SUBJECT: ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Day : Thursday
Date : 15/11/2018

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

W-2018-1391

Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Separation of Powers
 - b) Sub-delegation
 - c) Lokpal and Lokayukta
 - d) Promissory Estoppel
 - e) Exclusion of Judicial Review
 - f) Injunction
- Q.2 "Administrative Law is that branch of the law which controls the administrative operation of Government". Discuss.
- Q.3 'Today the question is not whether delegated legislation is desirable or not, but what controls and safeguards can be introduced so that the power, conferred is not misused or misapplied'. Discuss the (Parliamentary) legislative control over delegated legislation.
- Q.4 "Principles of Natural Justice are minimum set of moral standards to be followed by the executive not only when they function in quasi judicial capacity but also when their functions are purely relating to administration". Comment.
- Q.5 Examine the reasons for the growth of Administrative Tribunals in India.
- Q.6 "Governments power to enter into Contract is prescribed by the Constitution of India which is different and independent from the Contract Act". Examine.
- Q.7 Discuss the nature, scope, powers and functions of Commission of Inquiry under the Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952.
- Q.8 "Public undertaking must be given maximum autonomy necessary for functional efficiency; however they must be subject to governmental as well as legislative control". Comment.
- Q.9 Define Administrative Discretion. Explain the circumstances when the courts can interfere with the discretionary powers exercised by the administration.
- Q.10 Discuss the nature and scope of writ remedies available to an individual under the Constitution of India.

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SUBJECT: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Day : Wednesday
Date : 21/11/2018

W-2018-1393

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max. Marks: 80

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- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) TRIPS
 - b) Passing off
 - c) WIPO
 - d) Literary works
 - e) Patent in addition
 - f) Salient features of Designs Act, 2000
- Q.2 Explain the need of harmonizing the Intellectual Property Laws, and also state how it is done in the light of various international conventions.
- Q.3 Discuss in detail the process of obtaining the patent.
- Q.4 When the compulsory licensing can be issued and what are the factors which are taken into consideration while issuing the same.
- Q.5 Explain in detail the concept of Trademark and also state what is a good trademark.
- Q.6 "Piracy is the only offence which can committed in respect of registered Designs".

 Justify.
- Q.7 Write notes on:
 - a) Goodwill
 - **b)** Patent on life forms
- **Q.8** Explain in detail the concept of trade secret.
- **Q.9** Explain the concept of fair deal in detail.
- Q.10 Discuss the concept of infringement in respect of copyright in detail, and also state the remedies for infringement.

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SUBJECT: LAW OF EVIDENCE

Day

Saturday

W-2018-1392

Time: 02.

02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Date

17/11/2018

Max. Marks: 80

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- 1) Attempt any SIX including Q. No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write Short Notes (ANY FOUR)
 - a) Admission
 - b) Proof of Alibi
 - c) Test Identification Parade
 - d) Doctrine of Res Gestae
 - e) Impeaching credit of witness
 - f) Leading question
- Q.2 Define 'Relevant Fact' and 'Fact in issue' and bring out clearly the distinction between the two.
- Q.3 Define 'Evidence' and explain 'Direct' and 'Circumstantial evidence'.
- Q.4 'No confession made to a police officer shall be proved as against a person accused of any offence.' Comment.
- **Q.5** Define 'Dying Declaration'. When is it made? Who is authorized to record it?
- **Q.6** Who is an Expert? When his opinion is relevant? What is the evidentiary value of Expert evidence?
- Q.7 Define 'Document'. "The contents of document may be proved either by Primary or Secondary evidence". Discuss.
- **Q.8** "The art of Cross-examination is a double-edged weapon". Comment.
- **Q.9** Who is competent to testify? How far professional communication is protected?
- Q.10 Discuss the Doctrine of Estoppel as enunciated under Section 115 of the Indian Evidence Act.

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SUBJECT: OPTIONAL - V: GENDER JUSTICE & FEMINIST JURISPRUDENCE

Day : Saturday

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max. Marks: 80

Date : 24/11/2018

W-2018-1394

N.B.:

1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.

2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Batil and fasid marriage
 - b) Socio legal protection to women as a victim of rape
 - c) Gift under Muslim Law
 - d) Right of Muslim Women in respect of Property
 - e) Rules of Succession for Christain
 - f) Streedhan
- Q.2 Give a brief account of Feminism and Feminist Movement in India.
- Q.3 Discuss various provisions for women under the International Convention on Political and Civil Rights.
- Q.4 "To ensure gender justice in the Indian society, there is utmost necessity to have uniform civil code". Explain.
- Q.5 The Shahbano's case which deal with the maintenance to a Muslim Women is watered down by the enactment of Protection of Muslim Women's Right Act, 1986. Critically evaluate the law relating to maintenance for a Muslim women.
- Q.6 There is strong connection between the custom of Dowry and the domestic violence". Discuss the provisions of Dowry Prohibition Act.
- Q.7 "Sexual Harassment of Women particularly of the working women at work places by their male counter parts, is one of the evils of the modern society". Discuss with the help of landmark judgments.
- **Q.8** What are the essentials of marriage under the Indian Christian Marriage Act? State the grounds for dissolution of Marriage.
- Q.9 The state is under an obligation for securing just and humane conditions of work and for maternity relief. Discuss how the state has been successful in achieving these goals with reference to Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.
- Q.10 Discuss various sexual offences against women under the Indian Penal Code.

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SUBJECT: OPTIONAL-V (b) COMPETITION LAW AND PRACTICE

Day : Saturday
Date : 24/11/201

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

: 24/11/2018 W-2018-1395 Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- **Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Competition Fund
 - b) Klors Inc Case
 - c) Features of Federal Trade Competition Act
 - **d)** Relevant Markets
 - e) General Motor Case
 - f) Competition Advocacy
- **Q.2** Define 'Competition in marketplace' and discuss the historical development of competition law in India from pre to post liberalization period.
- Q.3 "The development of competition law started with grant of individual freedom against existing guilds in the Europe in early 18th century" Discuss the salient features of competition law of the European Union.
- **Q.4** "MRTP Act, 1969 tried to eliminate concentration of wealth in the hands of few and to regulate competition in the domestic market" Compare and distinguish the provisions of the MRTP and the Competition Act.
- Q.5 "Competition Commission is an independent regulatory body under the Competition Act,2002"Discuss the structure, power and functions of the CCI
- Q.6 "Abuse of Dominant position is prohibited under the Competition Act, 2002". Explain the concept of Dominant Position' and the abuse of it with recent examples.
- **Q.7** "Section 3 of the Competition Act 2002 deals with the prohibition of agreements, which have an adverse impact on competition" Comment and discuss the concept of anti-competitive agreements.
- **Q.8** Define 'Patent' Explain the relation of patent with competition law.
- **Q.9** "The procedures followed by the Competition Appellate Tribunal will be guided by principles of natural Justice" Elaborate the structure, powers and functions of the CAT."
- Q.10 Discuss the provisions of the Competition Law regarding mergers and acquisitions.

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