SUBJECT: JURISPRUDENCE

Day : Tuesday Date 07/11/2017

W-2017-1169

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.

Q.1 "Word Jurisprudence is derived from Latin word 'juris prudentia' which in its widest sense means knowledge of law". Describe the nature, scope and significance of Jurisprudence.

OR

"Natural Law theory has undergone great changes in trends in its evolution from ancient to modern period". Discuss the growth and development of Natural Law in the light of above statement.

Q.2 "The most outstanding theory of law has been evolved by Jeremy Bentham, as his theory has a very wide application," Evaluate the Bentham's theory of law.

"The most essential characteristic of positive law is its imperative nature". Comment on Austin's theory of law.

Q.3 Examine the contribution of Prof. Roscoe Pound to study of sociological Jurisprudence. Also discuss the relevance of his theory in Indian legal system.

OR

"The meaning of realism is that the law is studied in reality or under real or factual circumstances". Explain the Realist approach to law in brief.

Critically evaluate the concept of ownership and different kinds of ownership. Q.4

Elucidate different meaning of rights along with the extended meaning envisaged by Hohfeld in his analysis of rights.

- Q.5 a) 'A' before going to abroad entrusted some gold jewels to 'B'. After returning to India, 'A' asked 'B' to return the gold jewels. 'B' refused to return them. 'A' broke open B's almirah in his absence and took away all jewels. 'B' prosecuted 'A' for theft. Discuss.
 - b) Write note on: Kinds of justice

OR

- a) X' left a ring with jewelers for valuation and they handed it to the police. 'X' did not return and no one claimed. Accordingly, the jeweler alleged that they were owner since they had a better title against the whole world except the true owner. Discuss.
- b) Write Note on: Precedent as a source of law.

SUBJECT: BANKING LAW INCLUDING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT (BUSINESS LAW)

Day : Saturday

Time:

10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date : 11/11/2017

Max. Marks: 60

W-2017-1171

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks
- Q.1 a) The very history of banking starts with cheque system to paperless banking : comment with functions of commercial banks

OR

- b) State the term 'Bank Nationalization'. Discuss the development of banking after nationalization
- Q.2 a) Under the Banking Regulation Act which business is permitted for a banking company?

OR

- b) Give the salient features of the Deposit Insurance Corporation Act 1961
- Q.3 a) "Banking system in India is Central Banking": comment on powers and functions under the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

OR

- b) Discuss Bankers obligation to honor cheques
- Q.4 a) 'One of the important rights enjoyed by a banker is that of general lien'. comment
 - b) What is 'Negotiable Instrument'? Discuss various kinds of it and draw a specimen of each one
- Q.5 a) 'While lending the funds bank has to follow sound lending principles'.comment OR
 - b) 'Services rendered by bankers are within the ambit of service under the Consumer Protection Act 1986'. Discuss with cases

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SUBJECT: MEDIA & LAW (CONSTITUTIONAL LAW)

Day : Saturday Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.

Q.1 a) Explain in detail the ratio held by Supreme Court in *Virender V State of Punjab*.

OR

- b) Explain in detail the ratio held by Supreme Court in *Romesh Thapar* v *State of Madras*.
- Q.2 a) 'Indian Constitution does not mention about freedom of press and the media, but the same is there with its facets' Justify the statement in the light of various facets of the media freedom.

OR

- b) Explain the concept of defamation in detail
- Q.3 a) Discuss the concept of infringement of Copyright in detail, and also state the remedies in cases of infringement of the copyright.

OR

- b) 'The Press Council is a paper tiger' justify the statement in the light of powers and functions of the Press Council and also suggest the steps to make Press Council effective.
- Q.4 a) Discuss how the rights of the censor board are violated by the state government, causing serious prejudice to right to freedom of speech and expression, giving the reference of the Vishwaroopam film controversy.

OR

- b) Write a note on media trial, and suggest steps so that right of reporting and right of fair trial of accused can be harmoniously balanced.
- Q.5 a) One leading actress was asked a question that whether the youths shall engage themselves in pre marital sex, which the actress responded positively. The NGO demanded an unconditional apology, which was refused by the actress. The NGO filed the writ petition, demanding action on the actress under decency and morality. Advice the actress.

OR

b) One T.V channel telecasted the news that one doctor who was missing was accused of sex racket. Two days later the doctor was found dead and that there was no FIR against the doctor, except the missing report. The relatives of the deceased doctor filed the suit of defamation against the said news channel. Discuss the possible outcome of the case.

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SUBJECT: BANKING LAW INCLUDING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT (BUSINESS LAW)

Day : Saturday
Date : 11/11/2017

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

W-2017-1171

N.B.:

1) All questions are COMPULSORY.

2) All questions carry EQUAL marks

Q.1 a) The very history of banking starts with cheque system to paperless banking : comment with functions of commercial banks

OR

- b) State the term 'Bank Nationalization'. Discuss the development of banking after nationalization
- Q.2 a) Under the Banking Regulation Act which business is permitted for a banking company?

OR

- b) Give the salient features of the Deposit Insurance Corporation Act 1961
- Q.3 a) "Banking system in India is Central Banking": comment on powers and functions under the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

OR

- b) Discuss Bankers obligation to honor cheques
- Q.4 a) 'One of the important rights enjoyed by a banker is that of general lien'. comment
 - b) What is 'Negotiable Instrument'? Discuss various kinds of it and draw a specimen of each one
- Q.5 a) 'While lending the funds bank has to follow sound lending principles '.comment OR
 - b) 'Services rendered by bankers are within the ambit of service under the Consumer Protection Act 1986'. Discuss with cases

B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (CBCS - 2015

COURSE): WINTER - 2017 SUBJECT: LAW OF CRIMES

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Day : Friday

Date : 03/11/2017

W-2017-1168

Max. Marks: 60.

N.B.:

1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.

2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.

Q.1 Offences are those crimes which are punishable under Indian Penal Code. Explain (12) and discuss the essential elements of crime.

OR

What is abetment? Explain the modes of abetment and discuss the rules of abetment.

Q.2 Explain the distinction between murder and culpable homicide as laid down by justice Melvil in R. v. Govinda with the help of recent case laws.

OR

"The law relating to rape has under gone sea change after the case of Nirbhaya in India." Comment and discuss the provisions of rape under IPC.

- Q.3 Examine the ratio of the judgments given in following case laws (Any Two) (12)
 - a) BMW hit and run Case
 - b) K. M. Nanavati Case
 - c) Appa Narsimulu Case
 - d) Arnesh Kumar v. State of Bihar
- Q.4 "In exercise of right of private defence a person can cause death of another person." (12) Examine this statement with reference to section 100 of IPC with the help of cases.

OR

Write a note on defamation and explain exceptions to it.

Q.5 Solve any TWO of the following:

(12)

- a) A and B agreed to marry. B gave consent to have sexual intercourse believing the promise. Later on A refused to marry B. Can B file a case of rape against A
- b) A newspaper published the result of law exams conducted by X university wherein Y was declared fail, though he has cleared the law exam. Y filed a case of defamation against A and X university. What are the defences available to A?
- c) A in order to kill B purchased poison and went his home. A later on became friend with B and changed his mind. Discuss the role of A under IPC.
- d) X a Hindu converted himself to Muslim and married Y and Z. Discuss the X liability for Bigamy.

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B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (2009

COURSE): WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE -V

10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Time: Day: Wednesday Max. Marks: 80 Date: 01/11/2017 W-2017-1193 N.B.: 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY. 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other carries 12 marks each. 0.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following: (20) . Ministry of Home Affairs a) Cabinet secretariat b) Nominal executive in India c) Difference between public and private administration d) Nature of Public Administration e) Public Accounts Committee f) Explain the power and functions of the Prime Minister in India. **Q.2** Discuss the composition, powers and functions of UPSC. Q.3Explain the concept of New Public Administration in detail. **Q.4** What are the main trends that character the Indian civil services in recent Q.5 years? Q.6 Explain the meaning and scope of Public Administration as a discipline. Discuss the role and functions of the Governor. **Q.7** Elaborate on the various reforms in Indian Administration. Q.8 Q.9 Elucidate on the socio-political challenges faced by Indian Administration. Q.10Explain the nature and characteristics of the Indian Parliamentary Democracy.

SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE -V (Politics & Foreign Policy In India)

Day Wednesday
Date 01/11/2017

W-2017-1167

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- Q.1 Discuss in detail the Nehruvian era in Indian Politics

OR

Explain the emergence of coalition politics in India since 1989.

Q.2 Elaborate on the role played by caste in Indian Politics in the post Independence period.

OR

Write a detailed note on regionalism and secessionism in India giving suitable case studies.

Q.3 Elaborate on Farmers movements in India.

OR

What are the demands made by Feminist movements in India in the post independence era?

- Q.4 Write short notes on:
 - a) Historical legacy of India's foreign policy
 - b) Nuclear policy after 1998.

OR

Elaborate on the strategies used by the Indian Government to solve the problem of Naxalism.

Q.5 Discuss the main characteristics of Indian non-alignment.

OR

Elaborate on basic features of India's foreign policy.

B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (2009 COURSE): WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT: OPTIONAL-I - (a) INDIAN FEDERALISM

Day : **Saturday**Date : **11/11/2017**

w-2017-1197

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 80.

N.B.:

1) Attempt ANY SIX in all including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.

2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Doctrine of pith and substance
 - b) Creation of a new state
 - c) Keshavanand Bharati case
 - d) Re Berubari case
 - e) Coalition of government
 - f) Finance commission.
- Q.2 "If a state law is inconsistent with the federal law, the federal law shall prevail to the extent of inconsistency." Elaborate the legislative relationship between center and state.
- Q.3 "As the Indian federalism is flexible and co-operative mechanism, what are the essential features of it?" Explain.
- Q.4 Discuss the need of federal agencies to combat terrorism in India.
- Q.5 Elaborate the administrative relationship between center and the state under Indian Constitution.
- Q.6 Critically elaborate the provisions of article 356 of Indian constitution with the help of S. R. Bommai case.
- Q.7 Write short notes on:
 - a) Doctrine of occupied field
 - b) Allocation of share
- Q.8 Write in brief the comparative note on Indian and American federalism.
- Q.9 Discuss the role of Indian judiciary in promoting and protection of the federalism.
- Q.10 What is the scheme of distribution of powers in India and Canada? Critically evaluate.

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B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (2009 COURSE): WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT: OPTIONAL-I: b) BANKING LAW INCLUDING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT

		NE	GOTIABLE INSTRUMENT		
Day: Date:			W-2017-1198	Time: _ 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max Marks: 80	
N.B:					
1) Attempt any F COMPULSO			UR questions from Section-A	including Q.No.1 which is	
		Attempt any TWO	empt any TWO questions from Section-B.		
	3)	Q.No.1 carries 20	marks and all other questions	s carry 12 marks each.	
		,	SECTION-A		
Q.1		Write notes on any l	FOUR of the following:		
	a) b) c) d) e) f)	Business not permit	,		
Q.2		Describe briefly the central banking functions of Reserve Bank of India.			
Q.3		Explain the role of 1949.	Reserve Bank of India under	the Banking Regulation Act,	
Q.4		"Nationalization of banking industry". I		changes in the progress of	
Q.5		Examine the role o customer's complain		system of redressal of Bank	
Q.6		Examine the role pla	ayed by State Bank of India in	n developing in India.	
			SECTION-B		
Q.7		What is Negotiable Instrument	Instrument? Explain the ch	aracteristics of a Negotiable	
Q.8		What is cheque? Ex of a cheque.	plain the essential requisites of	of a cheque. Draw a specimen	
Q.9		Who is 'Holder' of	Negotiable Instrument? Exam	ine his various rights.	
Q.10)	Who is collecting ba	anker? Explain statutory prote	ction to the collecting banker.	

B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (2009 COURSE): WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT: JURISPRUDENCE

10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Time:

Day: Tuesday Date: 07/11/2017

W-2017-1195

Max. Marks: 80

- Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Question No .1 is COMPULSORY. 1)
- 2) Question No .1 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on (ANY FOUR):
 - Theories of Punishment a)
 - Kinds of Ownership **b**)
 - Ratio Decidendi c)
 - Obligation d)
 - Kelson's Theory
 - Ancient natural law school
- Q.2 "The key to the science of jurisprudence is the analysis of the first principle of law". Discuss the nature and scope of Jurisprudence
- Austine has separated law from morals, religion and philosophy. Critically Q.3 evaluate the analytical theory as propounded by John Austin.
- According to Savigny, "Law is the product of facts or custom as exist in Q.4 particular Human Society". Discuss.
- Examine the notion of law as, "device in balancing of competing interest" in Q.5 the light of Roscoe Pound's theory of social engineering.
- Q.6 Why is Prof. Hart regarded as soft positivist? Explain with reference to Hart's concept of law
- Q.7 "Among all sources of law, Legislation is the most patent and sovereign source of law making." Examine in detail, legislation as a source of law.
- Q.8 Describe kinds of possession and various modes of acquisition of possession
- Q.9 Discuss the classification of legal rights in the context of Hohfeld's model.
- Q.10 Explain the concept of distributive justice and state its application in the Indian legal system

SUBJECT :FAMILY LAW-II (MATRIMONIAL PROPERTY, GUARDIANSHIP & ADOPTION)

Thursday 16.00 AM TO 01.60 PM Time: Day . 09/11/2017 W-2017-1170 Date Max. Marks: 60 N.B.: All questions are COMPULSORY 1) 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks. Q.1 "A Coparcenary is purely a creature of Hindu Law". Explain the impact of Hindu Succession Amendment Act, 2005 on the Mitakshara Coparcenary with the latest OR Define the term 'Hiba' with its essential conditions. Explain the kinds of Hiba and Q.1 revocation of Hiba. Discuss the provisions of Indian Succession Act, 1925 regarding execution of Q.2privileged will and an unprivileged will. Q.2Write Short note on: Hizanat a) b) Mutawalli Indian Succession Act, 1925 provides rules of Inheritance for Parsis. Elucidate. Q.3 0.3 Write Short note on: Essential conditions of Hindu Adoption b) Intestate Succession of Christians Write Case Study on : Shabnam Hashmi v/s Union of India 2014 (4) SCC 1 b) Write note on: Re-opening of Partition Write Case Study on: Lakshmi Kant Pandey v/s Union of India AIR 1984 SC469 Q.4 a) Write note on: Stridhan O.5 a) Solve the Problem: A Hindu male dies in 1960 leaving his mother, widow, son's daughter, daughter and his illegitimate son. Decide the share of each member in inheritance. b) Briefly describe Maintenance of wife under the Hindu Adoptions and

Maintenance Act, 1956

OR

O.5 a) Solve the Problem:

A Sunni Muslim dies leaving behind his wife, two daughters, father and mother. Decide the estate among them.

b) Write note on: Doctrine of Aul and Radd

B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-V (2009 COURSE): WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT: CYBER LAW

Day : Thursday
Date : 09/11/2017

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 80

W-2017-1196

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q. 1 Write a short note on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Meaning of Technology
 - b) Components of Computer
 - c) Adjudicating Officer
 - d) Distinction between Electronic Signature and Digital Signature
 - e) Duties of Subscribers
 - f) Types of Cyber Crimes
- **Q. 2** Define 'Computer'. Elaborate the concept of cyberspace and aim and objectives of the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q. 3 Define 'Jurisdiction'. Discuss the different types of internet jurisdiction.
- Q. 4 Define 'Cyber Crimes' and discuss global international efforts by United Kingdom regarding Cyber Crimes.
- Q.5 Elaborate the types of 'Mobile Crimes'. Discuss the offences and penalties of Mobile Crimes with reference to Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2000.
- Q. 6 Define 'Intellectual Property Rights'. Discuss the copyright protection issues in Cyberspace.
- Q. 7 "Cyber Crimes may be unlawful acts where in the computer is either a tool or target or both". Comment and discuss the types of Cyber Crimes.
- Q. 8 Write a detailed note on:
 - a) Meaning and types of Cyber Terrorism
 - b) National laws relating to Cyber Terrorism
- Q. 9 Discuss the liabilities of 'Intermediary' and Explain the cases in which intermediary can be exempted from liability in India.
- Q.10 "E-commerce is a business to consumer and business to business commerce conducted by way of the internet or other electronic networks". Comment and discuss the legal issues.

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