

Subject : Company Law

Day : Friday

Date : 01/04/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carry **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Transmission of Shares
- b) Floating Charge
- c) Forfeiture of Shares
- d) Corporate Social Responsibility
- e) Public and Private Company
- f) Shares

Q.2 Define Articles of Association. Discuss the binding effect of articles of association between Members, Company and Outsiders.

Q.3 Define Prospectus. Explain the contents of a prospectus.

Q.4 Who are the members of a company? What are the different modes for acquiring membership of a company?

Q.5 What is a Meeting? Explain the essentials of a valid meeting.

Q.6 Define Director. Explain the various modes of appointment of directors.

Q.7 What are the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for the prevention of oppression of the minority shareholders?

Q.8 Explain the doctrine of Indoor Management. Are there any exceptions to it?

Q.9 What are Debentures? Explain different kinds of debentures.

Q.10 What is winding up? Explain the different grounds on which the court can make an order for winding up.

Subject : Optional - V a) Gender Justice & Feminist Jurisprudence

Day : Monday

Date : 04/04/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions, out of which **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q. 1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Dowry Death
- b) Uniform Civil Code
- c) Sati as a custom
- d) Prostitution as an evil
- e) Guardians in Muslim Law
- f) Child Marriage

Q. 2 Comment on the unequal position of women in various personal laws. Can you suggest any solution?

Q. 3 Elaborate on the provisions of the International Convention on Social, Economic and Cultural Rights regarding women.

Q. 4 "The feminist movement in India has successfully contributed to legal changes for protection of women". Comment on this statement.

Q. 5 "The criminal law regarding rape has been amended time and again". Discuss critically whether the amendments have been effective to check the crime of rape.

Q. 6 Discuss critically the provisions of the Constitution of India which accord special protection to women. Is any change required?

Q. 7 Explain the provisions of Section 125 of the Criminal Procedure Code regarding maintenance to women. Elaborate on the position of a divorced Muslim woman under this law.

Q. 8 Write notes:

- a) Adultery
- b) Female foeticide

Q. 9 Explain the provisions of different labour laws giving special privileges to women.

Q.10 Explain the provision of the Dowry Prohibition Act. Comment whether the Act has been successful in curbing the evil of dowry.

Subject : Optional - V b) Competition Law & Practice

Day : Monday

Date : 04/04/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR**:
- a) Competition advantages and disadvantages
 - b) Federal Trade Commission Act, 1914
 - c) General Motors case
 - d) Predatory pricing
 - e) Competition fund
 - f) MRTP Commission
- Q.2** 'Competition Law regulates the market and prohibits any process which results in unfair competition'. Discuss the above statement by tracing the development of Competition Law in India.
- Q.3** Compare and contrast between MRTP Act, 1969 and Competition Law, 2002.
- Q.4** 'Sherman Act, 1890 is considered the Constitution of Competition Law'. Trace the salient features of Sherman Act, 1890.
- Q.5** 'Abuse of Dominant position is prohibited under the Competition Act, 2002'. Explain the meaning of Dominant position. Also, with suitable examples discuss the abuse of dominant position.
- Q.6** "Vertical and horizontal anti competitive agreements are prohibited under the Competition Act, 2002." Explain these agreements and provisions relating to them in the Act.
- Q.7** 'Mergers and acquisitions of companies are regulated by the Competition Act, 2002'. Explain the provisions under Competition Act..
- Q.8** 'IPRs create exclusive rights for the holders while Competition Law prohibits such monopoly rights'. Explain the relationship between IPRs and Competition Law.
- Q.9** Explain the powers and functions of Competition Commission of India.
- Q.10** Explain the powers and functions of Competition Appellate Tribunal.

Subject : Property Law including Transfer of Property Act & Easement Act

Day : Wednesday

Date : 06/04/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N. B. ;

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all. **Q. No. 1 and 10 are COMPULSORY.**
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q. 1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Meaning and definition of Property
- b) Hiba
- c) Subrogation
- d) Charge
- e) Doctrine of Priority
- f) Actionable claim

Q. 2 "Notice of a fact means knowledge, or cognizance or awareness of such facts". Define notice and its types.

Q. 3 "Property of any kind be transferred but there are certain exceptions to it". Explain.

Q. 4 Define mortgage, state its various types with relevant examples.

Q. 5 Write a detail note on Doctrine of part performance.

Q. 6 "Doctrine of election means choosing between two right where there is a clear intention that both were not intended to be enjoyed". Comment.

Q. 7 "One cannot postpone the vesting of property in a transferee beyond a certain limit. The period for which vesting may lawfully be postponed is called the perpetuity period". Explain rule against perpetuity.

Q. 8 Define lease. How it can be determined?

Q. 9 Gift is a voluntary transfer without consideration. Explain and state its types.

Q.10 Write notes on the following:

- a) Modes of acquiring Easement
- b) Suspension of Easement

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Subject : Administrative Law

Day : Saturday

Date : 09/04/2016



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is **COMPLUSORY**.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
- a) Rule of law
 - b) Rule against bias
 - c) *Re Delhi's Case*
 - d) Public undertakings
 - e) Ordinary civil remedies
 - f) Sovereign – immunity
- Q.2** There are many definitions of Administrative Law forwarded by many scholars, but none of them is completely satisfactory. Give a critical appraisal of the various definitions of administrative law.
- Q.3** It is not possible to apply the doctrine of separation of powers in its rigidity, but it has to be made flexible. Explain as to how the doctrine of separation of powers is applied to the Indian Legal System.
- Q.4** The bulk of the legislation is promulgated by the executive known as delegated legislation. Elaborate the concept of delegated legislation.
- Q.5** Discuss the structure and procedure of administrative bodies.
- Q.6** A basic principles of natural justice is that before the adjudication starts, the affected party should be given the right to be heard. Elaborate the aspects of right to be heard.
- Q.7** Discuss in brief the judicial control of administrative action through units.
- Q.8** Discuss the various aspects of power of investigation and inquiry, with special reference to the Commission of Inquires Act 1952.
- Q.9** Although contract is basically a matter of private law, still the concept of governmental contracts is gaining importance and correspondingly the law related to it. Discuss the law related to the governmental contracts.
- Q.10** It needs to be emphasized that the value of the Ombudsman is not only curative but also preventive. Discuss the need and importance of Ombudsman.

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