Subject : Family Law-I

Day: Monday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 Date: 03/04/2017 N.B 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q.No1 which is COMPULSORY. 2) Question No 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks. Q.1 Write short note on (ANY FOUR) (20)a) Ashirvaad Ceremony b) Restitution of Conjugal Right c) Mutual consent divorce under Christian Law d) Expenses pedente - lite e) Mahr Iddat f) State the concept of dower under Muslim Law. Explain kinds of dower. (12)Q.2What is Talak? Explain in detail different kinds of talak recognized under (12) Q.3 Mohamedan Law. What is judicial separation? Discuss grounds of judicial separation under (12) Q.4 Hindu marriage Act, 1955. Discuss comprehensively the changes brought about by the Amending Act of (12) Q.5 1976 in Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. (12)Write note on: Q.6 a) Adultery b) Desertion (12)Explain in detail different theories of divorce. Q.7Discuss the legal consequences of a marriage solemnized under Special (12) Q.8 Marriage Act. Discuss the procedure for marriage as laid down under the Christian Marriage (12) Q.9 Act. 1872. What are requisites of valid Parsi marriage? Discuss the establishment of (12) Q.10 special Parsi matrimonial courts? Explain effects of bigamy under Parsi Law and other related Laws.

BEAS - III (2009 Course): SUMMER - 2017

Subject : Public International Law

Day: Thursday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Date: 06/04/2017 Total Pages: 1 N.B. Attempt any SIX questions out of which Q.No. 1 is COMPULSORY. 1) 2) Q. No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks 0.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following: Specific adoption theory a) Judicial decisions b) Schools of international law c) Recognition of governments d) National waters e) Maritime belt f) Q.2 "The United State's response to 9/11 was so firm that no major act of terrorism has occurred in USA since then". Critically evaluate the statement & also highlight various concerns of human rights vis-a-vis terrorism. "International law is a law of positive morality". Comment & describe the 0.3 meaning, scope & nature of public international law. Q.4 Enumerate the various sources of international law in detail. Explain the theories of Monism & Dualism which are crucial to define the 0.5 relationship international between law and national law. Define 'State & the concept of' 'sovereign equality States' in detail. Q.6 Describe the salient features of third Convention on the Law of Sea, 1982. Q.7Define State Succession & describe its consequences under international Q.8 law. Write an essay on" Outer Space Treaty, Moon & other Celestial bodies". Q.9 "International Court of Justice has come a long way instilling hope & Q.10 providing justice to States thereby boosting the spirit of international law". Comment and provide an account of ICJ's role under international law.

BEAS - III (2009 Course): SUMMER - 2017

Subject : Law of Torts, Law Relating to Motor Vehicle Accident & Consumer Protection Laws

Day: Saturday
Date: 08/04/2017

35003

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR with reference to Consumer Protection Act:
 - a) Object of the Consumer Protection Act
 - b) Consumer
 - c) Complaint
 - d) District Forum
 - e) Defect in Goods
 - f) Deficiency in Services
- Q.2 What are the general conditions of liability in torts? Distinguish between a tort and breach of contract.
- Q.3 "In general a person is responsible only for his own acts but there are exceptional cases in which the law imposes on him liability for the acts of others". Explain in the light of relevant case laws.
- **Q.4** Define and distinguish Assault and Battery.
- Q.5 "Law will permit no damages to be recovered except such as are the direct consequences of the tort". Discuss with the help of relevant case law.
- Q.6 Discuss the ways in which a tort can be discharged.
- Q.7 Discuss the concept of negligence with help of relevant case laws.
- Q.8 Define Defamation. Explain the essential elements that make up the tort of Defamation.
- Q.9 What is Nuisance? Enumerate the remedies available to a person for Nuisance.
- O.10 Write short notes on:
 - a) No fault liability
 - b) Hit and Run cases

Subject: Intellectual Property Law

Day: Tuesday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 Date: 11/04/2017 N.B: 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including question. No 1 which is COMPULSORY 2) Question 1 carries 20 marks and other questions carries 12 marks each. Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following: a) Salient features of patent **WIPO** b) Berne convention c) d) Artistic work e) Piracy of design Good will Q.2 Explain the meaning, nature & forms of intellectual properties. Explain the procedure for abtaining a patent under the patent Act, 1970. Q.3 Q.4 Critically examine the evidentiary problems in action of passing off and evidentiary problems, in context of proof infringement. Evaluate the various grounds and modes of revocation of patent. Q.5 Explain the salient features of Design Act, 2000. Q.6 Q.7 Discuss the concept of 'Author' and 'Owner' of copyright, and also state the circumstances when author of copyright in different than owner of copyright. Discuss the concept of trade secret and explain the position of law relating to Q.8trade secret in India. Discuss the concept of Infringement of copyright and also suggest the Q.9 remedies available to the plaintiff is case of Infringement of copyright. Critically appreciate concept of freedom of speech and expression as the Q.10 basic of the regime of Intellectual property rights.

BEAS - III (2009 Course) : SUMMER - 2017

Subject : Optional -III b) Corporate Governance

Day : Thursday
Date : 13/04/2017

35006

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) The Greenbury Committee Report
 - b) Meeting and minutes
 - c) Corporate Governance in UK
 - d) Theories of Corporate Governance
 - e) Importance of Listing Agreement
 - f) Business ethics and Corporate Governance.
- Q.2 "Good governance is not just good management. It is something which is much broader, and includes fair, efficient and transparent administration designed to meet certain well-defined objectives in an organization." Discuss meaning, nature and scope of Corporate Governance.
- Q.3 What factors substantiate the need for Corporate Governance on the part of Board of Directors?
- Q.4 What do you mean by corporate disclosure? What factors affect corporate disclosure? State its objectives.
- Q.5 "The concept of stakeholder covers a broadly defined group encompassing managers, employees, customers, suppliers, bondholders, shareholders, local authorities etc." Explain the rights of stakeholders and shareholders in Corporate Governance
- Q.6 Corporate Governance advocates the role of market regulator to ensure legal compliance by the players. Discuss the role of market regulation.
- Q.7 Write a brief note on K.M. Birla Committee Report on Corporate Governance.
- Q.8 "Corporate governance is a systematic process by which it is directed and controlled to enhance its wealth generating capacity." Explain the role of Board of Directors in Corporate Governance.
- Q.9 "CSR should be care concern for all companies and part of each company's operations." Discuss the role of CSR in Corporate Governance.
- Q.10 State and explain Corporate Governance standards and practices in Textile, Synthetic and Petrochemical Industry in India.

Subject : Optional -III a) Right to Information

Day: Thursday
Date: 13/04/2017



Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N: B:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q. No 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) The Preamble of the Right to Information Act, 2005
 - b) Right to Access
 - c) Right to Privacy and RTI
 - d) Removal of Information Commissioner
 - e) Salient features of the Official Secretes Act, 1923
 - f) People's Union for Civil Liberties v. Union of India
- Q.2 Discuss the provisions of 'Right to Know' from Secrecy to Transparency under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.3 Critically evaluate the historical background, objectives of the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.4 Discuss the concept of Breach of Confidentiality under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.5 "Right to Information is not only statutory right but it is protected by Indian Constitutional provisions as well." Comment.
- Q.6 Evaluate the provisions relating to the eligibility criteria of appointment of the Central Chief Information Commissioner under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.7 Explain the salient features of the Freedom of Information Act, 2002.
- Q.8 Describe the reports introduced by the Indian Government in relations to public interest disclosures.
- Q.9 Define 'Public Authority' What are the obligations of Public Authority?
- Q.10 Explain case laws ANY TWO of the following:
 - a) S.P. Gupta v. Union of India
 - b) State of U.P. v. Raj Narain
 - c) Shila Barse v. Union of India
 - d) Bennett Coleman and Company v. Union of India