

**BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**  
**LL.B. Sem - II : SUMMER : 2025**  
**SUBJECT: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

Day : Friday  
Date : 02/05/2025

**S-24998-2025**

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1 a)** When can 'National Emergency' under Article 352 of the Constitution be proclaimed? What is the impact of National Emergency on the Centre-State relations and Fundamental Rights? Is the 'proclamation' subject to Judicial Review? What are the safeguards inserted by 44<sup>th</sup> constitutional amendment to prevent its misuse? Explain.

**OR**

**Q.1 b)** Was the 52<sup>nd</sup> Constitutional Amendment which inserted X Schedule in the Constitution violative of "Basic Structure" of the Constitution? What are provisions of the X Schedule relating to the disqualification of the Members of Parliament and State Legislatures? Is the decision of the Speaker/Chairman of the House subject to judicial Review? Discuss with the help of relevant judgments/Case Law.

**Q.2 a)** What is the role of the President of India in the Constitutional scheme of India? Explain in detail the constitutional provisions governing the election/appointment, tenure, removal, powers and functions of the President, the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.

**OR**

**Q.2 b)** Critically discuss the Constitutional provisions relating to "Services under the Union and States" including 'Article 311' with reference to Doctrine of Pleasure, Protection against Arbitrary Dismissal, Removal or reduction in Rank. Cite relevant judgments/Case Law.

**Q.3 a)** Do you agree that the Indian Constitution is not "truly federal" like the U.S. Constitution? Substantiate your answer by elaborating the federal and unitary features (centralizing tendencies) of the Indian Constitution.

**OR**

**Q.3 b)** Explain the Constitutional provisions relating to Election Commission, Appointment and removal of Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Commissioners, conduct of elections, voting rights, corrupt practices and election disputes. Cite relevant judgments/Case Law, wherever applicable

**Q.4 a)** Can Parliament amend "Basic Structure of the Constitution" under article 368 of the Constitution? Discuss the judicial responses (Case Law) with respect to the various amendments made by the Parliament in the Constitution.

**OR**

**Q.4 b)** Discuss the historical background, constitutional provisions & their relations with fundamental rights and justifiability of "Parliamentary Privileges" in India with reference to important decisions of the Supreme Court including P.V. Narsimha Rao, Keshav Singh and Raja Ram Pal.

**Q.5 a)** Write notes on the following :-  
i) Appointment, Removal and Powers of the Governor  
ii) Financial Relations between Centre and States

**OR**

**Q.5 b)** Write notes on the following :-  
i) 'Legislative Relations' between Centre and State  
ii) Tortious Liability of Government