

Subject : Cyber Crimes & Indian Perspective

Day : Tuesday

Date : 22/05/2012



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05:30 PM.

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
- a) Cyber Criminal
 - b) Confiscation and Seizure
 - c) Privacy under the Indian Constitution
 - d) Cryptography
 - e) Aim and Object of IT Act
 - f) Cyber Stalking
- Q.2** Discuss the various tools that can be used to commit a Cyber Crime.
- Q.3** Explain in detail provisions relating to digital signature with the reference to Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.4** Define E-Contract. Explain the procedure for entering into E-Contract with the help of latest case laws.
- Q.5** Critically evaluate the role and responsibilities of government Organizations with regards to E-Governance initiatives.
- Q.6** Define 'Contaminant'. Discuss in detail provisions under Information Technology Act, 2000 in respect of liabilities relating to transmission of 'Contaminant'.
- Q.7** Examine the establishment, composition, qualification of the Cyber Appellate Tribunal under Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2000.
- Q.8** Write a note on ANY TWO of the following:
- a) The origin of Computer Crime and Legislation
 - b) The Main waves of International Legislation
 - c) The Council of Europe's Convention on Cyber Crime
- Q.9** Critically evaluate the provisions relating to penalty for breach of Confidentiality and privacy.
- Q.10** Enumerate the salient features of the United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Prevention of Cyber Crime.

Subject : E-Commerce & Taxation

Day : Thursday
Date : 24/05/2012



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05:30 PM.
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Background of Internet Commerce
 - b) The Right to Privacy
 - c) Certification Authority
 - d) Credit Card on Net
 - e) Taxation and Internet Service Provider
 - f) Permanent Establishment for the purposes of E-commerce.
- Q.2** Elaborate the Benefits of E-Commerce with the help of provision of the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.3** Enumerate the impact of E – Commerce on the existing Tax Laws.
- Q.4** Define Electronic Money. Discuss the types of goods and services to be offered for Electronic Money.
- Q.5** State the issues relating to Combating Tax Avoidance and Evasion.
- Q.6** Define E-contract and Explain the essentials of an E-contract with reference to Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.7** Discuss in detail the Proposal, Communications and Submissions to the WTO on the imposition of tariffs and customs on Electronic Commerce.
- Q.8** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following:
- a) Challenges to International Tax
 - b) Global Information Infrastructure Commission (GIIC)
 - c) Uniform Tax Rules.
- Q.9** Elaborate the Concept of Electronic Bill of Lading and its provisions under Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.10** Discuss the salient features of UNCITRAL Model Law.

Subject : Cyber Law: Issues & Related Legislations

Day : Wednesday

Date : 23/05/2012



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05:30 PM.

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
- a) Drafting of E-contract
 - b) E – governance
 - c) IT Act and Civil procedure code
 - d) Online defamation
 - e) Domain name disputes
 - f) Issues of Censorship
- Q.2** Define Intellectual property and discuss the issues related to IP in cyberspace.
- Q.3** What is E-contract? Whether e-contract is a valid contract?
- Q.4** What is Intermediary? Explain the liability of Internet service providers for copyright infringement with reference to Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.5** 'Computer programmes' gets protection in copyright'. Explain.
- Q.6** Compare the provisions for patentability of computer related to inventions in India, US & Europe.
- Q.7** Write a note on privacy and the provisions related to breach of privacy in IT Act, 2000.
- Q.8** Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following:
- a) Napster's case
 - b) IT and Right to Information Act, 2005
 - c) Computer database
- Q.9** Discuss the law relating to semi-conductor, layouts and designs.
- Q.10** Discuss the different International protection for copyright.

Subject : Introduction to Cyberspace & Law

Day : Monday

Date : 21/05/2012



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05:30 PM.

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carry **20** marks & all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on Any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Use of Internet in legal studies
- b) Freedom of speech & expression in Cyberspace
- c) Jurisdiction to enforce
- d) Issues of cyberspace jurisdiction
- e) Dow Jones and Co. Inc. V/s J. Gutnick 2002
- f) Territorial principles of International jurisdiction

Q.2 As technology is increasing day by day, it is difficult to control the cyber crimes. Discuss and suggest the measures to control and prevent cyber crimes.

Q.3 Whenever there is problem of Jurisdiction in any law and procedure, the principle of International Jurisdiction are always there to guide about jurisdiction. Comment.

Q.4 Define intermediary. Discuss the liabilities of ISP.

Q.5 Define and discuss the concept and issues of geography and sovereignty in cyberspace.

Q.6 The basic object of IT Act, 2000 is to govern the E-transactions and commercialization and to control cyber crimes. Explain.

Q.7 Explain the term Jurisdiction. Discuss the European approach to personal jurisdiction.

Q.8 Discuss in detail the emerging jurisprudence of cyberspace.

Q.9 Elucidate the role of judiciary in cyberspace jurisdiction.

Q.10 Discuss the 'minimum contact theory' with special reference to 'International shoe Co's case'.