

LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : II) : LEGAL REGULATION OF ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES
(BUSINESS LAW)

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **09/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1443

N.B.

- 1) Answer any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** The Socio-Economic and Political objectives of the Indian Republic and the basic guiding principles of State functions have been laid down in the Constitution of India. Examine the economic roles of Government of India.
- Q.2** “The Industrial Policy Reforms, 1991 have reduced the industrial licensing requirement, removed restriction on investment and expansion and facilitated easy access to foreign technology and foreign direct investment.” Critically evaluate the New Economic Policy, 1991.
- Q.3** ‘The objective of accelerating the pace of Economic development and the political ideology which gave the Public Sector a dominant role in the industrial development.’ Critically evaluate the role of Public Sector.
- Q.4** Discuss the past and present objectives of Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 and the power to take over of management by Government.
- Q.5** ‘Since the economic liberalization in 1991, many Multinationals in different lines of business have entered the Indian Market.’ Comment and highlight their merits and demerits.
- Q.6** Discuss the various issues regarding mass disaster and environment degradation with particular reference to legal liability and legal remedy.
- Q.7** ‘An important socio-political environment confronting the business is the growth of consumerism and the legislative measures to protect consumers.’ Comment and point out how consumers are protected in India.
- Q.8** Explain the following:
a) Present Licensing Policy of Government
b) Foreign Direct Investment in India

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : HUMAN RIGHTS AND INTERNATIONAL ORDER
(HUMAN RIGHT LAWS)

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **09/05/2018**

S-2018-1444

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Examine the role of U.N.O. in the development of the concept of human rights.
- Q.2** “The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights deals with various traditional human rights and fundamental freedoms.” Discuss their nature, scope and limitations.
- Q.3** Evaluate the role played by the European Commission of Human Rights and The European Courts of Human Rights in the enforcement of Human Rights and fundamental freedoms.
- Q.4** Write a critique on the role played by International Labour Organization in promoting, protecting and implementing the human rights of the labour all around the world.
- Q.5** “NGOs whether their activities are spread worldwide or confined to one country, contribute in the promotion and protection of human rights.” Comment and highlight their functions in general.
- Q.6** Analyze the role played by International Court of Justice in enforcement of human rights at international level.
- Q.7** Give the features of the American Convention on Human rights.
- Q.8** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) UNICEF and human rights
 - b) United Nations Division of Human Rights
 - c) National Human Rights Commission.

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : I) LAW OF INDUSTRIAL AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
(BUSINESS LAW)

Day : **Monday**
Date : **07/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1439

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** Questions
 - 2) All questions carry **equal** marks
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- Q.1** “the Scope of intellectual property is expanding very fast and attempts are being made by persons who create new creative ideas to seek protection under the umbrella of intellectual property rights” Comment and discuss the concept of Intellectual property.
- Q.2** “The function of a service mark in relation to services is similar to that of a trademark in relation to goods” Discuss in detail and explain the function of trademarks with reference to consumer rights under UNCTAD Report.
- Q.3** Discuss the legal regime of Unfair Trade Practices with reference to UNCITRAL.
- Q.4** Define “Computer Software” Discuss the problems regarding the patentability computer software.
- Q.5** Define “Biotechnology Patent”. Discuss the nature and types of biotechnology patents and elaborate the Indian policy regarding to it.
- Q.6** Discuss the provisions regarding “patent examination” and explain differences in resources for patent examination between developed and developing societies.
- Q.7** “The remedies in a passing off action includes in injunction, damages or an account of profits and delivery up of the offending article for erasure or destruction” Discuss in detail.
- Q.8** Write a detail note on **(ANY TWO)**:
- a) TRIPS Obligations
 - b) Freedom of speech and expression as the basis of the regime of intellectual property law
 - c) Traditional Knowledge & IPR

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LL.M. TRIMESTER – I (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)

(2013 COURSE) / (2015 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: COMPARATIVE PUBLIC LAW / SYSTEMS OF GOVERNANCE

Day : **Wednesday**

S-2018-1484

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**

Date : **16/05/2018**

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions in all.
 - 2) All questions are **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 Write a Critique on Dicey's concept of Rule of Law.

Q.2 The Doctrine of separation of power is implicit in the American Constitution and has influenced Indian Constitution as well. Elaborate.

Q.3 Elucidate the evolution of Co-operative federalism in India and USA.

Q.4 Parliament is the pivot around which revolves the whole machinery of the government in a Parliamentary system. Comment.

Q.5 Analyze the meaning, grounds and evolution of concept of Judicial Review in India and USA.

Q.6 Compare the growth of right to information in India and USA.

Q.7 Examine the role of Ombudsman in India , New Zealand and England

Q.8 Write short notes on the following:

- a) Significance of Constitution
- b) Monarchical System.

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LL.M. SEMESTER-I (2002 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: HUMAN RIGHTS LAW: a) CONCEPTS AND DEVELOPMENT OF
HUMAN RIGHTS

Day : **Monday**

Date : **07/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**

Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1470

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions in all.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Elucidate on the concept and characteristics of human rights.
- Q.2** Natural law theory and natural rights theory have grown simultaneously. Trace the development of natural rights. What impact did natural rights have upon the growth of human rights standards?
- Q.3** Explain the concepts of human rights in the growth of International Law.
- Q.4** What do you mean by Judicial Activism? Support your answer with the help of relevant case law.
- Q.5** What is Privatization? Explain its effects on mankind.
- Q.6** Write an Essay on the classification of human rights with reference to human rights of first, second and third Generations.
- Q.7** Discuss the concepts of human duties. Explain how they are related to human rights.
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) Liberalization of human rights
 - b) Human rights in Ancient and Medieval period
 - c) Imperialism and human rights

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENT & INTERNATIONAL LEGAL ORDER
(ENVIRONMENTAL LAW)

Day: **Wednesday**
Date: **09/05/2018**

S-2018-1446

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) Answer any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** “The concept of sustainable development is a significant tool both at the international level and at the domestic system for reconciliation of environmental values and developmental needs”. Comment with the help of Rio Declaration.
- Q.2** Critically evaluate the salient features of Stockholm declaration.
- Q.3** Elaborate in detail the International obligations towards sustainable development.
- Q.4** Dumping of oil and other wasters into the sea affects the Marine environment. Discuss the various steps taken by the Government to control Marine Pollution.
- Q.5** “Transboundary pollution is the pollution that originates in one country but can cause damage in another country’s environment, by crossing borders through pathways like water or air”. Comment.
- Q.6** Discuss the role of Multinational corporation in the Disposal and dumping of hazardous wastes.
- Q.7** Elaborate in detail the Disaster management at National and International level.
- Q.8** Write short notes on:
- a) Rio + 20
 - b) World environment fund

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : ENVIRONMENT & DEVELOPMENT : LAW & POLICY
(ENVIRONMENTAL LAW)

Day : **Monday**
Date : **07/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1442

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Environmental protection is not a new concept to Indians. It has been a history and tradition for them. The efforts for environmental protection can be traced from early Indian history to the modern age. Examine the protection of environment in ancient times as well as modern era.
- Q.2** “Taking environmental factors into account, sustainable development meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs”. Comment.
- Q.3** Elaborate in detail the various theories of development.
- Q.4** Critically evaluate the role of Government to protect the environment through various five years plans.
- Q.5** The rapid increase of human population is putting an incredible strain on our environment. Discuss the impact of population explosion on environment.
- Q.6** Discuss in detail the concept of polluter pay principle and precautionary principle.
- Q.7** “The Constitution does not contain any provisions to provide right to pollution free environment as a fundamental right, but in view of the liberal interpretation of Article 21 given by the Apex Court, the right to pollution free environment and protection of ecology come to acquire the status of a Fundamental Right under Article 21”. Comment with the help of landmark case laws.
- Q.8** Write a note on:
- a) Public trust doctrine
 - b) Water policy

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LL.M. SEMESTER-I (2002 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : HUMAN RIGHTS LAW: b) HUMAN RIGHTS AND
INTERNATIONAL ORDER

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **09/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1472

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** “The mandate of the various international human rights convention is to provide for the establishment of national and state human rights commission so that the cause of human rights could be advanced at the very ground level”. Comment and explain how the states are incorporating these provisions in their domestic legal set up.
- Q.2** “International Court of Justice, being the principal judicial organ, has well played its role so far as the promotion and protection of human rights is concerned” comment in the light of various leading cases decided by ICJ.
- Q.3** Write an essay on ‘the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966’.
- Q.4** “the American Convention on Human Rights sets out the basic human rights and aims to protect the individual concerns against the arbitrary powers” Comment.
- Q.5** Critically examine the key features of the Universal Declaration of human Rights, 1948.
- Q.6** Explain the role of Economic and Social Council in the promotion and development of international law.
- Q.7** What are the various protection agencies and mechanisms for the protection of human rights in the international regime? Explain with specific reference to the role of UNESCO, UNICEF and Amnesty International.
- Q.8** Write Notes on:
- a) African Court of Human Rights
 - b) ILO

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : CONCEPT AND DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS
(HUMAN RIGHTS LAW)

Day : **Monday**
Date : **07/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : **60**

S-2018-1440

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Discuss the concept, origin and development of Human Rights in International Law & National Law?
- Q.2** India's tradition has been reflection of Human Rights. Discuss the evolution of Human Rights in Ancient, Medieval and Modern India.
- Q.3** Accountability, transparency and stability of government is the major contributive factor in implementation of Human Rights. Evaluate.
- Q.4** Explain the impact of Globalization on the human kind.
- Q.5** Evaluate the role played by NHRC in protecting Human Rights in India.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate in Human duties, responsibilities and obligations.
- Q.7** Describe the historical development in classification of Human Rights of first, second and third generations.
- Q.8** Write note on :
- a) Privatization
 - b) Colonization, imperialism and Human Rights

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: THE NEW CHALLENGES

Day : **Friday**
Date : **04/05/2018**

S-2018-1438

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Equality of opportunity embraces two different and distinct concepts. There is a conceptual distinction between a non discrimination principle and affirmative action under which the state is obliged to provide a level playing field to the oppressed classes. Comment with the help of important case laws.
- Q.2** The right to compensation is some palliative for the unlawful acts of instrumentalities which act in the name of public interest and which present for their protection the powers of the state as a shield. Discuss the compensatory jurisprudence evolved by the apex court.
- Q.3** The independence of judiciary is one of the most significant feature of the constitution. Any policy or decision of the Government which would undermine or destroy the independence of judiciary would not only be opposed to public policy but would also impinge upon the basic structure of the constitution. Comment.
- Q.4** Religious or linguistic minority communities have right to establish and maintain educational institutions of their choice in order to preserve their language and culture". To what extent constitutional protection is given in this regard. Discuss with the help recent case laws.
- Q.5** The interpretation of term other authorities in Article 12 has caused a good deal of difficulty and judicial opinion has undergone changes overtime. Comment with the help of case law.
- Q.6** Write a critique on reading directive principle and fundamental duties into fundamental rights.
- Q.7** Democracy is sustained by free and fair election the constitution establishes the election commission a body autonomous in character and insulated from political pressures or executive influence. Evaluate the power and function of Election Commission.
- Q.8** Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
- a) Creation of new states
 - b) Right to strike, hartal and bandh
 - c) Judicial activism
 - d) Brain drain by foreign education market

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LL.M. SEMESTER-I (2002 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW : THE NEW CHALLENGES

Day : **Friday**
Date : **04/05/2018**

S-2018-1468

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Article 14 permits classification but prohibits class legislation. Explain with the help of important case laws.
- Q.2** The freedoms guaranteed by Article 19(1) are not absolute as no right can be. Each of these rights is liable to be controlled, curtailed and regulated to some extent laws made by Parliament or the state legislatures. Comment.
- Q.3** Secularism is neither anti-god nor pro-god as it treats alike the devout, agnostic and the atheist. Discuss.
- Q.4** Discuss the right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions of their own choice with the help of case laws.
- Q.5** Elaborate in detail the constitutional jurisprudence on gender justice.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate the power of apex court to award compensations in writ proceedings
- Q.7** The fundamental rights and directive principle are supplementary and complementary to each other. Explain the relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Q.8** Write note on:
a) Directions of the centre to the state under Article 356 and 365
b) Brain drain by Foreign education market

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: I) GENERAL REGIME OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
(Intellectual Property Law)

Day: **Monday**
Date: **07/05/2018**

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

S-2018-1441

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** “Intellectual property plays an important role in facilitating the process of taking innovative technology to the market place”. Enumerate and discuss the importance and different types of Intellectual Property.
- Q.2** “E-commerce has become an additional business medium. It is transforming the fundamentals of international trade and the way informational goods and services are delivered”. Discuss in detail and explain the role of Intellectual Property in e-commerce.
- Q.3** Define ‘Domain names system’. Discuss the issues of cybersquatting and domain names disputes and its remedies under the Trademark Act.
- Q.4** “The emergent field of nanotechnology is currently very active with respect to intellectual property rights, with both universities and companies rushing to the patent office in record numbers to patent nanotechnology invention”. Comment and discuss the problems in patenting Nanotechnology invention.
- Q.5** “The Berne convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works is the oldest international agreement in the field of copyright”. Discuss the aim and objectives of the Berne Conventions.
- Q.6** “TRIPS’ is an agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, it is to follow minimum standards for intellectual property regulation by member countries”. Discuss the role of TRIPS for promotion and protection of intellectual property.
- Q.7** Discuss the role and composition of the World Trade Organization (WTO) for promotion and protection of intellectual property rights.
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) Natural theory
 - b) Locke’s Theory of property
 - c) Schumpeterian theory

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : II) LAW RELATING TO PATENTS (INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW)

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **09/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1445

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Discuss the historical development of Patent Law in England and India.
- Q.2** Write notes on:
- a) Product patent
 - b) Design patent
- Q.3** Give your opinion on uniform patent system with reference to appropriate provisions of TRIPS.
- Q.4** Discuss in detail the concept of infringement of Patents.
- Q.5** Write a note on assignment of patents.
- Q.6** Discuss the concept of international application of patents, its requirements and effect of the same.
- Q.7** Explain in detail the position of Plant Patent in India, and the requirements for its registration as patents as per Indian Law.
- Q.8** Give your views as to whether the software should be patented or not in India, in the light of US position.

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**LL.M. TRIMESTER – I (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)
(2013 COURSE) / (2015 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: LAW AND JUSTICE IN A GLOBALIZING WORLD**

Day : **Friday**
Date : **18/05/2018**

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

S-2018-1485

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** According to St. Thomas Aquinas, "Law is else than ordinance of reason for the common good, promulgated by him who has care of community." Critically examine the Natural Law theory."
- Q.2** Critically analyze the notion of modern Natural Law as advocated by Prof. H.L.A. Hart with appropriate illustrations.
- Q.3** Kelsen's Pure Theory ceases to be pure theory of law and is contaminated by external ingredient like morality. Do you agree? Give reasons and critically analyse.
- Q.4** Discuss the general principle of mens rea of criminal liability as is required in the economic crimes against the community.
- Q.5** The impact of Globalisation of law and justice has changed the concept of property. Discuss in brief the changing concept of property.
- Q.6** "Theories of legal realism like positivism look on law as the expression of the will of the state but they see the law as made through the medium of courts." Critically evaluate the version of realism, as propounded by American Jurist.
- Q.7** Explain the concept of corrective and distributive Justice, and also state its applicability to the Indian legal system.
- Q.8** Write Short notes on **ANY TWO**:
- a) New Dimensions of International Law
 - b) International minimum standards of Justice
 - c) Changing concept of family.

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LL. M. SEM-I (2015 COURSE) CBCS : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **02/05/2018**

S-2018-1437

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR**
 - 2) All Questions Carry **EQUAL** Marks
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- Q.1** According to Jeremy Bentham, a change in the Society should be brought about by law and law alone. So law should lead the society. Explain as to how the law is responsible to bring about a change in society.
- Q.2** Today the religion is regarded as a divisive factor, and hence a reform on the secular lines is necessary. Elaborate on the secular reforms in the various religions.
- Q.3** In spite of formulating and enacting various laws in order to protect the women, still a number of crimes result against the women. State the reasons for the failure of the law to protect the women and eliminate the crime against women.
- Q.4** Explain in brief the provisions related to adoption under the Hindu Law.
- Q.5** "Every citizen makes an endeavour to protect his or her fundamental rights as enshrined in the Indian Constitutional. However, very few are aware of the fundamental duties. Explain in brief the constitutional duties and also state their importance.
- Q.6** Discuss the impact of industrialization of agriculture.
- Q.7** Explain the jurisprudence of Sarvodaya with reference to Gandhiji's views.
- Q.8** Write Short notes on **ANY TWO**:
- a) Naxalite Movement- Causes and Cure
 - b) Mediation and Conciliation
 - c) Women's Commission

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LL.M. SEMESTER-I (2002 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: LAW OF INDUSTRIAL AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
(BUSINESS LAW)

Day: **Monday**
Date: **07/05/2018**

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

S-2018-1469

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** Define 'intellectual property'. Discuss the different types of intellectual property rights.
- Q.2** "TRIPS requires WTO members to provide copyrights, geographical indications, industrial design; integrated circuit layout- designs; patents; new plant varieties; trademarks; trade dress; and undisclosed or confidential information". Comment and discuss the important role of TRIPS.
- Q.3** "Computer program per se are not patentable but a claim to an invention incorporating a computer program could be". Elucidate.
- Q.4** Critically examine the Indian policy and position on plant Patents; also highlight the recent problems of Plant Patents in India.
- Q.5** Critically evaluate the experimentation in the science of bio-technology resulting in the creation of clone of Dolly which has been a subject matter of an used excitement throughout the world.
- Q.6** "The Patent Cooperation Treaty is an agreement for international cooperation in the field of patents. It is largely a treaty for rationalization and cooperation with regard to the filling, searching and examination of patent applications". Comment and discuss the procedure of patent search, examination and records.
- Q.7** "Passing off is a form a tort, the law of passing off is based on common law which has remained substantially the same over more than a century thought its formulation has changed over the time. The object of this law is a protect the goodwill and reputation of a business from encroachment by dishonest competitors". Discuss.
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) Freedom of speech and expression in cyberspace
 - b) UNCTAD report on trademark and Consumer protection.
 - c) Human Rights issues and challenges in IPR

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LL.M. SEMESTER-I (2002 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : LEGAL REGULATION OF ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **09/05/2018**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-1471

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** 'The economic responsibility bestowed on the state by the Indian Constitution is so enormous that it calls for great government interference in the functioning of the economy'. Discuss the nature of government regulation within the Constitutional framework.
- Q.2** The Industrial (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 is one of the most effective weapons the Government possesses to regulate the activities of Industrial Sector. Explain the features of the Act.
- Q.3** The objective of accelerating the pace of economic development and the political ideology which gave the Public Sector a dominant role in the Industrial development of the nation'. Comment with the contributions of Public Sector and it's present status.
- Q.4** 'Industrial sickness is a matter of serious national concern because besides affecting the owners, creditors and suppliers, it causes wastage to national resources and social unrest'. Comment and discuss the various causes of sickness of Industries and how law deals with this problem.
- Q.5** 'Competition Policy can be regarded as genus, of which competition law is specie'. Comment and highlight the features of Competition Act, 2002.
- Q.6** 'The most important channels for the flow of technology on Foreign Investments and Technology license agreements and joint Ventures'. Comment with reference to the role played by Multinationals in India in the economic development.
- Q.7** 'The New Economic Policy of 1991 is in tune with Globalization'. Examine the features of it.
- Q.8** Write notes on:
- a) Rights of Consumers
 - b) Public Liability Insurance Act

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LL.M. TRIMESTER – I (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)
(2013 COURSE) / (2015 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT: RESEARCH METHODS AND LEGAL WRITING

Day: **Monday**
Date: **14/05/2018**

S-2018-1483

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: 60

N.B:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
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Q.1 What is sampling? Enumerate the advantages and disadvantages of sampling methods. (12)

OR

“Law & Research are as different as chalk and chose, if not more. Still a marriage is necessary between the two”. Explain and elaborate.

Q.2 What is Legal Research? Explain characteristics, objectives and types of legal research. (12)

OR

Explain various methods of legal research? Why many methods are needed? What are their respective objectives, benefits, merits and demerits?

Q.3 What is advantages of right of selection of research problem and what are disadvantages of wrong selection of the research problem? How the selection becomes right or wrong? (12)

OR

Discuss meaning, significance, characteristics and types of hypothesis.

Q.4 “Research design is back bone of research”. Elaborate. (12)

OR

Write critique essay on empirical research.

Q.5 Write a note on **Any Two**: (12)

- a) Collection of data
- b) Report writing
- c) Legal writing

OR

Cause effect relationship is essential in socio- legal research and the purpose of observation is discovery of casual relation between various facts. Purpose of observation itself shows its importance in socio-legal research. Comment.