

Subject : Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act

Day : Saturday

Date : 16/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 10 are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Attempt in all **SIX** questions.
- 3) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Arrest before judgment
- b) Counter claim
- c) Plaint
- d) Restitution
- e) Commission
- f) Res subjudice

Q.2 What is jurisdiction? Explain the law relating to jurisdiction under sec. 9 of CPC with help of case laws.

Q.3 No court can try a suit which is heard and finally decided. Comment.

Q.4 What is written statement? Explain the defenses which can be claimed in a written statement.

Q.5 Grant of temporary injunction is the discretion of the court and not the right of applicant. Elucidate.

Q.6 What are the modes of execution of decree? Explain with the help of suitable illustrations.

Q.7 Write a detailed note on first and second appeal.

Q.8 A court can allow a person to file a suite who has no means to pay the court fees. Explain the circumstances under which this is allowed.

Q.9 Write a detailed note on suit against government.

Q.10 Limitation bars the remedy not the right. Comment.

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Subject : Criminal Procedure Code, Juvenile Justice

Day : Wednesday

Date : 20/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions from Section – A including Q.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Attempt any **TWO** questions from Section B.
- 3) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all questions carry 12 marks each.

SECTION – A

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR**:
- a) Cognizance by magistrate
 - b) Compoundable and non-compoundable offence
 - c) Search warrant
 - d) Anticipatory bail
 - e) Distinguish between cognizable and non cognizable offences
 - f) Rights of arrested persons
- Q.2** What is charge? Explain form and contents of charge and discuss the provisions regarding joinder of charges.
- Q.3** What is arrest? Discuss the circumstances when police may arrest without warrant, along with duties of officer making arrest.
- Q.4** Discuss critically provisions regarding maintenance of wives, children and parents under Criminal Procedure Code Act.
- Q.5** State the Hierarchy of criminal Courts and Explain the provisions relating to powers of magistrate to pass sentences.
- Q.6** 'Granting of bail in non-bailable offence is discretionary'. Critically examine the provisions under criminal procedure code relating to bail in non-bailable offences with recent case laws.
- Q.7** Explain stages of summary trial under Criminal Procedure Code 1973.

SECTION – B

- Q.8** What is 'Juvenile delinquency'? Explain the Powers and functions of Juvenile Board under Juvenile Justice Act, 2000.
- Q.9** Discuss the object of Probation of Offenders Act and Explain the power and procedure of court to release of certain offenders under the probation of offender Act.
- Q.10** Write note on:
- a) Child Welfare Committee
 - b) Probation officer and its duties under Act

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Subject : Optional - VI : b) Information Technology & Law

Day : Friday
Date : 22/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions and **Q.1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

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- Q.1** Write a short note on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Digital signature certificate
 - b) Social networking
 - c) Define Internet
 - d) Define Computer
 - e) Convergence
 - f) Disadvantages of E-Commerce
- Q.2** Discuss silent features of Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2008.
- Q.3** Elaborate in detail provisions related to Certifying Authorities under I. T. Act, 2000.
- Q.4** Critically evaluate Sec. 66-A with the help of landmark judgment of Supreme Court under which this provision is declared as null and void.
- Q.5** Discuss jurisdiction principles under international law. Enumerate challenges in enforcement of law in cyber space.
- Q.6** Discuss functions and power of Controller under I.T. Act,2000.
- Q.7** Discuss in detail establishment, composition, qualifications, power of Cyber Appellate Tribunal .
- Q.8** Explain the concept of E-Governance under the I. T. Act, 2000.
- Q.9** Critically evaluate the provisions relating to "Computer, Computer System, Computer Network" under the I.T. Act, 2000.
- Q.10** Discuss Amendments made due to the IT Act, 200 in IPC and Evidence Act and Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

Subject : Optional - VI : a) Interpretation of Statutes

Day : Friday

Date : 22/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks.

Q. 1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:

- a) Statute must be read as a whole
- b) Omission not to be inferred
- c) Same word same meaning
- d) Preamble
- e) Rule of Last antecedent
- f) Marginal notes

Q. 2 A statutory enactment must ordinarily be construed according to plain and natural meaning of its language, and no words should be added or altered. Discuss the Golden rule of interpretation.

Q. 3 A purposive construction of an enactment is one which gives effect to the legislative purpose. Explain the above statement with reference to rule of construction in Heydon's case.

Q. 4 Many a times the courts take help of such aids which are present outside the statute, which are called as external aids of interpretation. Explain the various external aids of interpretation.

Q. 5 There is no ready test or variable formula to determine whether a provision is Mandatory or Directory provision. Explain the subsidiary rules related to the mandatory and directory provisions.

Q. 6 The court shall not interpret the statutory fiscal provision in such a manner which would create an additional fiscal burden on a person. Discuss the rules of interpretation related to the fiscal statutes.

Q. 7 The rules of interpretation widely differ in cases of penal and remedial statutes. Distinguish between penal and remedial statutes.

Q. 8 As a general rule, after a temporary statute has expired no proceeding can be taken upon it and it ceases to have any further effect. Explain the expiry of temporary statutes.

Q. 9 A consolidating and amending Act collects the statutory law hearing upon a particular subject and brings it down to date. Explain the consolidating and codifying of a statute.

Q.10 The Constitution is a living document and hence the constitutional provisions have to be construed having regard to the march of time and the development of law. Discuss the rules related to interpretation of constitutional documents.

Subject : Art of Advocacy

Day : Monday
Date : 25/04/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Value of Humor in Court
- b) Advice to Client
- c) Video Conferencing
- d) Devotion to Justice
- e) Rights of Advocate
- f) Legal Aid

Q.2 What is Professional Misconduct? Explain the power and procedure of State Bar Council to punish for professional or other misconduct.

Q.3 Explain the provisions relating to qualification and disqualification of a person for enrollment as an Advocate under Advocates Act, 1961.

Q.4 Discuss in detail duties of Advocate towards Client, Court and Society.

Q.5 Explain the rules as to trial tactics with reference to preparing contest during and after trial.

Q.6 State the order of Delivery of Evidence in court and explain the object, limitation and importance of cross examination.

Q.7 What is Doctrine of Precedent? Explain concept of 'Ratio Decidendi' and 'obitor dicta' with the help of relevant provisions and case laws.

Q.8 Explain the significance and impact of information technology in legal profession.

Q.9 Explain in detail the qualities and skills required for success in legal profession.

Q.10 Discuss the role of Advocate in Protection of Human Rights through PIL with relevant case laws.

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