

BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)
LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022
SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW-II

Day : Saturday
Date : 21-05-2022

S-12601-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) 'The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act has introduced prominent changes in the customary Hindu Law of adoption'. Highlight.

OR

b) Whether Indian Succession Act is providing laws relating to will? If yes, discuss the applicability and legal provisions of the Act.

Q.2 a) Critically evaluate the position of mother under Hindu law of guardianship. Support your answer with case laws.

OR

b) 'Hanafi law of inheritance provides list of sharers, residuaries and distant kindred'. Discuss the statement in detail with suitable examples.

Q.3 a) Explain the term 'coparcenary', its features and its journey from customary law to modern law.

OR

b) Is Hiba and Gift same? Critically evaluate the term 'Hiba' with its kinds.

Q.4 a) Write note on:
i) Marz-ul-maut and Donatio mortis causa
ii) Reopening of partition

OR

b) Write note on:
i) Succession of Parsi Intestate
ii) Class I heirs

Q.5 a) i) 'A' a Muslim dies intestate leaving behind his step-mother and step-brother. Before his death he declared that his property should not be given to step-mother and step-brother. Whether such declaration is valid and whether these legal heirs are entitled to inherit 'A's property.

ii) Danamma vs. Amar.

OR

b) i) A Hindu made a will before his death, stating 'my wife is not of a good character hence excluded from my property and my entire property should pass to my friend 'X'. Decide the validity of statement and rules of succession.

ii) Daniel Latiffi vs. UOI.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Day : Tuesday
Date : 24-05-2022

S-12602-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) Define "International Law" and critically evaluate whether International Law is a law in the true sense".

OR

b) What do you understand by the term 'sources' of international law? Discuss the importance of international convention as a source of International Law.

Q.2 a) What is State Succession? Examine rights and duties arising out of State Succession.

OR

b) What is meant by Recognition? Explain various theories of recognition.

Q.3 a) Define State and essentials of it and also state the rights and duties of states under International Law.

OR

b) Elaboration the main steps in the formation of a treaty. What is Ratification of a treaty?

Q.4 a) Explain the peaceful means of settlement of International Disputes.

OR

b) Examine the role of international court of justice in settlement of international dispute. Elaborate the procedure and jurisdiction of ICJ.

Q.5 a) Examine the features of treaty relating to prevention of Arms Race in Outer Space.

OR

b) Critically discuss international terrorism and its impact on human rights.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE, JUVENILE JUSTICE ACT & PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT

Day : Thursday
Date : 26-05-2022

S-12603-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All question carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) What is the meaning of FIR? Discuss the evidentiary value of FIR in the procedure of trial.

OR

b) "In a bailable offence, the accused is entitled for Bail as a matter of right." Comment with relevant cases.

Q.2 a) Discuss provisions relating to order for maintenance of wives, children and parents under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

OR

b) Define 'Charge' and explain the provisions relating to joinder of charges under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

Q.3 a) What is 'Search Warrant'? When will a police need warrant to search a place?

OR

b) Define 'Arrest'. What are rights of an arrested person?

Q.4 a) With specific reference to recent amendments discuss the concept of "Juvenile in conflict with law" under the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children Act)

OR

b) State the object and salient features of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

Q.5 a) Write note on:
i) Complaint
ii) Plea bargaining

OR

b) Write short notes on:
i) Execution, suspension and commutation of sentences.
ii) Summons cases by Magistrate

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : LAW OF EVIDENCE

Day : Saturday
Date : 28-05-2022

S-12604-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a. Define Evidence and explain various kinds of evidence.

OR

b. Discuss the relevancy of facts which are the occasion, cause or effect of fact in issue.

Q.2 a. "Admission is the species and confession is the sub species." Elucidate.

OR

b. Who is an Expert? Explain the subject on which expert is competent to testify. Assess the value of expert opinion.

Q.3 a. "Oral evidence must be direct." Comment and point out exceptions to this rule.

OR

b. Define Secondary Evidence and state under what circumstances the secondary evidence is admissible in court of law.

Q.4 a. What is Privileged Communication? Explain communication during marriage.

OR

b. Explain and illustrate the principle of Estoppel under the Evidence Act.

Q.5 a. "The art of cross examination is a double edged weapon." Critically comment.

OR

- b.** Explain the following:
- i) Impeaching credit of witness
 - ii) Hostile witness

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : CYBER LAW

Day : Tuesday
Date : 31-05-2022

S-12605-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
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Q.1. “With innumerable IOT devices communicating over the Internet, the chances for a data security breach is high as more and more IOT devices are introduced in the market, the issue would only complicate”. Discuss the statement in the light of ‘Internet Related Legal Issues’.

OR

Q.1. “The misuse of computers has led to an evolution of new age crimes as the cyberspace includes a broad spectrum including net banking, social engineering, etc”. Comment and discuss the various types of cybercrimes.

Q.2. Discuss the nature, scope and importance of the Information Technology Act, 2000 with special reference to the amendments made to the act vide ITAA, 2008.

OR

Q.2. “The National Cyber Security Policy, 2013, aims at protecting the public and private infrastructure from cyber-attacks and also intends to safeguard ‘information, such as personal information (of web users), financial and banking information and sovereign data’”. Discuss.

Q.3. “Cyberspace has raised the basic problem of jurisdiction in International and Domestic laws to its de-territorial nature”. Discuss the statement in the light of Jurisdiction issues in cyberspace.

OR

Q.3. Explain in detail the role of United Nations in the International Cooperation in fighting cybercrime.

Q.4. Discuss the concept and nature of IPR in cyberspace.

OR

Q.4. Elaborate the various legal issues in relation to ‘Cyber Contracts’ and the Law governing contracts in India.

Q.5. Discuss the various liabilities of an Internet Service Provider in cyberspace with special reference to the Information Technology Amendment Act, 2008.

OR

Q.5. Explain the concept of ‘Electronic Evidence’ and its admissibility in the Indian Courts of Law.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : COMPETITION LAW & PRACTICE

Day : Thursday
Date : 2/6/2022

S-12606-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) Discuss the historical development of Competition Law in India.

OR

b) Define Competition. Explain the need for competition regulation and also state its advantages and disadvantages.

Q.2 a) Discuss the provisions of the U.K. Competition Act, 1998.

OR

b) What are Anti-Competitive Agreements? Why are they prohibited under Competition Act, 2002?

Q.3 a) Explain the concept of "Dominant Position". What is abuse of dominant position? Explain with relevant examples.

OR

- b)** Write short notes on:
- i) Competition Fund
 - ii) Competition Advocacy

Q.4 a) "Mergers and Amalgamations of Industries are controlled and regulated by Competition Act, 2002. Explain the provisions.

OR

b) Discuss the structure, powers and functions of Competition Appellate Tribunal.

Q.5 a) The petitioner is a tyre manufacturing company. The respondents are also in same business and allege the formation of a cartel for price control and price maintenance. Advice.

OR

b) There is a case in which all the automobile car manufacturers are indulging in anti-competitive practices by controlling the sales of genuine spare parts and not making them available in open market. Discuss.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-IV :: SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : GENDER JUSTICE & FEMINIST JURISPRUDENCE

Day : Thursday
Date : 2/6/2022

S-12607-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) 'Feminism in India is a set of movements aimed at designing, establishing and defending equal rights and opportunities for women in India'. State the various feminist movements in India.

OR

b) "The Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 dealt specifically with the legal process of adopting children by Hindu adult". Discuss the procedure and essential conditions of adoption under the said Act.

Q.2 a) "Uniform Civil Code places a set of laws to govern personal matters of all citizens irrespective of religion it is perhaps the need of the hour for protection of the fundamental rights of citizens". Comment.

OR

b) A fundamental principle of the United Nations Charter adopted by world leaders in 1945 is equal rights of men and women. Explain the above statement with reference to Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.

Q.3 a) "The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 was intended to secure the rights of marriage for the bride and groom who are Hindu". Discuss the rights of women under the said Act in regard to divorce.

OR

b) "Gender equality in Labour Laws was one of the key ingredients to attain social justice and thus various provisions were made in these laws to protect the interest of the women". Explain.

Q.4 a) It is well settled by judicial precedents that the provisions of Section 125 Criminal Procedure Code are for the welfare of the neglected wives, children and parents". Comment.

OR

b) "The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 intended to prevent the giving or receiving of dowry". Elaborate the above statement with the help of relevant provisions of the Act.

Q.5 a) Write short notes on:
i) Women under ILO
ii) Adultery

OR

b) Write short notes on:
i) Rape
ii) Restitution of conjugal rights

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