

**BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**

**LL.B. Sem - III : SUMMER : 2024**

**SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW-I (MARRIAGE, DIVORCE & MATRIMONIAL DISPUTES)**

Day : Friday

Date : 03/05/2024

**S-25005-2024**

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1 A)** "The ancient Hindu culture conceded marriage as an unbreakable bond for life. However the concept of marriage under Hindu Law recognizes marriage based on some specific grounds of divorce." Enumerate the various provision of divorce and its grounds under Hindu Law.

**OR**

**Q.1 B)** 'Marriage is considered as a civil contract under Muslim Law unlike sacrament under Hindu Law.' Justify the statement and summarize the essentials of valid Muslim Marriage.

**Q.2 A)** Under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936 the trials are conducted with help of Parsi Matrimonial Special Court. Comment

**OR**

**Q.2 B)** "The purpose of Special Marriage Act, 1954 is to cater to inter-caste and inter-religion marriages, whereby the couple is not required to renounce his/her religion to get married". Analyze the prescribed procedure for solemnization of marriage under the Act.

**Q.3 A)** "Christians believe that the binding partnership of marriage is a powerful symbol of the relationship between Christ and the Church". Summarize the procedure for solemnization of marriage among Indian Christians.

**OR**

**Q.3 B)** 'The right to the consortium is recognized and protected under various personal laws thereby permitting a spouse to go to the court for action and enforce the right.' Justify the above statement in the light of constitutional validity of restitution of conjugal rights.

**Q.4 A)** Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Kinds of Dower
- ii) Judicial Talak
- iii) Divorce by Mutual Consent in Hindu Law

**OR**

**Q.4 B)** Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Muta Marriage
- ii) Registration of Hindu Marriage
- iii) Schools of Hindu Law

**Q.5 A) i)** Write Case Analysis on:  
Shayara Bano v. Union of India

**ii)** Solve the Problem:

'A' a Muslim married man wants to marry 'B', 'B' is 'A's' foster sister. Can he do so. Support your answer with legal reasoning.

**OR**

**B) i)** Write Case Analysis on:  
Dastane v Dastane

**ii)** Solve the Problem:

'X' and 'Y' both Hindus married at Kanpur and having jobs at Chandigarh and Patna respectively. 'Y' does not want to leave her job and is not ready to come and settle at Chandigarh. 'X' wants that 'Y' should leave her job and settle with him at Chandigarh. Advise the parties. Support your answer with legal remedies.