

Subject : International & Comparative Law : Air & Space

Day : Friday
Date : 09/12/2016



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** Critically analyse the peaceful usage concept of Outer Space and the development of space communication.
- Q.2** Discuss the main provisions of the Outer Space Treaty.
- Q.3** 'The Moon Treaty is a failure as most of the developed nations have refused to ratify it' Discuss.
- Q.4** Explain the legal provisions of launch services, satellite communication and broad casting with reference to IPRs and their violations in technology transfer.
- Q.5** "Indian civil aviation industry is facing problems relating to security and safety of airports". Explain how airport privatization and leasing will help in overcoming them.
- Q.6** Discuss the rights and privileges of air passengers and third party liability for surface damages.
- Q.7** "Uniformity in international air laws in highly necessary for the development of aviation'. Explain the sources and development of air laws in India.
- Q.8** Write short notes on the following:
a) Peaceful and non-peaceful usage of Outer Space
b) Liability in civil aviation

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Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Administrative Law

Day : Saturday
Date : 27/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 “Administrative Law deals with nature of powers of the administration and the manner in which the powers are exercised but does not go into examination of the content of those exercised powers”. Explain.
- Q.2 Explain the theory of ‘Rule of Law’ as propounded by Dicey and also state with suitable example, its application in the Indian legal system.
- Q.3 Explain the extent to which the Doctrine of separation of powers is incorporated in the Constitution of India.
- Q.4 What is delegated legislation? Discuss parliamentary control of delegated legislation.
- Q.5 Is there any difference between error of law and error of jurisdiction in modern circumstances? Explain judicial review of administrative action.
- Q.6 Enumerate nature, scope and extent of liability of government for torts under Article 300 of the Constitution.
- Q.7 Discuss the need and institution of Ombudsman in India.
- Q.8 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
 - a) Contractual liability of the government
 - b) Bias
 - c) Writ of Mandamus
 - d) The right to a fair hearing

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Subject : International & Comparative Law : International Human Rights

Day : Thursday
Date : 25/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** "Declaration sets for the international community a common standard of achievement. It recognize the inherent dignity and equal and inalienable rights of all people in all nations". Evaluate this statement and explain the concept of human rights in international law.
- Q.2** "The United Nations has the duty to promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex language or religion". Comment and discuss this statement in the light of United Nations Charter provisions.
- Q.3** Critically examine role of following regional organizations in the field of human rights and international order.
- a) European Convention on human rights
 - b) African Convention on human rights
- Q.4** Discuss how International Labour Organization promotes, protects and implements the human rights of the labour force all over the world.
- Q.5** "Every individual and every organ of society, keeping Universal Declaration constantly in mind, shall strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms and by progressive measures, national and international, to secure their universal and effective recognition and observance, both among the people of member States themselves and among the people of territories under their jurisdiction". Comment and discuss the provisions of United Declaration.
- Q.6** Discuss the role of NGOs in protection and promotion of human rights in India.
- Q.7** "The need for protection and promotion of human rights is more in the era of liberalization, privatization and globalization". Comment and discuss the enforcement mechanism of human rights.
- Q.8** Write a note on the following:
- a) International Commission of Human Rights
 - b) Functions of UNESCO

Subject : International & Comparative Law : International Economic

Day : Tuesday
Date : 23/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1** 'International economic law is also based on modern and evolving principle such as the duty to co-operate, permanent sovereignty over natural resources and preferential treatment for developing countries in general and least developed countries in particular'. Comment on these principles.
- Q.2** 'The present world economic order is supposed to be guided by the operation of free market forces propelled by free competition and enterprise and based on free movement of goods and services including technology'. Comment.
- Q.3** Outline the provisions of Charter of Economic Rights and Duties.
- Q.4** Discuss the purposes, guiding principles of World Bank.
- Q.5** 'WTO is GATT plus a lot more'. Comment. Is WTO beneficial to India?
- Q.6** WTO has a better dispute settlement system than GATT. Comment.
- Q.7** Give the salient features of UNCITRAL model law on International Commercial attribution 1985.
- Q.8** Explain the following:
a) The International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID)
b) Most Favoured Nation treatment

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Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Fundamental Rights & Directive Principles

Day : Tuesday

Date : 23/05/2017



35077

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 Fundamental rights and directive principles have been placed on equal pedestal and are construed harmoniously. Elucidate with significant precedents.
- Q.2 Analyse the doctrine of reasonable classification with landmark judicial pronouncement.
- Q.3 Reasonable restrictions strike a balance between fundamental rights and social control. Comment on the statement along with landmark precedents.
- Q.4 The Extended meaning of life and personal liberty has allowed the Court to read – in a number of unenumerated rights into Article 21. Enumerate the rights along with judicial verdicts.
- Q.5 Indian Constitution embodies the ideal of the secular state in India which observes an attitude of neutrality and impartiality towards all religions. Comment.
- Q.6 “Violation of fundamental rights is the sine qua non for seeking enforcement of remedy under Article 32”. Evaluate with significant case laws.
- Q.7 Write a critical essay on protection of interest of minorities of India Constitution.
- Q.8 Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
 - a) Right against traffic in human beings
 - b) Right to Education Article 21 A
 - c) State

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Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Centre-State Relations & Constitutional Governance

Day : Saturday

Date : 20/05/2017



35075

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 Federalism is not a static but a dynamic concept. It is always in the process of evolution and constant adjustment from time to time in the light of contemporary needs and the demands being made on it. Explain the nature of Indian Federation.
- Q.2 The essence of federalism has in the distribution of powers between central and state. Explain the legislative relationship between center and state.
- Q.3 Enumerate the circumstances in which the union parliament can make law in respect of state subject. Discuss with the help of various case laws
- Q.4 "In the modern administrative age, administration plays a very significant role by way of enforcing the law and promoting socio-economic welfare of the people, the administrative relationship between the center and state assumes a great significance in a developing country like India." Comment.
- Q.5 The framers of the Constitution felt that, in an emergency, the center should have overriding powers to control and direct all aspects of administration and legislation throughout the country. Evaluate the impact of emergency on center state relations with the help of S.R. Bommai case.
- Q.6 A sound federal system envisages that financial resources between the center and states are allocated in such a way that there exists a balance, equilibrium, between the function and resources at each governmental level. Explain in detail the financial relations between the center and state.
- Q.7 Explain Sarkaria commission report on center – state relationship under the Indian Constitution.
- Q.8 Write notes on:
 - a) Delegation of union function to states
 - b) Finance Commission.

Subject : Constitutional & Administrative Law : Local Self Government & Federal Governance

Day : Thursday
Date : 25/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 Explain the nature, origin and trace the evolution of Local Self Government in India.
- Q.2 Both the 73rd and 74th Amendments seek to decentralize decision making power from top to bottom and this strengthen democracy at the grass roots level. Discuss.
- Q.3 Discuss the composition, powers and functions of local bodies.
- Q.4 What are the different means by which state government exercise control over rural local government?
- Q.5 What role does a Mayor and Municipal Commissioner play in a Municipal Corporation?
- Q.6 Analyse the positive contribution of Local Government to the process of development in India.
- Q.7 What role does a Block Development Officer play in the administration of a Panchayat Samiti?
- Q.8 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
 - a) Gram Panchayat
 - b) Balwantraj Mehta Committee Report
 - c) Function of Zilla Parishad
 - d) Reforms to improve local self government in India

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Subject : Judicial Process

Day : Saturday
Date : 20/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Answer any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1 Critically evaluate the concept of judiciary who makes law as well as interpret law. Discuss the controversy between executives and judiciary?
- Q.2 Examine and analyze the relation between law and justice in context of equivalence theories and dependency theory.
- Q.3 Discuss role of judicial process in constitutional adjudication in light of various theories of judicial role.
- Q.4 Write a critique on concept of Justice or Dharma in Indian thought.
- Q.5 Critically evaluate and discuss varieties of judicial and juristic activism. Discuss with latest case laws.
- Q.6 "The independence of justice theories means to end relationship of law and justice. Explain the relationship in the context of Indian constitutional ordering.
- Q.7 The 99th constitutional amendment was struck –down by Supreme court on 16th October 2015. Critically evaluate the merits and demerits of collegium system and NJAC with reasons.
- Q.8 Write notes on:
 - a) Legal reasoning
 - b) Creativity in Law

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35061

NANNI – II (2002 COURSE): SUMMER – 2017
SUBJECT : JUDICIAL PROCESS

Day : Saturday
Date : 20-05-2017

Time : 10:00 AM TO 1:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY FOUR questions.
 - 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
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- Q.1** Critically evaluate judicial process as an instrument of social ordering in Indian Legal System.
- Q.2** Write an analytical note on Precedent as a tool of judicial creativity.
- Q.3** Elucidate the concept of judicial activism with reference to the arena of Constitutional law.
- Q.4** Critically enumerate the role of Judges and elucidate the notion of judicial review with the help of landmark pronouncements.
- Q.5** Comment and analyze the concept of justice or Dharma in Indian thought.
- Q.6** Write a critique on equivalence theories of justice and its applicability in India.
- Q.7** "Justice depends on law, but justice is not the same as law." Critically evaluate the above statement in the light of dependency theories with reference to Indian Legal System.
- Q.8** Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following:
- a) Judicial Accountability
 - b) Judicial Process – Common Law Model
 - c) Legal reasoning and growth of law

35036

NANNI – II (CBCS – 2015 COURSE) : SUMMER 2017
SUBJECT: LEGAL EDUCATION & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Day: Tuesday
Date: 23-05-2017

Time: 10:00AM TO 1:00PM.
Max Marks. 60

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
-

Q.1 Legal Research is one of the aspects of study of human behavior, their interactions, and attitudes pertaining to any law under the research studies. Comment on the characteristics, utility & objectives of Legal research.

Q.2 Empirical research is mainly concerned with the legal decision process. Elaborate the features & limitation of Empirical Legal Research.

Q.3 Write a critical note on the following methods of Legal Research

- i) Comparative Method
- ii) Scientific Method

Q.4 The first step in formulating the research is to make the problem concrete & explicit by statement. Comment on legal Research problem.

Q.5 Probability sampling method has the advantage of elimination of human bias in sampling. Comment.

Q.6 Explain in detail the Interview method of data collection.

Q.7 Write a note on Data Processing.

Q.8 Write short note on:

- a) Citation rules
- b) Survey Method

35062

NANNI – II (2002 COURSE): SUMMER – 2017
SUBJECT : LEGAL EDUCATION & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Day : Tuesday
Date : 23.05.2017

Time : 10:00 AM TO 1:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY FOUR questions.
 - 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
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- Q.1 Evaluate the objectives of clinical legal education in India with reference to Moot Court, Lok Adalat and legal services.
- Q.2 Evaluate seminar method of teaching and distinguish it from discussion method.
- Q.3 Enumerate the significant aspect in selecting research problem and criteria for selection of the problem.
- Q.4 Examine probability sampling method as one of the significant sampling technique in legal research.
- Q.5 Write a critique on doctrinal and non-doctrinal types of research.
- Q.6 In interview a direct conversation between interviewer and the respondent is held to collect information from the respondent. Elaborate types, merits and demerits of interview technique.
- Q.7 Write an analytical note on research design.
- Q.8 Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following:
- a) Case study method
 - b) Use of computer in legal research
 - c) Report writing

35037

NANNI-II (CBCS – 2015 COURSE) : SUMMER 2017

SUBJECT: (A) BUSINESS LAW GROUP: LAW OF EXPORT IMPORT REGULATION

Day : *Thursday*
Date : *25-05-2017*

Time : *10:00 A.M. To 1:00 P.M.*
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Critically appreciate changing dimensions of Exim policy in content of investment by NRIs, FIIs and FDIs, promotion of foreign trade, service sector and agricultural proceeds.
- Q.2** Discuss the change of state control over import and export of goods from rigidity to liberalization.
- Q.3** Why investments made abroad must be regulated? How the law is tailored to achieve this goal. Where does this law fail? Suggest reforms if any.
- Q.4** The global business environment is very significantly influenced by the World Trade Organization. Comment on its influence on Indian economy.
- Q.5** Discuss the provisions of Customs Act, relating to conveyance and warehousing of goods.
- Q.6** What are the regulations on investment with reference to borrowing and lending money and foreign currency?
- Q.7** What is Dumping? Explain various anti-dumping measures taken by India.
- Q.8** Write short notes on:
- a) Automatic approval schemes
 - b) Quarantine regulation.

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35064

NANNI – II (2002 COURSE): SUMMER – 2017

SUBJECT : PROTECTION & ENFORCEMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

Day : Thursday
Date : 25-05-2017

Time : 10.00 A.M. To 1.00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY FOUR questions.
 - 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
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- Q.1 "Statutory tribunals, Criminal and Special Courts are making a significant contribution to enforce human rights". Comment.
- Q.2 "A reading of Fundamental rights and duties in the Constitution reveals that they constitute the human rights charter in India". Critically evaluate the statement.
- Q.3 Describe the salient features of the Human Rights Act, 1993 in detail.
- Q.4 Write a critique on Judicial Activism alongside the development of human rights in India.
- Q.5 Critically analyze the preamble to Indian Constitution in context of history and development of human right in India.
- Q.6 Write an essay on the role of India in implementing international human rights norms in the domestic set up.
- Q.7 Explain the role of National Human Rights Commission in India.
- Q.8 Write notes on:
a) Role of NGOs
b) Fundamental Duties

Subject : b) Human Rights Law Group : Protection & Enforcement of Human Rights in India

Day : Thursday

Date : 25/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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- Q.1 "A reading of fundamental rights and duties in the constitution of India reveals that they constitute the human rights charter in India. Elaborate.
 - Q.2 Part III and Part IV of Indian constitution are supplementary and complimentary to each other. It is said to be four tiers of same chariot. Explain in the contest of protection and enforcement of human rights in India.
 - Q.3 Judicial activism is a judicial ruling suspected to be based on personal and political consideration rather than of existing law. Evaluate with the help of cases.
 - Q.4 Critically analyze the role of India in implementing international norms and standards.
 - Q.5 Discuss the role of Civil and Criminal courts in protecting the human rights.
 - Q.6 How far Special Courts help to formally enforce the human rights protection.
 - Q.7 A period of public emergency of disaster that threatens the life and well being of the community in society explain the impact of emergency on protection of human rights.
 - Q.8 Write short notes on:
 - a) Preamble
 - b) Statutory Tribunals

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35041

NANNI-II (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) : SUMMER 2017
SUBJECT : a) BUSINESS LAW GROUP: BANKING LAW

Day : Saturday
Date : 27.05.2017

Time : 10.00 A.M. To 1.00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** Elaborate the definition of 'Bank.' Give an account of main functions of Commercial Bank.
- Q.2** "The Reserve Bank of India performs all the important functions which are expected of Central Bank." Comment.
- Q.3** What is general relationship between banker and customer? Comment "Banker is a dignified borrower."
- Q.4** "One of the important rights enjoyed by a banker is the right of general lien." Comment with its special features and the exceptions to this right.
- Q.5** Explain the terms 'Loans' and 'Advances.' What are the principles that guide the banks in granting loans and advances?
- Q.6** Elaborate the concept of 'Priority Sector Lending.' Explain various types of advances which are at present included in the priority sector advances.
- Q.7** Examine the merits and demerits of various 'modes of charging' especially a Pledge, a Mortgage and Hypothecation.
- Q.8** Write notes on:
- a) Indigenous banking
 - b) Holder and Holder in due course.

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Subject : b) Human Rights Law Group : Human Rights of Disadvantaged Group: Problems & Issues in the Protection & Enforcement

Day : Saturday
Date : 27/05/2017



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 60 Total Pages : 1

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q.1 Analyse concept of disadvantaged groups to identify persons who need rights to protect and preserve them and to ensure their progress.
- Q.2 Examine the rights of woman as upheld by judges in the light of emerging human right jurisprudence.
- Q.3 Write a critique on emerging human rights jurisprudence and the role of judiciary in context of the unorganized labour.
- Q.4 "There is as an exception to the rule of confidentiality which permits disclosures when the public duty of confidentiality, particularly where there is an immediate future health risk to others. Aids is such a disease it presumed that there is always risk to others". Comment with landmark cases
- Q.5 "All individuals who have lost their original nationality without having acquired another are infact stateless persons". Evaluate the rights of stateless persons under the international law.
- Q.6 "Dalits in India have always been ill-treated by the so called upper castes" what measures and efforts government has taken for the upliftment of Dalits?
- Q.7 "The problem of minorities had raised very complicated issue in various states for the reasons for their specific demographic structure". Discuss the rights of minorities in India.
- Q.8 Write note on :
 - a) Child prostitution
 - b) Rights of tribal people

35066

NANNI – II (2002 COURSE): SUMMER – 2017

SUBJECT : HUMAN RIGHTS OF DISADVANTAGED GROUPS

Day : Saturday
Date : 27.05.2017

Time : 10.00 A.M. To 1.00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY FOUR questions.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- Q.1 Who represents disadvantaged groups? Why they need special protection of laws? Explain in detail.
- Q.2 Write a critique on the rights of disabled persons in detail.
- Q.3 What is the status of SC / ST and other indigenous people in India? Enumerate the various legal protection conferred on such persons.
- Q.4 Explain the rights of elderly, aged and old persons in Indian and International Law context.
- Q.5 Narrate the plight of sex workers, illicit trafficking and the discrimination against HIV / AIDS infected persons and their rights.
- Q.6 Elucidate the notion of women empowerment in India with its problems and prospects.
- Q.7 Enumerate the global movement of protection of children through effective and efficient laws and legislations.
- Q.8 Write notes on:
 - a) Migrant workers
 - b) Refugees

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