

**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**

**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**

**SUBJECT : GENERAL ENGLISH-IV (LEGAL LANGUAGE)**

Day : Friday

Date : 20-05-2022

**S-12535-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks : 60

N.B:

- 1) All question are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 a)** Write shorts notes on the following (ANY THREE) (06)
- i) Mixed questions of law
  - ii) Legal reasoning
  - iii) Obiter dicta
  - iv) Harmonious construction
  - v) Form and nature of Judgement
- b)** Explain the following legal maxims (ANY THREE) (06)
- i) Ejusdem generis
  - ii) Vigilantibus et non dormientibus jura sub veniunt
  - iii) Injuria sine damnum
  - iv) Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea
  - v) Ut res magis valeat quam pereat
- Q.2 a)** Explain the following legal terms (ANY THREE) (06)
- i) Sale
  - ii) Decree
  - iii) Divorce
  - iv) Preamble
  - v) Stare decisis
- b)** i) The court will try to avoid unreasonable, inconvenient and anomalous results. Explain the modified rule of interpretation in the light of above statement. (06)
- OR**
- ii) "Contemporaneous exposition is the best and strongest in law". Justify with the help of judicial pronouncements. (06)
- Q.3 a)** Reasoning is the action of constructing thoughts into valid argument. Elucidate with inductive and deductive approach. (12)
- OR**
- b)** "A precedent is something that sets a standard for future events". In the light of this statement, explain the doctrine and rules of precedent in India. (12)
- Q.4 a)** What is Judicial Process? Describe the common law model of Judicial Process. (12)
- OR**
- b)** "It is no longer prudent to write a long and verbose judgement, with uncontrolled expressions and citations". Comment with the help of general rules for writing a judgement. Also elaborate on form and nature of judgement. (12)
- Q.5 a)** Write a legal essay on "Permitting live-in relationship in India". (12)
- OR**
- b)** Do you agree with the following statements? If yes, why? If no, why not? (ANY FOUR) (12)
- i) All people should have the right to own guns.
  - ii) Juveniles should be tried and treated as adults.
  - iii) Violent video games should be banned.
  - iv) Homework should be banned in all schools till fifth standard.
  - v) Women shall have a right to take one day paid leave from work during menstruation.

**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**

**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**

**SUBJECT : BUSINESS COMMUNICATION**

Day : Monday  
Date : 23-05-2022

**S-12536-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**
- 2) Figure to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

- Q.1** Explain the different medias of Communication. (12)  
**OR**
- Q.1** Write Short Note on (ANY TWO) (12)  
a) BATNA  
b) Emotional Intelligence  
c) Socio-psychological barrier  
d) Minutes of the meeting
- Q.2** Explain the different barriers to Listening. (12)  
**OR**
- Q.2** Explain the Dos and Don'ts of presentation. (12)
- Q.3** Explain the channels of Oral and Written Communication. (12)  
**OR**
- Q.3** Explain Kinesics and its impact in detail. (12)
- Q.4** Explain how MIS helps a manager take a better decision. (12)  
**OR**
- Q.4** Explain how Soft Skills help to gain and retain a job. (12)
- Q.5** Explain how Ecommerce is a boon for Business Communication. (12)  
**OR**
- Q.5** Write Short Note on: (ANY TWO) (12)  
a) Process of communication  
b) Cross Cultural Communication barriers  
c) Persuasion

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**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**

**SUBJECT : ECONOMICS & LAW - III**

Day : Wednesday

Date : 25-05-2022

**S-12537-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carry **12** marks.
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**Q.1** Write short notes on: (12)  
a) Scope of Macro Economics  
b) Devaluation

**OR**

**Q.1** Is understanding of economics necessary in the field of law? Justify your answer.

**Q.2** What are trade cycles? Explain the prosperity and recession phases of trade cycles. (12)

**OR**

**Q.2** What is 'Privatization'? Explain the importance of privatization as an integral component of New Economic Policy of 1991.

**Q.3** Explain Balance of Payments in terms of current account and capital account. (12)

**OR**

**Q.3** Discuss the relationship between MRTP act and Economics.

**Q.4** What are the measures taken by the Reserve Bank of India to control inflation in the economy? (12)

**OR**

**Q.4** 'Law plays an important role in the growth of foreign trade and thereby the economic development of the nation'. Explain.

**Q.5** What is tax avoidance? What is the role played by the administration in controlling the extent of tax avoidance in the economy? (12)

**OR**

**Q.5** The New Economic Policy of 1991 has helped India develop at a faster rate. Do you agree? Justify your answer.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**  
**SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW-I (MARRIAGE, DIVORCE & MATRIMONIAL**  
**DISPUTES)**

Day : Friday  
Date : 27-05-2022

**S-12538-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1 a)** "Muslim Marriage is a civil contract upon the completion of which by proposal and acceptance all the rights and obligations arise immediately and simultaneously". Explain.

**OR**

**b)** "Conjugal Rights under section 9 of Hindu Marriage Act is not merely creature of the statute, such a right is inherent in the very institution of marriage itself". Explain Section 9 in detail with leading case laws.

**Q.2 a)** "The Special Marriage Act, 1954 is an Act of the parliament of India enacted to provide a special form of marriage for the people of India and all Indian national in foreign countries, irrespective of the religion or faith followed by either party. Explain in detail important features of Special Marriage Act, 1954.

**OR**

**b)** "From the earliest days of Christian faith, Christians have honored marriage, or holly matrimony as a divinely blessed, lifelong monogamous union, between a man and a woman". State the procedure for marriage of Indian Christians under Christian law.

**Q.3 a)** "Talaq considered in Islam to be a reprehensible means of divorce". Describe unilateral form of talaq and elaborate the classification of talaq.

**OR**

**b)** "Parsis has originated from country of Iran to India and there exist the need for the particular community to deal with the marriage and its connected terms". Enunciate the procedure for solemnization of marriage under Parsi Law?

**Q.4 a)** Write note on:  
i) Theories of Divorce                      ii) Sources of Muslim Law

**OR**

**b)** Write note on:  
i) Schools of Hindu Law                      ii) Dower

**Q.5 a) i)** 'A' and 'B' married under Christian Law. 'A' the husband went to UK on special training leaving his wife in India. In the absence of 'A' his parents demanded additional dowry from B. The same was informed by B to her husband through e-mail. 'A' in his reply supported his parents. What is the remedy available to B?

**ii)** Seema vs. Ashwani Kumar.

**OR**

**b) i)** 'A' married 'B' by exchange of garlands in a temple. Later 'A' married 'C' by performing Saptapadi. 'B' and 'C' belong to communities in which Saptapadi is essential marriage ceremony. 'B' when got to know of 'A's' second marriage, sought declaration that marriage between 'A' and 'C' is null and void. Decide.

**ii)** Dastane vs. Dastane.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**

**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**

**SUBJECT : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

Day : Monday  
Date : 30-05-2022

**S-12539-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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**Q.1 a)** The Indian Constitution sets up a Federal System of government with strong centralizing tendencies. Discuss the salient features of Indian Federalism.

**OR**

**b)** Critically examine the Constitutional scheme of distribution of Legislative powers between the Centre and State.

**Q.2 a)** Explain the powers and functions of President of India.

**OR**

**b)** Discuss the Administrative Relations between Centre and State.

**Q.3 a)** Critically evaluate the privileges, powers and immunities of Parliament and its members under the Indian Constitution.

**OR**

**b)** Provisions for amendment of the Constitution is made with a view to overcome the difficulties which may encounter in future in the working of the Constitution. Discuss the power of Parliament to amend the Indian Constitution.

**Q.4 a)** What is meant by failure of Constitutional machinery in a State? Explain its effects with decided cases.

**OR**

**b)** Examine the difference between Money bill and Ordinary bill introduced in the House of Indian Parliament.

**Q.5 a)** 'A' was appointed on an official capacity to the higher post. After two years of service he was reverted to his original post on the ground of unsatisfactory work. Is it valid? Discuss.

**b)** Case study on I.R. Coelho v. State of Tamil Nadu AIR 2007 SC 8617.

**OR**

**a)** An Air Force vehicle was carrying hockey team to Indian Air Force Station to play a match against a team of Indian Air Force. After the match was over, the driver was going to park the vehicle when he caused the fatal accident by his negligence. Discuss the liability of government.

**b)** Case study on Lily Thomas v. Union of India AIR 2013. SC 2662.

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**B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**

**B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - IV : : SUMMER - 2022**

**SUBJECT : FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING**

Day : Wednesday  
Date : 01-06-2022

**S-12540-2022**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N. B. :**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 carry **15** marks each and remaining questions carry **10** marks each.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Use of non-programmable calculator is **ALLOWED**.

**Q. 1 A) Fill in the blanks: (05)**

- i) The system of double entry book keeping is based on \_\_\_\_\_ concept.
- ii) A bank \_\_\_\_\_ account holder is permitted for overdraft from account.
- iii) Purchase of furniture of credit is recorded in \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv) Balance sheet is not an \_\_\_\_\_ but a \_\_\_\_\_.
- v) Under \_\_\_\_\_ method amount of depreciation changes every year.

**B) Classify following in Asset or Liability: (05)**

- |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| i) Capital               | vi) Trade payables        |
| ii) Goodwill             | vii) Bank overdraft       |
| iii) Outstanding rent    | viii) 8 % Government Bank |
| iv) Preliminary expenses | ix) Computer              |
| v) Building              | x) Prepaid Insurance      |

**C) List the software used in accounting. Explain any 2 with advantages and disadvantages. (05)**

**OR**

**A) Define Accountancy. Explain any 5 principles of accounting. (05)**

**B) Explain in detail types of crossing of cheque. (05)**

**C) Explain importance of Book Keeping and Accountancy. (05)**

**Q. 2 Journalize the following entries and prepare necessary ledger A/C: (10)**

In the books of Minal for the month of January

Date	Particulars
1	Opened a current A/c with SBI by depositing ₹ 1,50,000.
2	Goods sold on credit to Mr. Mehta for ₹ 25,000 @ 10 % Trade Discount and 2 % cash discount.
3	Purchased goods for ₹ 35,000 @ 10 % Trade discount and paid Cash immediately by cheque ₹ 30,000.
4	Paid ₹ 500 for rent and ₹ 3,000 for stationary.
5	Goods purchased were returned ₹ 3,000 gross.

**P. T. O.**

OR

Q. 2 Prepare necessary subsidiary books for Mr. Sham. (10)

Cash book has a Debit Balance of ₹ 10,000

Date	Particulars
1	Cash purchases of ₹5,000 and ₹ 15,000 on credit from Mr. Oak @ 10 % Trade Discount (on credit only)
2	Sold goods to Mr. Dharam @ 10 % Trade Discount ₹ 20,000.
3	Mr. Oak returned goods worth ₹ 1,000 taken on credit only.
4	Cash deposited in Bank ₹ 1,000.
5	Paid electricity charges ₹ 300.
6	Purchased furniture ₹10,000 and paid for carriage ₹ 500.
7	Goods sold to Mr. Shree @ 12 % Trade Discount. worth ₹ 15,000.
8	Goods distributed as free sample ₹ 1,500.
9	Mr. Shree returned Goods worth ₹10,000 net.
10	Purchased goods worth ₹ 10,000 @ 10 % Trade Discount ½ paid in cash, ¼ by cheque and ¼ by credit from Mr. Satish.

Q. 3 Prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31<sup>st</sup> June, 2019 (10)

Date	Particulars
1	Bank Pass book showed a favourable balance of ₹ 9,214.
2	Bank credited the sum of ₹ 1,650 by mistake.
3	Cheque of ₹4,500 issued on 29 <sup>th</sup> June but presented for payment on 2 <sup>nd</sup> July.
4	As per standing instruction Bank transferred ₹ 950 for our loan A/c.
5	A cheque of ₹ 600 received, deposited and credited by banks, was recorded wrongly in cash column in the cash book.
6	Cheque of ₹ 8,500 were deposited in June but cheque of ₹ 6,000 only was cleared by bank.

OR

Q. 3 Prepare a Trial Balance (10)

Particulars	₹
Capital	50,000
Debtors	2,500
Wages	3,500
Depreciation	1,500
Furniture	12,500
Advertisement	2,500
Bad Debts	600
Carriage	2,500
Purchases	15,000
Salary	4,500
Sales	40,000
Postage	250
Creditors	4,000
Land and Building	45,000
Bank Loan	2,000
Cash In Hand	1,250
Rent	2,900
Drawings	1,500

- Q. 4** M/s. Sagar Ltd. Purchased a machinery for ₹ 3,00,000 on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2015 (10)  
 additional machinery was acquired for ₹ 3,00,000 on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2016  
 and for ₹ 50,000 on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2017.  
 Machinery purchased on 10<sup>th</sup> September, 2015 was sold for ₹ 2,30,000 on  
 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2017.  
 Prepare Machinery A/c., Depreciation A/c. for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March,  
 depreciation charged @ 10 % p.a. on written down value method.

**OR**

- Q. 4** Calculate Ratios from the following: (10)
- i) Gross profit
  - ii) Net profit
  - iii) Debt to equity
  - iv) Current ratio
  - v) Liquid ratio
- Balance Sheet of ABC ltd.

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
30,000 Equity Shares	3,00,000	Fixed Asset	3,50,000
Long Term Debts	1,00,000	Inventory	65,000
Accounts Payable	80,000	Accounts Receivable	60,000
Other Current Liabilities	20,000	Cash	25,000
	<b>5,00,000</b>		<b>5,00,000</b>

**Income Statement**

Particulars	₹
Sales	9,00,000
Cost of Goods Sold	(4,00,000)
General Administration and Selling Expenses	(1,00,000)
All Other Expenses	(2,50,000)
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>1,50,000</b>

- Q. 5** From the following ledger balance of Ultra tech Ltd. Prepare the Balance (15)  
 sheet of the company as on 31-3-2017 as per schedule III of Companies Act

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
Equity Share Capital	26,00,000	Advances to employees	1,50,000
General Reserve	30,000	Discount on Issue of Debentures (un written off)	12,500
12 % Debenture	4,00,000	Tools and equipment	3,75,000
Land and Building	15,54,970	Gratuity Fund	3,00,000
Goodwill	10,00,000	Debtors	1,38,250
Bank Overdraft	2,45,100	Cash at Bank	1,57,160
Proposed Dividend	82,000	Stores and Spares	1,77,800
Prepaid Insurance	25,000	Profit and Loss A/c (credit)	21,490
Mutual Fund	1,68,000	Bills Receivable	44,600
Interest Payable	32,400	Sundry Creditors	92,560