

**Subject : International & Comparative Law : Air & Space**

Day : Saturday

Date : 14/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** Discuss the sources, scope and development of air and space law.
- Q.2** "Civil aviation industry requires uniform regulation for further development". Discuss the Indian Civil aviation and laws relating to security and safety of air passengers.
- Q.3** Discuss the legal provisions regarding leasing and privatization of airports in India. Do these provisions help in the further development of civil aviation in India?
- Q.4** Discuss the laws regarding Hijacking and air terrorism and the rights and duties of air passengers suffering in these situations.
- Q.5** What is the third party liability in case of surface damage?
- Q.6** What is Outer Space? What are the provisions regarding Outer Space in the Outer Space Treaty?
- Q.7** Discuss the laws regarding satellite launch services, tele-communication, technology transfer in Outer Space.
- Q.8** Write short note on the following:  
a) Outer Space technology transfer and IPRs  
b) Moon Treaty

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**Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Administrative Law**

Day : Saturday

Date : 14/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1** Administrative law is as ancient as the administration itself, as it is a concomitant of organized administration itself. Discuss the reasons for the growth and development of administrative law.
- Q.2** In today's time it is a well settled proposition that rule of law is the fundamental principle of every legal system. Explain the application of the concept of rule of law in the Indian legal system.
- Q.3** It is the function of the legislature to legislate, but if it seeks to give this power to the executive then it is not only the right but also the duty of the legislature to control the delegated legislation. Discuss the legislative control over the delegated legislation.
- Q.4** It is a well known fact that it is a little difficult to control the discretionary powers of the executive, nevertheless the courts controls it and sometimes it controls the discretion with the help of fundamental rights. Discuss as to how the fundamental rights help in controlling the discretionary powers.
- Q.5** It is the first principle of jurisprudence that an opportunity of being heard should be granted to every person against whom any action is sought to be taken. Explain the components of "Fair hearing".
- Q.6** Write a critique on legal powers, functions, impact and relevance of the institution of Ombudsman.
- Q.7** The law relating to tortuous liability is still based on the principle of sovereign and non-sovereign functions of the state. Critically evaluate the above statement with the help of case laws.
- Q.8** Write short notes on:
- a) Contractual liability of the government
  - b) Separation of powers

**Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Local Self Government & Federal Governance**

Day : Thursday

Date : 12/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

- 1) Answer any **FOUR** questions
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** Write a critique on need for legal reforms in local self governance in India.
- Q.2** Explain meaning, nature, origin and evolution of local self governance in modern state.
- Q.3** Critically explain, analyse, evaluate and examine content of 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Amendments to find out their object, impact, scope and functional utility.
- Q.4** Write a critique on functional impact of law relating to composition, functions, powers and role of local bodies in metropolitan towns and municipal corporations. Discuss their problems of autonomy and accountability.
- Q.5** "Law aims at democratic decentralization in rural India through Gram Panchayat, Gram Sabha, Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad. But the decentralization has not brought rural India at par with Urban India". Explain.
- Q.6** There is a marked inequality between a municipal council and municipal corporation. The law should do democratic decentralization in Urban India to remove the inequality.
- Q.7** Critically examine object, scope and implication of state control over rural and urban local bodies. Also examine need to reform relevant law in this area.
- Q.8** Write notes on:  
a) Funding to local bodies and its financial administration  
b) Strengthening of local resources for local bodies in India through law

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**Subject : International & Comparative Law : International Human Rights**

Day : Thursday

Date : 12/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** "Human rights, which are essentially individual in character, for they are meant to be enjoyed by individuals, constitute a *social phenomenon* by virtue of those for whom they are intended". Comment and explain this statement with the origin, development and classifications of human rights.
- Q.2** "Everyone has the right to live in conditions of international peace, security and fully to enjoy Economic, Social and Cultural rights & Civil and Political rights". Comment and discuss the role & functions of the United Nations Commission on human rights.
- Q.3** Critically examine role of following regional organizations in the field of human rights and international order.
- a) American Convention on human rights
  - b) African Convention on human rights
- Q.4** "Economic, Social and Cultural rights are based fundamentally on the concept of social equity". Discuss and elaborate the provisions of Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural rights.
- Q.5** "The purposes of UNICEF was provide assistance to the children and adolsants of the countries". Which had been the victims of aggression? Elaborate the role and functions of UNICEF.
- Q.6** "All human beings, irrespective of trade, creed or sex, have the right to pursue both their material well being and their spiritual development in conditions of freedom and dignity of economic security and equal opportunity". Discuss and elaborate the Philadelphia declaration of the International Labour Organization.
- Q.7** "International enforcement of human rights is a pipe dream". Discuss this statement in context of net worth of International Court of Justice in regional institution in context of their judicial efforts.
- Q.8** Write a note on:
- a) Human Rights Courts
  - b) Role and functions of NGOs for promoting & protecting human rights

**Subject : International & Comparative Law : International Economic Law**

Day : Monday

Date : 09/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 'States, Multinational Enterprises and individuals are the subjects of International Law'. Comment.
- Q.2 Critically discuss the UN Declaration on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order.
- Q.3 Examine various Economic Rights and Duties of States.
- Q.4 Discuss the aims, objective and functioning of International Monetary fund.
- Q.5 'The main objective of GATT was to liberalise and expand trade in goods so as to bring about all round economic prosperity'. Comment with achievements and defects in GATT.
- Q.6 'The WTO's objective is to achieve freer, fairer and predictable trade'. Comment.
- Q.7 Examine briefly the work carried out by UNCITRAL.
- Q.8 Explain the following:
  - a) Functioning of IMF
  - b) Implication of the NIEO for India

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**Subject : International & Comparative Law : International Organizations**

Day : Friday

Date : 06/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

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**N.B:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Evaluate evolution of international organizations, explaining their definition, privileges and immunities.
- Q.2** Write a critique on classification of international organizations, explaining their membership, universalism and regionalism.
- Q.3** Why international organizations are needed? Critically evaluate their role and functions.
- Q.4** Discuss why League of Nations came into existence, explaining its origin and foundation and analyzing its membership and its constitution.
- Q.5** Critically evaluate organs and functions of United Nations through general Assembly and Security Council.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate role, functions and impact of European Union, Commonwealth and SAARC.
- Q.7** Write a critique on role, functions and impact of Special Agencies and NGO's.
- Q.8** Write short notes on:
- a) Weaknesses and causes of failure of League Nations
  - b) Concept of Collective Security under United Nations

**Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Centre-State Relations & Constitutional Governance**

Day : Friday

Date : 06/05/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1** The Indian Federalism was not a result of a compact between several sovereign units but a result of conversion of a Unitary system into a federal system. Explain the nature and scope of Indian Federalism.

**Q.2** Indian Constitution took adequate care to create a federal structure which could be easily moulded to respond to the needs of the situation, without resorting to the tedious and elaborate procedure of amending the constitution. Discuss the powers of center to legislate on state subjects.

**Q.3** The changed Political, social and economic conditions of our polity have tremendously influenced the content and operation of center state relations. Critically evaluate the distribution of legislative powers between center and state.

**Q.4** "The concept of co-operative federalism helps the federal system with its divided jurisdiction to act in unison. It minimises the friction and promotes co-operation among the various constituent governments of federal union so that they can pool their resources to achieve certain desired national goals." Comment.

**Q.5** The Doctrine of pith and substance introduces a degree of flexibility into the otherwise rigid scheme of distribution of powers. Comment with the help of important case laws.

**Q.6** Discuss the impact of emergency on center state relation with special reference to S.R. Bommai case.

**Q.7** Explain the various recommendations given by Sarkaria Commission on center state relations.

**Q.8** Write notes on:

- a) Repugnancy between Central and state laws
- b) Financial equilibrium.