

Subject : Environmental Law

Day : Monday

Date : 21/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Meaning of environment
 - b) Copenhagen conference on environment and development
 - c) Criminal liability of corporate officials
 - d) National Board for wild life
 - e) Sanctuary and National Parks
 - f) Hazardous substance
- Q.2** The Constitution of India obligates the 'state' as well as 'citizens' to protect and improve the environment. Discuss the different provisions of the constitution concerning the protection of environment.
- Q.3** "The judiciary in India has played a very important role in the environmental protection and has applied the principles of sustainable development". Comment with landmark case laws.
- Q.4** Discuss the different provisions for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
- Q.5** Explain the steps taken by the legislature for the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution in the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate the law relating to the Preservation, conservation and Protection of Forests in India.
- Q.7** Evaluate the important features of Stockholm declaration.
- Q.8** What is the concept of absolute liability? How far it protects the environment?
- Q.9** Explain the sources of Noise Pollution. Examine the legal control of noise pollution in India.
- Q.10** "Sustainable development is a process of change in which the exploitation of resources, the direction of investments, and the orientation of technological and institutional change are all in harmony and enhance both current and future potential to meet human needs and aspirations". Comment.

Subject : Labour Laws

Day : Monday

Date : 21/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) 'Fatal Accidents' under Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923
 - b) 'Award' under Industrial Dispute Act, 1947
 - c) Fine under Payment of Wages Act, 1936
 - d) Amalgamation of Trade Unions under Trade Unions Act, 1926
 - e) Unfair Labour Practices
 - f) Welfare Officer under Factories Act, 1948
- Q.2** What are the various authorities under the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947, which help to settle Industrial Disputes? Discuss briefly functions of each.
- Q.3** What is Retrenchment? Discuss fully the conditions precedent to retrenchment of workman provided by the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947?
- Q.4** What are the rights and liabilities of Registered Trade Unions under the Trade Unions Act, 1926?
- Q.5** "Accident arising out of and in the course of employment is the basis for compensation". Discuss with the help of Workmen Compensation Act, 1923.
- Q.6** Discuss the provisions relating to Hazardous Processes and specific responsibility of the Occupier in relation to it, as per the Factories Act, 1948.
- Q.7** Discuss the procedure for fixing and revising the minimum rates of wages under Minimum Wages Act, 1948.
- Q.8** What are the conditions for payment of maternity benefit under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961? When is the benefit forfeited?
- Q.9** State the object and scope of Payment of Wages Act, 1936 and describe the categories of persons to whom the act applies?
- Q.10** Discuss the concept of Collective Bargaining and point of its merits and demerits.

Subject : Public International Law

Day : Friday

Date : 18/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q. No. 1** is carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Equality of State
- b) Pacta sunt servanda
- c) Continental Shelf
- d) De-facto Recognition
- e) International Terrorism
- f) Contiguous Zone

Q.2 Give the new definition of International Law as given by Oppenheim. What are the challenges before International law in the present era?

Q.3 Compare the Custom and Treaty as a sources of International law. What is the utility of these sources in present context?

Q.4 Define 'State' and give the classification of states.

Q.5 Give the meaning of State Succession? What are the consequences of state succession?

Q.6 'Recognition clothes the recognized state with rights and duties under International law'. Critically evaluate this statement.

Q.7 Examine the provisions of the Outer Space Treaty 1967. What is the object of this treaty?

Q.8 Explain Negotiation, Good Offices and Mediation as a means of settlement of international disputes. How far they are effective?

Q.9 Explain, how International Court of Justice settles the International disputes? What are limitations before it?

Q.10 What is 'Ratification of Treaty'? What are the consequences of non ratification of a treaty?

Subject : Human Rights & International Law

Day : Friday

Date : 18/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY THREE** questions from each section in all including **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** which are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** carries **16** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

SECTION - A

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Rights of Indigenous Population
 - b) Classification of Human Rights
 - c) Rights of Child
 - d) Right to Development
 - e) Rights of Refugees
 - f) Law of Internal Armed Conflicts
- Q.2** 'Though Human Rights as a notion was developed since long yet with the passage of time they have been classified in different categories'. Comment.
- Q.3** Outline the features and importance of International Covenant on Political and Civil Rights.
- Q.4** What is Humanitarian Law? Discuss various rights available to Prisoners of War.
- Q.5** The creation of National Human Rights Commission under Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 has marked the beginning of the new era in India. Explain.

SECTION - B

- Q.6** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Maritime Belt
 - b) Five Freedoms of Air
 - c) State Sovereignty
 - d) Contraband
 - e) Law Making Treaties
 - f) Jurisdiction of ICJ
- Q.7** International Law is primarily concerned with rights, duties and interests of states'. Comment.
- Q.8** Critically examine the sources of international law as enumerated in Art38 of the Statute of International Court of Justice.
- Q.9** What is State Succession? Discuss the passing of rights and obligations upon state succession.
- Q.10** 'A state becomes and is an international person through recognition only and exclusively'. Elucidate.

Subject : Contract- II (Indian Contract Act, Indian Partnership Act, Sale of Goods Act, & Other Specific Contracts)

Day : Wednesday

Date : 23/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **16** marks each.
-

Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Right of Lien
- b) Contract of Indemnity
- c) Partnership and co-ownership
- d) Agency by ratification
- e) Promissory Note
- f) Caveat Emptor

Q.2 Define Bailment. When does a bailment come to an end?

Q.3 Define Pledge. Explain rights and duties Pawnor.

Q.4 State the circumstances in which a surety is discharged from liability.

Q.5 Explain the nature of a contract of sale of goods and bring out clearly the distinction between Sale and Agreement to Sell.

Q.6 'A seller cannot convey a better title to the buyers than he himself has'. Discuss.

Q.7 Define Partnership and compare it with Joint Hindu Family.

Q.8 What is meant by dissolution of a firm? In what different cases will the court order dissolution of firm.

Q.9 Define Holder in due course. What are his privileges under the Negotiable Instrument Act 1881?

Q.10 Explain the general provisions of Hire Purchase Act.

Subject : Company Law

Day : Wednesday

Date : 23/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all including Q.No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q.No. 1 carries **20** marks and all others carry **12** marks.
-

Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Extraordinary Meeting
- b) Lien on Shares
- c) Debenture Trust Deed
- d) Floating Charge
- e) Turquand Rule
- f) Statutory Report

Q.2 What is MOA & AOA of a company? Distinguish between them.

Q.3 Explain the transfer of shares and transmission of shares.

Q.4 Explain the liabilities in case of misstatement & commission in the procedures of a company.

Q.5 What is winding up? Explain voluntary winding up of a company.

Q.6 Explain the appointment removal directions in a company.

Q.7 Who is member of a company? Explain the different modes for becoming a member of a company.

Q.8 Define shares. Explain different kinds of shares.

Q.9 What are debentures? Explain the remedies available to a Debenture holder.

Q.10 What is lifting of corporate veil? Explain the circumstances in which the veil can be lifted.

Subject : Optional-III a) Right to Information

Day : Monday

Date : 28/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) History of Right to Information, 2005
 - b) Right to Know under Right to Information, 2005
 - c) E-Governance
 - d) Function of State Information Commission
 - e) Obligations of Public Authorities
 - f) Jurisdiction and Right to Information, 2005
- Q.2** Discuss the aim and Objectives of the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.3** Define 'Human Rights' and Explain the nature and characteristics of the Rome Convention for the Protection of Human rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950.
- Q.4** Critically elucidate the powers and function of Information Commission under the Right to Information Act, 2005 with the help of recent cases.
- Q.5** Elucidate the purpose and contents of the Public Records Act, 1993 with reference to Right to Information.
- Q.6** Enumerate the provision relating to the eligibility criteria of appointment of Central Information Commissioner under the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.7** Discuss the provisions of 'Appeal' and 'Penalties' under 'Right to Information Act, 2005' with the help of recent case laws.
- Q.8** Write a detail note on Constitutional perspective of right to Information along with landmark cases.
- Q.9** Describe the reports introduced by the Indian Government in relations to Public Interest Disclosures.
- Q.10** Discuss the concept of breach of confidentiality and privacy with the help of provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000.

Subject : Optional-III b) Corporate Governance

Day : Monday

Date : 28/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N. B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carry **20** marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
-

Q.1 Write Short notes **ANY FOUR** of the following:-

- a) Corporate Governance Standards in India.
- b) Corporate Governance in Australia.
- c) Corporate Governance under companies Act, 1956.
- d) Board and its accountability.
- e) Role of SRO in Corporate Governance.
- f) Importance of Listing agreement.

Q.2 Discuss the role of SEBI under reforms in Corporate Governance.

Q.3 Explain the impact of International Committee Recommendations in Corporate Governance.

Q.4 Elaborate Transparency, fairness and efficiency of markets issues in Corporate Governance.

Q.5 What are the Corporate Governance Standards and Practices in IT and Engineering industry in India?

Q.6 State and Explain reduction of Systematic Risk and Legal compliance in Corporate Governance

Q.7 Discuss the importance of Board and Directors compensation in Corporate Governance.

Q.8 Elucidate various disclosure and transparency requirement under Corporate Governance.

Q.9 Evaluate effect of different types of Board Structures in different countries.

Q.10 Discuss meaning nature and scope of Corporate Governance.

Subject : Family Law - II (Matrimonial Property, Guardianship & Adoption)

Day : Friday

Date : 25/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Son's pious obligation
- b) Doctrine of Mushaa
- c) Marz - ul - maut
- d) Rules of Succession of Parsis
- e) Maintenance under Criminal Procedure Code
- f) Doctrine of Cypress

Q.2 Explain the provisions of Customary Hindu Law regarding partition of property of Joint Hindu Family. Explain different kinds of property. Can partition be reopened?

Q.3 Discuss the general principles of succession in case of Hindu male dying intestate.

Q.4 Discuss the changes brought about by legislation in law of adoption under Hindu Law.

Q.5 Define Hiba and discuss in detail different kinds of Hiba under Muslim Law.

Q.6 Explain the general principles of succession under Muslim Law and discuss the Hanafi Law of inheritance.

Q.7 Explain the meaning of wakf. Discuss the essentials of a Muslim wakf and explain the rights and liabilities of a Mutawalli.

Q.8 Write notes on:

- a) Guardianship under Hindu Law
- b) Guardianship under Muslim Law

Q.9 Explain rules of succession for Christian male dying intestate.

Q.10 Explain the provisions of Indian Succession Act regarding execution of privileged and unprivileged wills.

Subject : Women & Law & Law Relating to Child

Day : Friday

Date : 25/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions by choosing at least **THREE** questions from Section -A and Section -B each including **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** which are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** carries **16** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks.

SECTION-A

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Sati
 - b) Vishakha v State of Rajasthan
 - c) Salient features of Dowry Prohibition Act
 - d) Legislations for regulating wages
 - e) Position of women in India before Independence
 - f) Utility of Individual counseling in matters of divorce
- Q.2** 'Rape is not only an offence relating to the body but also against the mind'. Comment.
- Q.3** Discuss the law relating to maintenance of wife under Sec 125 Criminal Procedure Code in the light of landmark cases.
- Q.4** Critically evaluate the provisions of the Domestic Violence Act 2005.
- Q.5** Explain the various Constitutional provisions made for women.

SECTION-B

- Q.6** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Prevention of child abuse
 - b) Custody of child
 - c) Juvenile Court
 - d) National Policy Resolution 1974
 - e) Beggary
 - f) Problems of the child in modern society
- Q.7** Examine the provisions of the Juvenile Justice Act 2000 from the point of protection of the interests of juveniles.
- Q.8** Discuss the various legal provisions protecting children's interests in the areas of labour, education and health.
- Q.9** Even though our Constitution provides for the fundamental right to education for children up to 14 years of age yet India still reels under child illiteracy. Explain.
- Q.10** State and explain the law relating to Juvenile delinquency and the legal protection to juveniles