Subject : General English-I

Day: Monday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 60 Date: 10/10/2016 Total Pages: 1 1587 N.B. 1) All questions are COMPULSORY. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Q.1 Combine the following sentences (ANY FIVE) (10)He did not pay the bill. The electricity was cut off. (and/therefore) ii) She cleant the room. Her mother cooked. (when/while) The bus slowed down. It approached the stop. (for/as) iii) The lady heaved a sigh of relief. The doctor had left. (before/after) iv) V) We went to the mall. We bought some goodies. (so/and) She is clever. She is lazy. (and/but) vi) Correct the following sentences: (10)The drive put break suddenly. I have looked at the list again, its correct. I ate medicine, as I couldn't bare the pain. iv) Only good answer will give you marks. V) The site of the lovely flowers made the poet joy. Q.2 (10)Rewrite as directed: i) The police are educating the pedestrians. (Change the Voice) Akshay said, "Father pardon me." (Change to Indirect Speech) ii) Sunset at Panchgani is beautiful sight. (Insert article) iii) We have reached on time. (Add Question Tag) roy ate bread butter and jam. (Punctuate) Q.3 Explain the following legal terms (ANY FIVE) (10)i) albi iv) bail ii) affidavit damage V) iii) bonafide V) forgery (10)Read the passage and answer the questions given below: All of us are required, every now and then to write letters, either to our friends or on business. Throughout our life we write many letters. Sometimes they will be personal communications to some one we know. Other times we will write to complete strangers! Letter writing is really an art. The art of letter writing is no more ornamental accomplishment, but something that every person must acquire for practical reasons. We write letters when we communicate with people who are away from us and when we need written communication as a documentary proof for making a request, granting permission, confirming matters said over telephone ordering supply of goods etc. Letters are substitutes for oral communication. We write for complaining, directing, enquiry, informing, requesting, inviting and many more functions. **Ouestions:** Whom do we write letters to? 1) Use the following to write sentences of your own: 2) a) every now and then b) friends 3) When do we write letters? Write words from the passage which mean the following: 4) a) connection or access to someone b) person not known to us. How do students communicate with each other now-a-days? Give examples. Write an essay in about 350 words on ANY ONE of the following topics: (10)0.5 Law Courts a)

Citizenship

A place that I visited

b)

BHUPALGAD - I (2015 Course) (C.B.C.S.): WINTER - 2016

Subject : Political Science-I

Day: Friday

Date: 14/10/2016

31588

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 60 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- **Q.1** Write short note on:
 - a) Power
 - b) Authority

OR

- c) Justice
- d) Rights
- Q.2 Explain in detail the meaning, nature, scope and importance of political science.

OR

Critically evaluate the Divine Origin theory of state.

Q.3 State the meaning and functions of the Legislature.

OR

State the features, merits and demerits of Federal form of government.

Q.4 Critically evaluate the relation between Liberty and Equality.

OR

Evaluate John Locke's theory of Social Contract.

Q.5 State the meaning and characteristics of Sovereignty.

OR

Explain the concept of Rights with special reference to Fundamentals Rights.

Subject : Economics-I (General Principles)

Day: Wednesday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Total Pages: 1 Max Marks: 60 Date: 19/10/2016 N.B. 1) All questions are COMPULSORY. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 3) Draw neat and labeled diagrams wherever necessary. a) Explain 'Economic Problem'. 0.1 (06)b) What are the primary functions of Commercial Banks? (06)0.1 Which economic system would you advocate for your country and why? (12)Q.2a) Explain Price Discrimination in Monopoly. (06)b) What is Product Differentiation? (06)OR a) What are features of Sole-Proprietorship? (06)Q.2 b) Discuss in detail the working of cooperative societies. (06)Q.3 What are the beneficial and adverse effects of deficit financing? (12)State the nature and organizational structure of World Bank and evaluate its (12)relationship with India. (12)Explain the functions of 'Central Banking Institution. Q.4 What are the objectives and limitations of Monetary Policy? (12)(06)Q.5 Illustration Credit creation. Explain the process of multiple credit creation with an initial deposit of Rs. 10,000/- and total reserve ratios of 10%. What is the volume of credit created? b) In case the Reserve Bank wishes to employ the cheap monetary policy. What (06) steps should be taken in case of following: Open market operations Bank Rate CRR iii) ii) OR (06)a) Illustrate the difference between M₁, M₂ and M₃ concepts of money. (06)b) Explain High Power Money.

Subject : Sociology-I (General Principles)

Day: Monday
Date: 17/10/2016

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 60 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- Q.1 a) Define Sociology and explain in detail its nature.

OR

- b) Explain the concept of Sociology and discuss its scope.
- Q.2 a) Explain the case study method of sociology in detail, citing your own example.

OR

- b) Elaborate on the topic of sociology of Legal Profession and its significance for law students.
- Q.3 a) Elucidate on the concepts: society and community, highlighting on the differences between the two.

OR

- b) Differentiate between the tribal and the urban society in detail.
- Q.4 a) In the Indian Society, there are various formal and informal agents necessary to bring about Social Control. Discuss on the statement.

OR

- b) Deviance is a threat to the stability of the society. Comment in detail.
- Q.5 a) Discuss in detail the primary and secondary groups.

OR

b) Highlight on the theories of social change in detail.

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Subject : Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicle Accident and Consumer Protection Act

Day: Friday

Date: 21/10/2016

31591

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 60 Total Pages: 2

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- Q.1 "A tort is civil wrong for which the remedy in common law is action for unliquidated damages, and which is not exclusively the breach of the contract or the trust or the breach of other merely equitable obligation" Salmond. Discuss.

OR

Explain:

- a) Personal capacity of the corporation and state
- b) Mental element in tort
- Q.2 Explain the various modes of the discharge of torts. Support your answer with relevant cases.

OR

Critically evaluate the 'Strict Liability' principle in the light of recent judgments.

Q.3 State and enumerate the various remedies available in tort. Support your answer with suitable illustrations.

OR

Discuss ANY TWO of the following:

- a) Donoghue v. Stevenson
- b) Doctrine of alternative danger
- c) Public nuisance and private nuisance
- d) Trespass to property
- Q.4 a) 'A' and 'B's dogs were fighting. 'B' was beating them in order to separate them and 'A' was looking on. 'B' accidentally hit 'A' in the eye causing him severe injury. 'A' brought an action against 'B'.
 - i) Who is liable and what is the nature of the tort committed here?
 - ii) Write the judgment of the case stating reasons.
 - iii) Write the name of the case law.
 - b) What is defamation? What are its kinds? Discuss the various defenses available against it.

P.T.O.

- a) XYZ corporation had been deriving water from the adjoining land of Shri Surve. Shri Surve dug a pond on his land which diminished the water flowing to the land of the corporation. He has maliciously done it so that the corporation would purchase his land at an exhorbitant price.
 - Who is liable and what is the nature of the tort committed here?
 - Write the judgment of the case stating reasons.
 - iii) Write the name of the case law.
- b) State and explain the principle governing Vicarious Liability with the help of recent
- Discuss in detail the mechanisms under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, Q.5 established for the protection and enforcement of consumer rights.

OR

Discuss 'No fault liability' principle of the Motor Vehicle Act.

Subject: Constitutional Law - I

Day: Friday

Date: 21/10/2016



Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) State
 - b) Doctrine of Waiver
 - c) Citizenship
 - d) Fundamental duties
 - e) Child labour
 - f) Self incrimination
- Q.2 What are fundamental rights? Discuss salient features of Indian Constitution.
- Q.3 Equality before law and equal protection of laws is enshrined under Article 14 of the Indian Constitution. Evaluate with the help of landmark precedents.
- Q.4 Freedom of Press is said to be the heart of social and political intercourse and the courts in India must uphold it. Comment.
- Q.5 What is life and personal liberty? Discuss the expanding horizons of Article 21 of the Indian Constitution.
- Q.6 Indian Constitution confers writ jurisdiction on the Supreme Court and High Courts respectively. Elaborate with the help relevant case laws.
- Q.7 To implement the ideals and to achieve the goals enshrined in the preamble of the constitution and to establish welfare state, fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy have been provided for in the constitution. Evaluate the relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles of state policy.
- Q.8 Under the Indian Constitution every one has the right to relate himself to God according to his own conscience. Evaluate the concept of secularism in light of S. R. Bommai v. Union of India.
- Q.9 Write a detailed note on protection against arrest and detention.
- **Q.10** Write notes on the following:
 - a) Double jeopardy
 - b) Expost facto law

Subject : Economics & Law -I

Day: Wednesday
Date: 19/10/2016

31606

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.NO.1 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carry12 marks each.
- 3) Draw Diagrams Where NECESSARY.
- O.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR:
 - a) Economics and Social Justice
 - b) Characteristics of Labour
 - e) Monopolistic Competition
 - d) Technology and Economic Growth
 - e) Fiscal policy objectives
 - f) Lender of the last resort
- Q.2 Which economic system could you advocate for your country and why?
- Q.3 Explain how price is determined in perfect competition with the help of a diagram. What are the features of perfect competition?
- Q.4 Define 'Economic Development'. What are the factors affecting economic development?
- Q.5 What is 'Monetary Policy'? What are the limitations of Monetary Policy?
- Q.6 Explain the process of multiple credit creation performed by commercial banks.
- Q.7 Explain the relationship between savings, consumption and investment.
- Q.8 What are advantages and disadvantages of joint stock company form of business organization.
- Q.9 State the 'Law of Supply' with its assumptions and exceptions.
- Q.10 State the organizational structure, aims and objectives of International Monetary Fund.

Subject : Sociology - I

Day: Monday

Date: 17/10/2016



Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY which carried 20 marks.
- 2) Attempt any FIVE from remaining.
- 3) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) In group and out group
 - b) Law as a means of social change
 - c) Status and Role
 - d) Tribal society
 - e) Sociology of legal profession
 - f) Social systems
- Q.2 Define sociology and explain its nature and scope in detail.
- Q.3 Describe the rural and urban society in detail and state the differences between the two.
- Q.4 Classify on the following basic concepts and state the differences between the two:
 - i) Society and community
 - ii) Institution and Association
- Q.5 Explain the various steps of experimental method with an example of your own.
- Q.6 Describe the various agents of social control prevalent in the society.
- Q.7 Deviance is changing its forms and is threat to the stability of society. Comment with your views.
- Q.8 Elaborate on the various factors of social change.
- Q.9 Explain the concept of social groups, concentrating on the primary and secondary group.
- Q.10 Sociology and Jurisprudence are an integral part of sociology of law. Explain how?