Anti Corruptions

### Subject: Basic Features of the Constitution & Justice Delivery System

Day : Friday
Date : 19/05/2017

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

#### N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions 12 mark each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on: (Any FOUR)
  - a) Problems of enforcement of Human Right
  - b) Corruption
  - c) Right to information and public servant
  - d) Need for self- imposed restrictions on Judiciary
  - e) Representation of Women in Legislature
  - f) Role of High Court in eradicating corruption
- Q.2 "Corruption is the misuse of public power, office an authority for private benefit through bribery, extortion influence peddling, nepotism, fraud, speed money or embezzlement". Explain problem of corruption with the help of above statement.
- Q.3 What are the problems in ensuring transparency and accountability in India? Explain Judicial Accountability and its application in India.
- Q.4 Explain in brief the making of the Indian constitution and its values to combat corruption.
- Q.5 'One of the objectives of the preamble of our constitution is fraternity, assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the nation". Elucidate.
- Q.6 Write the nature and scope of Art. 21 of Indian Constitution and explain how it can be an effective tool to face the challenges posed by corruption in India.
- Q7 Explain Art. 32 of the constitution is an effective tool to fight against the problems of corruption in India.
- Q.8 'Absolute law corrupts absolutely'. Discuss this statement in relation with bureaucratic corruption.
- Q.9 What are the grounds to file Public Interest Litigation and also narrate its uses and misuses?
- Q.10 "Corruption has dire global consequences, trapping millions in poverty, misery and making unsuccessful of economic and social justice in India". Discuss.

#### JEEVDHAN: SUMMER - 2017

## Subject : Anti Corruption Laws in India

Day: Saturday Date: 20/05/2017

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

#### N.B.

Attempt any SIX questions including Q.1 which is COMPULSORY. 1)

2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
  - Relevancy of facts a)
  - Examination of witnesses b)
  - c) Burden of proof
  - d) Lokpal Bill
  - e) Charge under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973
  - f Arrest under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973
- Q.2 Discuss in detail powers and functions of Central Vigilance Commission.
- Discuss characteristics of Right to Information Act, 2005. Q.3
- Q.4 Critically examine provisions relating to abetment and criminal conspiracy under Indian Penal Code, 1860.
- Q.5 Explain in detail procedure relating to summons trial under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.
- Q.6 Discuss provisions relating to appointment of Special Judge under Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.
- Discuss offences and penalties with landmark judgement under Q.7 Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.
- Discuss offences by or relating to public servant under Indian Penal Code, Q.8 1860.
- Explain the role of Comptroller and Auditor General of India in Q.9prevention of corruption.
- Explain the concept of common intention and common object under Q.10 Indian Penal Code, 1860

# Subject : Comparative Study of Anti - Corruption Laws

Day: Monday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Date: 22/05/2017 Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 N.B. Attempt any SIX questions out of which Q.1 is COMPULSORY. 1) Q.1 carries 20 marks and the remaining questions carries 12 marks each. 2) 0.1 Write short notes on: Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, 1977 a) b) Infiltration Anti-corruption laws in Sweden c) Commonwealth Electoral Act, 1918 d) Reforms of French Criminal Code e) n Books and Records Q.2 "The laws are plenty but hardly these laws are implemented". Critically evaluate this statement in the light of United Nation Convention against Corruption (UNCAC). Q.3 Explain the term "Whistleblower" and discuss protection of Whistleblower under Article L1161 of the French Labour Code in detail. Elucidate the important provisions of The Mutual Assistance in Criminal Q.4 Matters Act, 1987 of Australia and also explain its efficacy to eradicate corruption. Discuss in detail International Anti Corruption and Good Governance Act, Q.5 2000 as prevalent in United States of America. Enumerate the important provisions of the Public Bodies Corrupt Q.6 Practices Act, 1889. Q.7 Write a note on Anti-Corruption laws in Denmark. Write in brief on: 0.8 Proceeds of Crime Act, 2002 a)

b) Prevention of Corruption Act, 1916

Q.9 Enumerate the salient features of the Bribery Act, 2010 as prevalent in United Kingdom.

Q.10 Explain the concept of 'Ombudsman' in Scandinavian countries.

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#### **JEEVDHAN: SUMMER-2017**

## Subject : Judicial Guidelines: Lok Ayuktas, Lokpal (Ombudsman)

Day : Tuesday
Date : 23/05/2017

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Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

#### N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
  - a) Ombudsman in New Zealand
  - b) Corruption and Human Security
  - c) Litigation Ombudsman
  - d) Lok Aayog
  - e) Black Money
  - f) Misuse of Power
- Q.2 "Traditional organs in a democracy do not provide an adequate and effective control mechanism over the administration." Explain this statement with reference to need of an Ombudsman in India.
- Q.3 "Power corrupts and absolute power corrupts absolutely". Explain this statement in light of corruption in judiciary.
- Q.4 Will the provisions in the Lokpal Bill effectively combat corruption? Express your views on the said topic.
- Q.5 "India sometimes glorifies crime." Comment on the statement in the light of reporting done in crimes.
- Q.6 Who is a Public Servant? Write a landmark judgment of Supreme Court regarding Public Servants.
- Q.7 Discuss in detail the provisions for impeachment of Supreme Court Judge.
- Q.8 State the problems in bringing Indian money from foreign banks.
- Q.9 Discuss the procedure for appointment of High Court and Supreme Court judges.
- Q.10 What are the provisions available under The Indian Penal Code dealing with corruption?