JEEVDHAN: APRIL/MAY-2013

Subject : Basic Features of the Constitution & Justice Delivery System

Day: Monday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Date: 13/05/2013 Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 12335 N.B. Attempt any SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY. 1) 2) Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks. Q.1 Write short note on any FOUR of the following: National freedom struggle Human rights b) c) Concept of liberty d) Socialist Role of High Court in eradicating corruption e) Equality Q.2 Explain in detail the rising level of corruption and the role of Indian judiciary in combating corruption. Q.3 "Corruption has dire global consequences, trapping millions in poverty, misery and breeding social, economic of political unrest". Comment and explain as to how corruption is both a cause of poverty and a barrier to overcoming it. Write a note on Public Interest litigation and also narrate its uses and misuses. Q.4 Q.5 Write a note on Article 21 of Indian Constitution and explain how it can be an

effective tool to face the challenges posed by corruption in India.

Q.6 Explain various problems relating to the representation of women in legislature.

Q.7 Write an essay on Article 32 of the constitution justifying it as an effective tool to combat corruption in India.

Q.8 Explain the concept of Panchayati Raj and also narrate the problems pertaining to the same.

Q.9 Write a note on Universal Declaration of Human Rights and explain its efficacy to deal with problems of corruption.

Q.10 What are the problems in ensuring transparency and accountability in India? How human rights can be implemented more effectively? Suggest some remedies.

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JEEVDHAN: APRIL/MAY-2013

Subject : Anti Corruption Laws in India

Day: Tuesday
Date: 14/05/2013



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Explain Corruption
 - b) Burden of Proof
 - c) Relevancy of Facts
 - d) Lok-pal Bill
 - e) The Controller and Auditor General of India
 - f) Sanction for Prosecution
- Q.2 Discuss the provisions of the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 relating to appointment of special judges and their powers.
- Q.3 Enumerate the functions and powers of Central Vigilance Commission.
- Q.4 Explain in detail the Provisions relating to Summons Trials.
- Q.5 Discuss the provisions relating to the examination of witness under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
- Q.6 Discuss the machinery for investigation under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.
- Q.7 Discuss as to how the Right to Information Act, 2005 help to restrain the spread of corruption.
- Q.8 Explain causes of corruption.
- Q.9 What is Arrest? How it is made. Explain with reference to Cr. P.C.
- Q.10 What is 'Document'? Explain Public and Private documents under the Evidence Act, 1872.

JEEVDHAN: APRIL/MAY - 2013

Subject: Comparative Study of Anti-Corruption Laws

Day: Wednesday
Date: 15/05/2013

17777

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX question including Q.No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and other carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following.
 - a) Proceeds of Crime Act, 2002
 - b) Infiltration
 - c) Royal Ombudsman
 - d) Interception of correspondence
 - e) Books & Records
 - f) Reforms of the French Criminal Procedure Code
- Q.2 Write a detailed note on anti-corruption laws in Sweden.
- Q.3 Explain the concept of 'whistleblower' under Article L1161 of the French Labour Code.
- Q.4 Enumerate the key provisions of the American Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977.
- "Corruption undermines democracy and the rule of law. Corruption distorts national and international trade. Corruption jeopardizes sound governance and ethics." Critically evaluate this statement with specific reference to the United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC).
- Q.6 Enumerate the salient features of the Bribery Act, 2010 as prevalent in United Kingdom.
- Q.7 Write an essay on anti-corruption laws in Denmark.
- Q.8 Enumerate the important provisions of the British Public Bodies Corrupt Practices Act, 1889 in detail.
- Q.9 Write a note on the Australian Commonwealth Electoral Act, 1918.
- Q.10 Explain the concept of 'Ombudsman' in Scandinavian countries.

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JEEVDHAN: APRIL/MAY-2013

Subject : Judicial Guidelines: Lok Ayuktas, Lokpal (Ombudsman)

Day : Thursday
Date : 16/05/2013



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

B:

1) Question No.1 is COMPULSORY.

2) Write any FIVE questions from question 2 to question 10.

- .1 Write short notes on (ANY FOUR)
 - a) Black money
 - b) Misuse of power
 - c) Appointment of high court judge
 - d) Problems of delay
 - e) Advance fee
 - f) Public servant
- 2 Explain how there can be a balance the independence of judiciary and the accountability of judiciary.
- 3 Discuss in detail the provision of impeachment of a supreme court judge.
- 4 Discuss the role of judiciary in combating corruption.
- State the problems arise in bringing the Indian money in India from foreign banks.
- 6 Discuss the origin of Ombudsman in India.
- 7 There is lot of debate on whether Prime Minister shall be brought within the ambit of Lok Pal is a question of debate. Express your views.
- 8 What is understood by Washing a small sample of Black money?
- "Power corrupts and absolute power corrupt absolutely" comment in the light of corruption in judiciary.
- Discuss the Lok Aayukta Act in State of Maharashtra.

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