
- iii) Audi alteram partem
- iv) Ejusdem Generis
- v) Falsus in uno falsus in omnibus
- vi) Ignorantia facit excusat

**B)** Explain the following legal terms in details with relevant case laws: **(06)**  
**(ANY THREE)**

- i) Summon
- ii) Lease
- iii) Mala fide
- iv) Trust
- v) Ultra vires
- vi) Fraud

**Q. 2 A)** Write legal essay on **ANY ONE** of the following: **(12)**

- i) Right to education – challenges and prospects.
- ii) Should the internet be uncensored?

**OR**

**Q. 2 B)** Write a review on the book of “Legal Research Methodology”. **(12)**

**Q. 3** Draft the following legal documents: **(ANY TWO) (12)**

- i) Suit for defamation.
- ii) Joint affidavit for marriage.
- iii) Petition for Judicial Separation on grounds of renunciation of world.

**Q. 4 A)** Comment on the following judicial decisions: **(ANY TWO) (06)**

- i) Rylands v. Fletcher
- ii) Shayara Bano v. Union of India (Triple Talaq case)
- iii) K. M. Nanavati v. State of Maharashtra

**Q. 4 B)** Write legal news on “Supreme Court is planning to give lawyers scanned copies of compilations”. **(06)**

**OR**

**Q. 4 C)** Write a report on “One day session on career opportunities in cyber laws and criminal laws” organised by the Cyber Cell of your college. **(12)**

**P. T. O.**

- Q.5 A)** “Legislation is one of the major instruments of articulating the policy of the Government”. In this context, explain the importance, meaning and rules of composition for legislative drafting. **(12)**

**OR**

- Q.5 B)** Translate the following text from English to Hindi or Marathi: **(12)**

Veda means knowledge. There are four vedas: Rig; Yajur; Sama and Atharva. The four vedas are the fountainhead of Hindu religion and law. The oldest of them is the Rig Veda Samhita (Collection of Hymn Veda). It consists of 1028 hymns arranged into ten Mandala (groups). Yajur Veda (sacrificial veda) is a liturgical arrangement of part of the hymns of the Rig Veda, with additions, for intoning in the appropriate manner at sacrificial ceremonies. This Veda contains passages in prose containing explanations and directions for the guidance of the priests. The third Veda, Sama Veda (Chant Veda) is also a liturgical arrangement of some of the hymns of Rig Veda and is intended to be chanted at particular sacrifices in which the juice of the Soma plant was the principal offering. The fourth and last Veda, Atharva Veda, so called after the classes of priests known as Atharvas by whom it was compiled, has some hymns from the Rig Veda along with original hymns of the same kind. These Vedas contain the sacred lore and esoteric knowledge of the Hindus.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL.B. (5 Year) Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : SOCIOLOGY & LAW-III**

Day : Saturday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 13-05-2023

**S-24943-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

**N. B. :**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q. 1 a)** Social disorganisation is a state of disequilibrium and lack of social solidarity or consensus among the members of society. Explain the statement in the light of meaning, nature and kinds of social disorganisation.

**OR**

**b)** Write a detailed note on social problems in India relating to crimes against women and children.

**Q. 2 a)** Discuss the concept of family disharmony. Explain the concepts of Domestic violence with legal provisions and landmark case laws.

**OR**

**b)** Elucidate the issues pertaining to deviance relating to white collar crime.

**Q. 3 a)** Describe in detail on problems pertaining to illiteracy in the process of Nation Building.

**OR**

**b)** The concept of Women Empowerment has become one of the most important concern of 21<sup>st</sup> Century not only at the National but also at the International level. Discuss.

**Q. 4 a)** Write a detailed note on environmental pollution in the context of development of society.

**OR**

**b)** Criminology, penology and criminal law are inter related with each other and one cannot function without the other. Discuss the inter relationship between Criminology and Penology.

**Q. 5 a)** In the context of sociology of legal profession, write a detailed note on the concept of legal aid and legal literacy.

**OR**

**b)** Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Problem of migrant workers
- ii) Problem of Aids victim and various measures for their welfare.
- iii) Role of Mahatma Gandhiji in the removal of untouchability and measures for welfare of scheduled caste and scheduled tribes.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL.B. (5 Year) Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**  
**SUBJECT : ICT & LEGAL RESEARCH (SOFT SKILLS)**

Day : Tuesday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 16-05-2023

**S-24944-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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**Q.1** Explain the meaning and the importance of soft skills for effective advocacy.

**OR**

Critically analyse the use, significance and challenges of Information and Communication Technology in Legal Education.

**Q.2** Define 'Computer.' Explain the evolution and classification of computers.

**OR**

"Interconnectivity of computing devices in a network allows us to exchange information simultaneously with many parties through e-mail, audio/video calls etc." Discuss this statement and explain the meaning, types of computer networks and topology.

**Q.3** Define 'Research'. Explain the nature, scope, objectives of research and the steps in research process.

**OR**

Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- a) Bulletin Boards
- b) Document Management
- c) Use of Manupatra in Legal Research

**Q.4** Discuss in detail the salient features of National Policy and Action Plan for implementation of ICT in Judiciary and its benefits to various stakeholders.

**OR**

Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- a) Data Security
- b) Open Access Journals
- c) Different modes of communication using the Internet

**Q.5** Elucidate the concept of Plagiarism and compare it with copyright infringement.

**OR**

What is 'Citation'? Explain the purpose of citation and discuss the method of citation of electronic sources.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**

**B.B.A. LL.B. (5 Year) Sem - III :SUMMER : 2023**

**SUBJECT : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-I**

Day : Thursday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 18-05-2023

**S-24945-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1** The current controversy on Maratha reservation has broiled conflicting (12)  
sentiments. Discuss the provisions of reservation under the Indian  
Constitution.

**OR**

**Q.1** Dr. B R Ambedkar called Article 32 as the “heart and soul of Part 3 of the (12)  
Constitution of India”. Examine the powers of Supreme Court under Article  
32.

**Q.2** Sarva Dharm Sambhav is an idea that reflects Indian Secularism. In light of (12)  
this evaluate fundamental right to religion under the Indian Constitution.

**OR**

**Q.2** Discuss the relationship between fundamental rights and DPSP. (12)

**Q.3** Discuss how the Constitution has protected the right of the minorities with (12)  
reference to relevant case law.

**OR**

**Q.3** Preventive Detention has always been seen as threat to the freedom of (12)  
individuals but also a weapon in the hands of state to control disruptive force.  
Discuss the rights of detenus under the Constitution of India with reference to  
a few Preventive Detention laws.

**Q.4** Write short notes on: (12)

- a) Doctrine of Basic Structure
- b) Right to Assembly

**OR**

**Q.4** Write short notes on: (12)

- a) Doctrine of Eclipse
- b) Right to Association

**Q.5** Analyse the following: (12)

- a) PUDR v. UOI
- b) E P Royappa v. State of Tamil Nadu

**OR**

**Q.5** Analyse the following: (12)

- a) Keshavanand Bharati v. State of Kerela
- b) Bijoe Emmanuel v. State of Kerela