

MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

BL,HRL,IPL

LL.M. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023

SUBJECT : LAW & SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 22-05-2023

S-12622-2023

Max. Marks : 60

**N. B. :**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q. 1** Social change and transformation by way of people's movement make impact on the development of law. Discuss the legislative process with reference to the above statement.
- Q. 2** How does community as a social institution work as a divisible factor irrespective of the fact that India is a secular state?
- Q. 3** What are the various offences relating to dowry and dowry death under various laws? Justify your opinion about the efficacy of these laws.
- Q. 4** Regionalism and religious fundamentalism have become divisive forces to weaken the unity and integrity of the country. Critically examine.
- Q. 5** To what extent language acts as a divisive factor? Explain the Constitutional guarantees to linguistic minorities.
- Q. 6** Industrialization has a negative impact upon the environment. Discuss as to how law tries to balance the two seemingly opposite concepts of industrialization and environment.
- Q. 7** In alternatives to law the jurisprudence of Sarvodaya occupies a prominent place. Discuss Gandhiji's views of Sarvodaya.
- Q. 8** Write short notes on **ANY TWO**:
  - a) Lok Adalat
  - b) Local – Self Government
  - c) Factors responsible for Naxalite Movement in India

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
BL,HRL,IPL

LL.M. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023

**SUBJECT : INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW : THE NEW CHALLENGES**

Day : Wednesday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 24-05-2023

**S-12623-2023**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** The word 'Other Authorities' under Article 12 of the Indian Constitution has greater amplitude and gave rise to various interpretations by the judiciary. Explain with the help of important case laws.
- Q.2** Distinguish between protective discrimination and affirmative action and discuss the need for a constitutional requirement of equal opportunity in employment in private sector.
- Q.3** Examine the effect of commercialization of education on the scope and content of rights to education.
- Q.4** Critically evaluate whether legislative measures and judicial interpretation for protective discrimination of women are satisfactory.
- Q.5** "The right to religion guaranteed under Article 25 or 26 is not an absolute or unfettered right to propagating religion which is subject to legislation by the state limiting or regulating any activity which are associated with religious belief, faith, practice or custom". Comment with the help of case laws.
- Q.6** Independent judiciary is necessary for maintaining rule of law and fair judicial administration. Independent Judiciary plays important role in controlling the arbitrary act of the administration. Examine the independence of judiciary under Indian Constitution.
- Q.7** Discuss the role of election commission in ensuring free and fare elections.
- Q.8** Write a note on:
- a) Freedom of press viz a viz right to privacy
  - b) Brain drain by foreign education market

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**MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**LL.M. Sem - I BL : WINTER- 2022**  
**SUBJECT : LAW OF INDUSTRIAL & INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 9/1/2023

**W-12624-2022**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** “Intellectual Property Rights are the rights given to persons over the creations of their minds. They usually give the creator an exclusive right over the use of his/her creation for a certain period of time.” Elaborate the concept of IPR at International and National Level.
- Q.2** Define ‘Design’ and discuss aim and objectives of the Design Act, 2000 with latest case laws.
- Q.3** “Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) is arguably the most important and comprehensive international agreement on intellectual property rights.” Discuss the importance of TRIPS.
- Q.4** “Biotechnology has rapidly emerged as an area of activities having marked impact on all aspects of human welfare ranging from food processing, protecting the environment, human health to quality of human life throughout the world.” Discuss the history and types of biotechnology.
- Q.5** Define ‘Geographical Indication’. Discuss the condition for the registration of G.I.
- Q.6** Expound ‘Trademark’. Discuss the procedure and duration for registration of Trademark.
- Q.7** “Intellectual property lawyers tend to have little involvement with human rights law, and few human rights specialists deal with science and technology or intellectual property issues.” Elaborate the relation between human rights and intellectual property law.
- Q.8** Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
- a) Aim and Objectives of WIPO
  - b) Salient features of Universal Copyright Convention
  - c) Aim and Objectives of European Patent Treaty

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
BL

LL.M. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023

SUBJECT : LEGAL REGULATION OF ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 29-05-2023

S-12625-2023

Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) Answer any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry equal Marks.

- Q.1 Give the rationale of Government regulation and point out economic roles of Government with Special reference to India.
- Q.2 'The Industrial Policy announced in 1991, heralded the economic reforms in India'. Comment with the objectives and features of it.
- Q.3 'The objective of accelerating the pace of economic development and the political ideology which gave the Public Sector a dominant role in the industrial development of the nation'. Comment with the features and drawbacks of the Public Sector and present policy of the Government in this regards.
- Q.4 Outline the principle objects and salient features of the Industrial (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 and point out utility this Act in the present context.
- Q.5 Why has the Sick Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985 has been replaced? What alternative arrangement has been made to provided relief for Sick Industrial Companies? Explain with special reference to Companies (Amendment) Act, 2002.
- Q.6 Examine the legislative framework and judicial precedents which tackle the issue of environmental degradation.
- Q.7 What are Multinational Companies? Discuss their role in development of Indian Economy. How they are regulated by law in India?
- Q.8 Explain the following:
  - a) Rights of Consumers
  - b) Joint Sector

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.M. Sem - I HRL : WINTER- 2022

SUBJECT : CONCEPT & DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 9/1/2023

W-12626-2022

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Human rights are not different from natural rights envisaged by the natural law school. Explain the development of natural rights and human rights in western tradition.
- Q.2** Concept of human rights though appears to be modern one, however it has its own historical and philosophical foundations. Discuss the development of human rights in the ancient, medieval and modern period.
- Q.3** Evaluate the human rights of the third generation.
- Q.4** Elucidate the concept of human rights in our society particularly in the era of Colonization and Imperialism.
- Q.5** Discuss in detail the various International and Regional Mechanisms as Human Rights Protection Agencies.
- Q.6** Examine the role of Judicial Activism in the enforcement and protection of Human Rights.
- Q.7** Every human being has responsibilities and obligations not only toward the other fellow beings but also towards the society at large. Only when a society is aware of these rights and duties there is meaning to these Human rights. Evaluate with reference to Human duties, responsibilities and obligations.
- Q.8** Write a detail note on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) Privatization
  - b) Amnesty International
  - c) International Labour Organization

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

HRL

LL.M. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023

SUBJECT : HUMAN RIGHTS & INTERNATIONAL ORDER

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 29-05-2023

S-12627-2023

Max. Marks : 60

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N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions in all.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q. 1** One of the important developments of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century in Inter-state relations has been the proliferation of International Organizations in the development of Human Rights. Comment.
- Q. 2** The Universal Declaration of Human Rights provides the common standard of achievements for the enjoyment and protection of human rights. Evaluate.
- Q. 3** With the adoption of the two Covenants i.e. Covenant on Political and Civil Rights and Covenants on Economic, Social and Cultural rights, the United Nations have completed the task of formulating the international standards for protection of human rights. Explain the relationship and importance of the Covenants.
- Q. 4** The American Convention of Human Rights is one of the leading regional agencies for the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms. Explain the functioning of American Court of Human Rights.
- Q. 5** Evaluate the various Non-Governmental Organizations as protection agencies and mechanisms for protection of Human Rights.
- Q. 6** The State Human Rights Commission is empowered to inquire into violations of human right as an important protection agency and mechanism. Explain its functioning.
- Q. 7** International Court of Justice is considered as “the principal judicial organ of the United Nations”. Its main objective is to settle international disputes which are submitted to it by the states in accordance with the principles of justice and international law. Highlight on the Composition and Access to International Court of Justice.
- Q. 8** Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
- a) International Commission of Human Rights
  - b) ILO
  - c) UNICEF

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**MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**LL.M. Sem - I IPL : WINTER- 2022**  
**SUBJECT : GENERAL REGIME OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 9/1/2023

**W-12628-2022**

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** “Intellectual Property is category of property that includes intangible creations of human intellect”. Discuss and elaborate the concept of types Intellectual Property Rights.
- Q.2** Discuss the Nature of Intellectual Property Rights and applicability of Natural Law Theory.
- Q.3** “The WTO’s agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights. (TRIPs) introduced Intellectual Property rules in multiple trading system for the first time” Discuss.
- Q.4** Define ‘Copyright’. Discuss the Copyright issues and challenges in Cyberspace.
- Q.5** Discuss the critical issues relating to Intellectual Property Rights in biotechnology.
- Q.6** Define ‘E-Commerce’. Discuss the Intellectual property issues relating to E-Commerce.
- Q.7** Discuss the applications of ‘Nanotechnology’. Elaborate the challenges to the Nanotechnology Patent Process.
- Q.8** Write a detailed note on:
- a) The salient features of the Paris Convention
  - b) The aims and objectives of the Berne Convention

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
IPL

LL.M. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023  
SUBJECT : LAW RELATING TO PATENTS

Day : Monday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 29-05-2023

S-12629-2023

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Define patent. Explain the procedure for Grant and Sealing of Patents in India.
- Q.2** Who are entitled to apply for patents? Explain procedure for granting of patents under the Patent Act, 1970. Enlist various grounds for opposition to grant of patent in detail.
- Q.3** Discuss in detail the Social, Ethical & Human rights concerns in the Pharmaceutical inventions.
- Q.4** Explain in detail the rights and obligations of Agricultural Patentee in India.
- Q.5** Write short note on :  
a) Surrender of Patent  
b) Animal as patented subject matter
- Q.6** "Compulsory licensing is when a government allows someone else to produce a patented product or process without the consent of the patent owner" Discuss.
- Q.7** Discuss in detail the concept of infringement of patents.
- Q.8** What is the significance of filing an international patent? State the procedure of filing the same?

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