

Subject : General English-IV

Day : Thursday  
Date : 03/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 2

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all others carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Functions of Law
- b) Questions of fact
- c) Judicial material
- d) Preamble
- e) Analytical reasoning
- f) Deductive reasoning

**Q.2** Explain the meaning of **SIX** of the following Maxims:

- |   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| i) Interest republicae ut sit finis litium        | v) Volenti non fit injuria         |
| ii) Injuria sine damnum                           | vi) Ex nudo pacto non oritur actio |
| iii) Nemo debet bis vexari pro uno et eadem causa | vii) Res Ipsa loquitur             |
| iv) Ejusdem generis                               | viii) Respondeat superior          |

**Q.3** Language is essential to make laws. There is a close relationship between language and law. Elucidate.

**Q.4** What is precedent? Why is it adhered to? When can a judge deviate from a precedent?

**Q.5** What is a deed? What are the components of a deed?

**Q.6** Define judgment. What is the style of writing a judgment and what precautions should be taking in writing it?

**Q.7** What is logical reasoning? Define and distinguish it from legal reasoning.

**Q.8** Explain the meaning of **SIX** legal terms:

- |                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| i) In camera          | v) Hostile witness |
| ii) Non compos mentis | vi) Forgery        |
| iii) Adultery         | vii) Confession    |
| iv) Estoppel          | viii) Bail         |

**Q.9** Define judicial process. Explain the importance of judicial process with suitable cases.

**Q.10** Write an essay on **ANY ONE** of the following:

- Right to speedy trial
- Freedom of speech and expression
- Why corporate law is more important today

**OR**

Translate the following paragraph in to Hindi or Marathi.

The issue in a criminal trial is always whether the accused is guilty of the offence he is charged with, and never whether he is innocent. There is consequently a well defined distinction between the duties which a prosecutor and a counsel for the accused respectively discharge. The duty to prove the affirmative rests with the prosecution and the function of the prosecutor is not to secure a conviction but to see that justice is done. He is not merely an advocate for a party but a part of the court—a kind of minister of justice, filling a quasi-judicial position. The duty of the advocate for the accused however is to protect his client as far as possible from being convicted by a competent tribunal, except upon legal evidence, sufficient to support a conviction for the offence with which he is charged.

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**Subject : Contract-II**

Day : Saturday

Date : 12/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

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**N. B. :**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and remaining questions carry **12** marks each.
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**Q. 1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Rights of Indemnity holder
- b) Gratuitous Bailor
- c) Termination of an agency
- d) Rights of an unpaid seller
- e) Implied authority of a partner
- f) Endorsements

**Q. 2** What do you mean by continuing guarantee? When can it be revoked?

**Q. 3** Explain the essentials of bailment and distinguish bailment from sale.

**Q. 4** Explain in detail the doctrine of relation back.

**Q. 5** Discuss the rights and liabilities of buyer under the sale of Goods Act.

**Q. 6** Define Partnership. Explain the effects on Non- Registration of partnership.

**Q. 7** Explain the liabilities of principal under a contract of agency and state the circumstances under which the agent incurs personal liability.

**Q. 8** Distinguish between Promissory Note and Bill of Exchange.

**Q. 9** Explain the meaning of cheque as a Bill of Exchange and explain how truncated cheque system has been introduced by an amendment to the Negotiable Instruments Act.

**Q.10** State the salient features of the Hire and Purchase Act and explain the applicability of the Act in India.



Subject : Family Law-II

Day : Thursday  
Date : 10/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) **Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY.** Answer any **FIVE** questions from the remaining questions.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

- Q.1** Write Short notes on : ( Any **FOUR**) (20)
- a) Reopening of partition
  - b) Sharers and residuaries
  - c) Privileged will
  - d) Intestate succession of Parsi persons
  - e) Hizanat
  - f) Marz - ul - maut
- Q.2** Explain the provisions of Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act regarding a valid adoption. Enumerate the changes introduced by this act in customary Hindu law of adoption. (12)
- Q.3** Explain the provisions of Hindu Succession Act regarding succession to the property of a female Hindu dying intestate. Discuss the importance of see 14 of Hindu Succession Act. (12)
- Q.4** Explain the Muslim Law regarding Hiba (Gift). Describe the different types of gifts. (12)
- Q.5** Explain the nature of a Mitakshara Hindu co-parcenary. Discuss the legal position and rights of a karta. (12)
- Q.6** Discuss the provisions of Indian Succession Act regarding intestate succession of Christians. (12)
- Q.7** Explain the provisions of Muslim law regarding will of a Muslim person. (12)
- Q.8** Explain the provisions of Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act regarding guardianship of Hindu minors. Explain the rights of a natural guardian. (12)
- Q.9** Explain the provisions of Sec 125 of Criminal Procedure Code regarding claim of maintenance by wife, parents and children. (12)
- Q.10** Explain the meaning of Wakf. Discuss the provisions of Muslim Law regarding creation of a wakf. Discuss the rights of a Mutawalli. (12)

**Subject : Business Communication**

Day : Saturday

Date : 05/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) **Question No. 1 is COMPULSORY.** In addition Attempt any other **FIVE** questions.
- 2) **Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks** and all other questions carry **12 marks each.**

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following : (20)
- a) Miscommunication
  - b) e-Marketing
  - c) Informal communication
  - d) Importance of Encoding
  - e) Management Information System
  - f) Corporate Identity
- Q.2** Explain how modern Electronic Media have many benefits for communication. (12)
- Q.3** Explain the steps involved in active listening and also describe the barriers for communication with suitable examples. (12)
- Q.4** Justify with suitable examples the ethical considerations required in business communication specially used for personal selling and advertising. (12)
- Q.5** Explain the factors necessary for making effective presentation for increasing business. (12)
- Q.6** a) Describe the six steps for effective Negotiation process. (08)  
b) Explain the 3 basic approaches for Negotiation process. (04)
- Q.7** Describe in details the 12 factors which must be considered for selecting suitable medium for communication. (12)
- Q.8** Describe the many important benefits that business communication offers for companies. (12)
- Q.9** a) Describe the various measures which managers should take to minimize bad effects caused by grapevine. (08)  
b) Explain the benefits of upward Internal communication. (04)
- Q.10** a) Explain the 3 psychological dimensions of emotional intelligence. (04)  
b) Justify importance of emotional intelligence for managers for achieving objectives. (08)

**Subject : Tort & Consumer Protection Laws**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 10/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** with reference to Consumer Protection Act, 1986:
- a) Definition of 'Consumer'
  - b) State Commission
  - c) Defects in goods
  - d) Jurisdiction of National Commission
  - e) Aims and objects of the Consumer Protection Act
  - f) Procedure to be followed by the District Forum
- Q.2** "Tort is a civil wrong, remedy for which is unliquidated damages and which is different from contract and crimes". Explain.
- Q.3** The real significance of legal damage is illustrated by two maxims namely *injuria sine damno* and *damnum sine injuria*". Comment.
- Q.4** Discuss fully the judicial remedies for torts.
- Q.5** Explain how liability in tort is extinguished by death.
- Q.6** When the duty to take care arises in negligence? What are the rule suggestive or determining the existence of the duty to take care? Explain with reference to leading cases.
- Q.7** Examine the liability of State for tortious liability with leading cases.
- Q.8** What is False Imprisonment? When it is actionable?
- Q.9** What is Defamation? What are the justifications for the defendant in an action for Defamation?
- Q.10** Explain the following:
- a) Res ipsa loquitor
  - b) Remoteness of damages

**Subject : Logic & Scientific Method**

Day : Saturday

Date : 05/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on:
- a) Logic and critical evaluation
  - b) Measurement
- Q.2** Elaborate the term Categorical Syllogisms.
- Q.3** Define Hypothesis. Explain how scientific method is useful in formation of hypothesis.
- Q.4** Define logic and discuss subject matter of logic.
- Q.5** Discuss the concept of probability and induction.
- Q.6** What are the methods of scientific inquiry? Explain the merits of these methods.
- Q.7** Elaborate the term 'fallacies'.
- Q.8** Discuss the concept of Analytical Reasoning.
- Q.9** Explain the use of logic in law.
- Q.10** Discuss the concept of paradox of influence.



**Subject : History - III (History of Courts & Legislature)**

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 08/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B. :**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions of which **Q.No. 1 is COMPULSORY.**
- 2) **Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks**, while all other questions carry **12 marks** each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following :
- a) Charter of 1661
  - b) Separate electorates under 1909 Act
  - c) Court of conscience
  - d) Justices of peace
  - e) Mayor's court in Madras in 1687
  - f) Warren Hasting's Judicial plan of 1772
- Q.2** Describe the composition and jurisdiction of the supreme court at Calcutta established in 1774.
- Q.3** Discuss critically the administration of justice carried in Calcutta between 1690 to 1726.
- Q.4** "The Indian High Courts of 1861 unified the parallel-system of courts and their jurisdiction". Explain.
- Q.5** What charges did Lord Cornwallis makes in the administration of Criminal Justice by judicial plan of 1790?
- Q.6** Explain and evaluate the main provisions of Indian Council Act of 1861.
- Q.7** Give an account of the salient features of the Government of India Act of 1919.
- Q.8** Describe the role privy Council in the history of the judicial administration in India.
- Q.9** Examine critically the trail of Raja Nandkumar.
- Q.10** "Section 53 of charter Act of 1833 is characterised as the main spring in the law reform in India". Discuss. Explain briefly how the object of codification was achieved.



**Subject : Economics & Law-III**

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 08/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

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**N.B:**

- 1) Q.No 1 is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) Answer any **FIVE** questions from the remaining.
  - 3) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on:(Any **FOUR**) (20)
- a) Provisions in MRTTP
  - b) Current account of BOP
  - c) Features of trade cycles
  - d) Meaning of globalization
  - e) Scope of macroeconomics
  - f) Demand pull inflation
- Q.2** "Liberalization is the policy which helps in development of internal industrial sector as well as foreign capital flow in India- Explain. (12)
- Q.3** What is exchange rate? What policies are used in determining exchange rate? (12)
- Q.4** How minimum wage act helps in eradication of poverty? (12)
- Q.5** Explain the prosperity and recession phases of trade cycles. (12)
- Q.6** What measures are taken by RBI to control inflation? (12)
- Q.7** What is the relevance of economics in implementing contract act? (12)
- Q.8** Explain the causes of disequilibrium in BOP. (12)
- Q.9** Law plays an important role in the growth of foreign trade- Explain. (12)
- Q.10** Explain the significance of the studies of law and economics. (12)

**Subject : Basic of Corporate Governance & Business Ethics**

Day : Saturday

Date : 12/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N. B. :**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and remaining questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q. 1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Global environment and business ethics
- b) Utilitarianism
- c) Value based managerial behaviour
- d) Business ethics and decision making
- e) Responsibility towards stakeholders
- f) Corporate governance

**Q. 2** "Business ethics is as old as the concept of business". Explain the evolution of business ethics.

**Q. 3** Explain the philosophical foundation of business.

**Q. 4** Explain the concept of corporate Social Responsibility and argue the merits and demerits of it.

**Q. 5** How does one maintain ethical culture in an organisation and also maintain a code of conduct?

**Q. 6** Explain one example of outstanding ethical culture in any organisation.

**Q. 7** "Ethical business practices can help in environment protection". Explain.

**Q. 8** "Honesty is the best policy, but not in business. Organisations which follow ethical business practices, often suffer a loss. They lose their profits". Is this statement true? Explain with examples.

**Q. 9** "Ethical business practices need to be enforced through legislation and governmental interference". Explain this statement with appropriate examples.

**Q.10** "Business ethics must be followed, especially while marketing your product or services to consumers". Explain how ethics can be implemented in marketing process.