

Day : Friday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 1/12/2023

W-12558-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) Companies Act, 2013 provides a single window system in case of mergers of two or more companies. Explain.

OR

b) A company is an artificial person created by the process of law. Elucidate the above statement highlighting the essential features of a company.

Q.2 a) How are combinations regulated under the competition Act, 2002? Explain the procedure for investigation of combinations.

OR

b) What is acquisition? Explain the procedure for acquiring shares of dissenting shareholders under Companies Act, 2013.

Q.3 a) What is open offer? When does an open offer get triggered under SEBI takeover code? Are there any exemptions for open offer?

OR

b) What is stamp duty? Explain the provisions related to payment of stamp duty in case of a merger or amalgamation?

Q.4 a) Write short notes on:
i) Demerger
ii) Event based disclosures

OR

b) Write short notes on:
i) Public and Private Company
ii) Doctrine of Indoor Management

Q.5 a) Explain the procedure of 'Revival of sick companies' under Insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016.

OR

b) The Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999, looks into the objective of facilitating external trade. How this objective of the Act accelerates the mergers of the company.

B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - VII : WINTER : 2023

**SUBJECT : PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT &
EASEMENT ACT**

Day : Wednesday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 29-11-2023

W-12557-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 A) Evaluate the position of property under the Constitution of India with appropriate landmark judgement.

OR

B) What are the modes of acquisition of property? Discuss with appropriate illustrations.

Q.2 A) Discuss the transfer for benefit of unborn person with appropriate case law.

OR

B) Evaluate the doctrine of Part Performance. Explain the essential conditions for application of section 53 A.

Q.3 A) What are essential elements of mortgage? Discuss the right of redemption and foreclosure.

OR

B) Define Sale. Enumerate rights and liabilities of buyer and seller.

Q.4 A) Write a detailed note on modes of creating leases.

OR

B) What is Gift? Discuss when the gift can be suspended or revoked?

Q.5 A) Write notes on the following:

- i) Transfer of Easement
- ii) Incident of Easement

OR

B) Write notes on the following:

- iii) Disturbance of Easement
- iv) Suspension and Revival of Easement

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B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - VII : WINTER : 2023

SUBJECT : COMPANY LAW

Day : Monday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 27-11-2023

W-12556-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q. 1 a) The directors of a company invited subscriptions for debentures by issuing a prospectus which state that the company needed the money to complete alterations in the building of the company, to purchase horses and vans and to develop the trade of the company. The real object of the loan, however, was to enable the directors to meet the urgent liabilities of the company. E relied upon the statement and advanced money to the company. Later on, the company went into liquidation and E sued the directors for fraud. Will the directors be held personally liable?

OR

b) The majority of the members of a Company A were also the members of Company B and at a meeting of Company A they passed a resolution to compromise an action against Company B, in the manner alleged to be favorable to company B, but unfavorable to Company A. Can the minority shareholders of Company A bring an action to have the compromise set aside?

Q. 2 a) 'Board of Directors is the human agency which runs the company'. Discuss.

OR

b) "The general meeting alone is the company's primary organ and the directors are merely the company's agents or servants all time subservient to the general meeting". Comment.

Q. 3 a) In what circumstances can a company reduce its share capital? Describe the formalities to be complied with and the procedure to be followed.

OR

b) Discuss the notion of corporate personality in the light of the decision given in Salomon V. Salomon and Co. Ltd.

Q. 4 Write short notes:

- a) i) Member
- ii) NCLT

OR

Write short notes:

- b) i) Holding and Subsidiary Company
- ii) CSR Committee

Q. 5 a) Define Winding Up. Explain the procedure for voluntary winding up as prescribed under the IBC, 2016.

OR

b) Define Charge. Explain the procedure for registration of charges provided under Companies Act, 2013. What is the effects of non-registration of Charge?

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B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)
B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - VII : WINTER : 2023
SUBJECT : INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Day : Friday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 24-11-2023

W-12555-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) Discuss in detail the meaning, object and importance of interpretation of statutes

OR

b) Explain the famous rule that was applied in Heydon's case and state its application by the Indian courts while deciding cases.

Q.2 a) It is the cardinal principles of interpretation of statutes that the words of the statute must be understood in their natural and ordinary sense. Explain the above statement with reference to the Literal rule of interpretation.

OR

b) How far the use of Parliamentary history can be made as an external aids to construction?

Q.3 a) The Constitution must be interpreted in a broad and liberal manner giving effect to the past, hence some doctrines were evolved by the courts. Explain the various doctrines evolved by the Courts.

OR

b) It is established rule that a statute imposing tax provisions is to be strictly construed. Discuss the strict rule of interpretation of taxing statutes

Q.4 a) "A penal statutes receives strict interpretation while the remedial statute is liberally interpreted". Justify in the light of difference in the nature of these two statutes.

OR

b) "There is a strong presumption that the civil court has the jurisdiction to decide all cases of civil nature". Comment in the light of the principles of interpretation of statutes affecting the jurisdiction of courts.

Q.5 a) Write short note on
i) Marginal notes
ii) Rule of Ejusdem Generis

OR

b) Write short note on
i) Proviso
ii) Consolidating and codifying statute

Day : Wednesday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 22-11-2023

W-12554-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) What is Jurisdiction? Explain the concept of Jurisdiction of civil courts under Section 9 of CPC.

OR

- b)** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- i) Institution of suit
 - ii) Service of summons
 - iii) Revision

Q.2 a) What is Written Statement? Discuss the procedure for amendment of Written Statement.

OR

- b)** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- i) Judgment debtor
 - ii) Suits against minors
 - iii) Review

Q.3 a) Discuss the provisions relating to injunctions under Order 39 of CPC.

OR

- b)** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- i) Execution of decree
 - ii) Inherent powers of court
 - iii) Appeal

Q.4 a) Evaluate the following case law - Dhulabhai Vs. State of M.P.

- b)** "A" files a suit against "B" for declaration that he is entitled to certain lands as an heir of X. The suit is dismissed. A files another suit for injunction on the ground that he has become owner of the property by adverse possession. Discuss the maintainability of the second suit.

OR

- a)** Evaluate the following case law - Gurbex Sing Vs. Financial Commissioner.
b) A is residing in Delhi, publishes statement defamatory of B in Calcutta. Where can the suit be instituted by B. Discuss.

Q.5 a) Limitations bars remedy but does not extinguish the rights. Discuss.

OR

- b)** Write notes on the following:
- i) Extension of period of limitation
 - ii) Computation of period of limitation

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B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - VII : WINTER : 2023

SUBJECT : RIGHT TO INFORMATION

Day : Friday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 1/12/2023

W-12559-2023

Max. Marks : 60

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N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) Explain freedom of Information law in U.K.

OR

Q.1 b) What are the obligations of public authorities under RIT Act, 2005?

Q.2 a) What is the role of United Nation in promotion of RTI?

OR

Q.2 b) Elaborate with the help of landmark judgments role of judiciary in promotion of RTI.

OR

Q.3 a) Discuss powers and functions of Central Information Commission.

OR

Q.3 b) Write a note on Public Records Act, 1993.

Q.4 a) Discuss exceptions to Right to Information in India.

OR

Q.4 b) What are the salient features of Official Secret Act, 1923?

Q.5 a) Write a note on RIT law in United States America.

OR

Q.5 b) Discuss problems and perspectives of jurisdiction in cyber space.
