

**Subject : Basic Features of the Constitution & Justice Delivery System**

Day : Monday  
Date : 16/05/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPLUSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) To enforce the fundamental rights itself is a fundamental right under the Constitution of India
  - b) Corruption in lower judiciary
  - c) Problems of enforcement of Human Rights and corruption
  - d) Constitutional Assembly debate
  - e) Remedies under Article 32
  - f) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966
- Q.2** "Absolute law corrupts absolutely". Discuss the statement and suggest some remedies.
- Q.3** Is there any relationship between Human Rights and problems of corruption? Explain.
- Q.4** Suggest remedies for the problems of representation of women in legislature.
- Q.5** "One of the objectives of the preamble of our Constitution is fraternity assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the nation". Elucidate.
- Q.6** Write a note on Article 21 of Indian Constitution and explain how it can be an effective tool to face the challenges posed by corruption in India.
- Q.7** "The Gram Sabha is the foundation of the Panchayati Raj System to perform functions and powers entrusted to it by the state legislature". Discuss.
- Q.8** Write a brief analytical note on the advisory jurisdiction of Supreme Court.
- Q.9** Discuss the basic features of the Indian Constitution.
- Q.10** Explain the provisions of Universal Declaration of Human Rights and explain its efficacy to deal with problems of corruption.

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**Subject : Anti Corruption Laws in India**

Day : Tuesday

Date : 17/05/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carry **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Act and Omission
- b) Abatement and Criminal Conspiracy
- c) Burden of Proof
- d) Relevancy of Facts
- e) What is Corruption
- f) Oral and Documentary Evidence

**Q.2** Explain in detail salient features of the Right to Information Act, 2005.

**Q.3** Discuss in detail provisions relating to examination of witnesses under Indian Evidence Act?

**Q.4** Define 'Public Servant' and discuss offences by or relating to public servant.

**Q.5** Discuss offences and penalties under Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.

**Q.6** Write a detail note on State Lok-Ayukta.

**Q.7** What is Charge? Discuss different provisions of charge under Code of Criminal Procedure.

**Q.8** Discuss the provisions of Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.

**Q.9** Critically examine functions and powers of Central Vigilance Commission.

**Q.10** Enumerate the provisions relating to sessions trial under Code of Criminal Procedure.

**Subject : Comparative Study of Anti -Corruption Laws**

Day : Wednesday

Date : 18/05/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N. B. :**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions, out of which **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q. 1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Royal Ombudsman
- b) The Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act, 1983
- c) Infiltration Art 70681 CPP
- d) Prevention of Corruption Acts, 1916
- e) Books and Records
- f) Law Commission Report, U. K.

**Q. 2** Explain in detail the concept of Ombudsman in Scandinavian countries.

**Q. 3** Write a note in detail regarding the developments in the UK for Anti-Corruption laws.

**Q. 4** What are the means of investigation enforced by Extended surveillance, Article 70681CPP.

**Q. 5** Discuss Anti-Corruption Laws in Sweden.

**Q. 6** Write in detail the essential features of Bribery Act, 2010 as prevalent in United Kingdom.

**Q. 7** Write a note in detail on Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1973 (FCPA).

**Q. 8** What are the provisions of the Commonwealth Electoral Act, 1918 as prevalent in Australia.

**Q. 9** Discuss the provisions relating to Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 as prevalent in U.S.A.

**Q.10** Write a note on "Whistleblowers" under Art L1161 of French Labour Code.

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**Subject : Judicial Guidelines: Lok Ayuktas, Lokpal (Ombudsman)**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 19/05/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries 20 marks and other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Historical growth of Ombudsman
  - b) Lok Aayog
  - c) Appointment of High Court Judges
  - d) Antulay v/s Nayak
  - e) Public Servant
  - f) Discretion of Supreme Court in Vineet Narayan case
- Q.2** The quest for an effective control mechanism over the administration has led to the need for institution of Ombudsman. Discuss.
- Q.3** Discuss the various powers of the Ombudsman under the Parliamentary Commissioner (Ombudsman) Act 1962 of New Zealand.
- Q.4** How far has the Indian Judiciary succeeded in dealing with corruption within India?
- Q.5** Explain the concept of Litigation Ombudsman under Indian Law.
- Q.6** State whether the Prime Minister should be brought within the ambit of Lok Pal? Give reasons for your views.
- Q.7** Discuss in detail the provisions of the Indian Penal Code to control corruption.
- Q.8** Explain the concept of black money and state the various steps taken by the government with respect to black money.
- Q.9** To strengthen the existing mechanism for checking corruption amongst government servants, the Central Vigilance Commission was created. Discuss the various functions of this committee.
- Q.10** 'Justice delayed is justice denied'. Discuss the statement in light of pending cases in India.