

LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT : ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Day : Tuesday

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Date : 04/12/2018

W-2018-1568

Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all. Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY.
 - 2) Q. No 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions 12 marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following

- a) Sub-delegation
- b) Institutional decision
- c) Commission of Inquiry
- d) Judicial review
- e) Special leave to appeal
- f) Public Undertakings

Q.2 "Administrative law is a law relating to powers, functions and duties of administrative authorities". Discuss the nature, scope and growth of administrative law.

Q.3 The essential legislative functions cannot be delegated by the legislature to the executive. Discuss the limits on the delegated legislation with reference to In-re Delhi Laws case.

Q.4 Administrative discretion though is necessary but an absolute, unfettered discretion is bad and danger to democracy and individual's right. Comment.

Q.5 'No one should be condemned unheard' is the principle which forms part of Natural Justice. Discuss the principle of fair hearing.

Q.6 Enumerate nature, scope and extent of tortious liability of government under article 300 of the Indian Constitution.

Q.7 Explain the ordinary civil remedies available to an individual in case of violation of rights.

Q.8 With the increasing governmental activities it has become necessary it minimize the governmental privileges. Explain the law relating to governmental privileges in legal precedes.

Q.9 An Ombudsman provides a valuable method of investigating complaints against government departments. Explain the powers and functions of Ombudsman.

Q.10 The constitution of Inquiry commission has become a tool for the government to subside the public anger. Comment.

LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT: COMPANY LAW

Day : Thursday
Date : 29/11/2018

W-2018-1566

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**
 - 2) **Q. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short Notes (ANY FOUR)
- a) Pre-Incorporation Contracts
 - b) Buyback of shares
 - c) Promoter
 - d) Articles of Association
 - e) Kinds of shares
 - f) Indoor Management
- Q.2** Define Memorandum. Discuss the various clauses of the Memorandum of Association.
- Q.3** Define Prospectus. What are its contents? What is the extent of liability in case of misstatement in prospectus?
- Q.4** Define Company. Discuss the essential features of a company and compare it with partnership.
- Q.5** Discuss the provisions under Companies Act, for prevention of oppression and mismanagement in a Company.
- Q.6** Discuss the constitution of NCLT and NCLAT and enumerate the qualification of its members.
- Q.7** Discuss the provisions related to appointment and removal of directors.
- Q.8** What are meetings? Explain the different kinds of meetings of shareholders.
- Q.9** Define Debenture. Explain kinds of debentures. Explain the provisions related to Debenture Trustee and Debenture Trust Deed.
- Q.10** What is winding up? Explain the procedure for voluntary winding up.

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :

WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT: COURT MANAGEMENT

Day : Thursday
Date : 06/12/2018

W-2018-1531

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All question carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 A) Explain how Information Communication Technology can help to improve public service delivery through the case study on project I-Sarita.

OR

Q.1 B) "A legal system comprises of a set of legal principles and rules to protect, promote and assure a secure living to the citizens in a cultured society." Discuss.

Q.2 A) Write Short Notes on:
i) Max Weber's ideal type theory
ii) Writ Jurisdiction

OR

Q.2 B) Write Short Notes on:
i) Law Libraries
ii) Accountancy for Law

Q.3 A) Elaborate the procedure for administration of justice in relation to the Civil Justice System in India.

OR

Q.3 B) Explain in detail the nature of the Legal system in relation to the common law base.

Q.4 A) Explain the role of arbitration as an effective tool of Alternate Dispute Resolution System in India.

OR

Q.4 B) Explain the relevance of drafting and pleading skills for a successful legal profession.

Q.5 A) Explain the importance of management of court personnel and leadership qualities for efficient administration of justice.

OR

Q.5 B) "Professional ethics encompasses an ethical code governing the conduct of persons engaged in the legal sector." Discuss.

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT : OPTIONAL – V b) COMPETITION LAW & PRACTICE

Day : Thursday
Date : 06/12/2018

W-2018-1570

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**
 - 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and other questions carry **12** marks each
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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following
- a) Competition Advocacy
 - b) Competition Fund
 - c) MRTP – Regulatory Authority
 - d) General Motors case
 - e) Patents and Competition Act
 - f) Relevant Product Market
- Q.2** Discuss the evolution of Competition policy from the pre to post 1991 industrial policy in India.
- Q.3** “Subsidies given by states to its own industries by the member states of the European Union causes distortion of European Union Competition Law” Discuss with reference to Competition Law of the EU.
- Q.4** Compare and contrast the provisions of the MRTP Act 1969 and the Competition Act 2002.
- Q.5** Discuss in detail the salient features of Competition Act, 2002.
- Q.6** “Abuse of Dominant Position is strictly prohibited under Competition Act, 2002”. Elaborate the above statement with suitable examples.
- Q.7** Anti- Competitive Agreements cause violation of the Markets. Discuss the provisions of Competition Act regarding Anti-Competitive Agreements. Give suitable examples.
- Q.8** Competition Appellate Tribunal is the appellate body under Competition Law. Explain the structure and role of CAT.
- Q.9** Discuss the role of IPRs and Competition Law in India.
- Q.10** “Mergers and Acquisitions require prior approval form Competition Commission of India” Explain

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT : OPTIONAL – V a) GENDER JUSTICE & FEMINIST JURISPRUDENCE

Day : Thursday
Date : 06/12/2018

W-2018-1569

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all including question No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Question No.1 Carries 20 Marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following.
- a) Types of Guardian under Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act 1956
 - b) Evil of Dowry
 - c) Prostitution
 - d) Sati
 - e) Female infanticide
 - f) Uniform Civil Code
- Q.2** Describe the feminist movement in Europe.
- Q.3** Write down the exclusive grounds available for the Christian women for the divorce with the help of case laws.
- Q.4** Elaborate the provisions relating to maintenance incorporated under Sec. 125 Criminal Procedure Code 1973 for the protection of the women.
- Q.5** “Rape is the offence against the body as well as the mind of the victim”. In the light of the above statement elaborate the protection given under Indian Penal Code 1860 to the victims of the rape with help of case laws.
- Q.6** Critically evaluate the concept of Triple Talaq and current controversy on it.
- Q.7** Enumerate the provisions under the International Convention on Social, Economic and Cultural Rights 1966 for the protection and development of women.
- Q.8** “Women are the weaker section of the society therefore Indian Constitution incorporated special provisions for their protection, but in reality still women are not getting justice guaranteed under Indian Constitution” Comment.
- Q.9** Explain the various labour and industrial legislations enacted in India for the benefits and protection of the women.
- Q.10** “The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act 1956 has changed the custom and law of adoption”. Discuss the essential conditions of adoption and effects of adoption.

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT : DIRECT TAX

Day : Saturday
Date : 08/12/2018

W-2018-1532

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 A) Explain the term 'Residential Status' State the rules that determine Residential Status of an Individual.

OR

- B)** Explain the following :
1. Short term capital gains and long term capital gains
 2. State the provisions relating to contribution to recognized provident fund

Q.2 Write Short Notes on (**ANY THREE**)

- a) Perquisites
- b) Tax deducted at source
- c) Person
- d) Agricultural income
- e) Allowances

Q.3 A) Compute the Income under the head Salary of Gopal for the assessment year 2017-2018 from the following particulars:

1. Basic Salary 12,000 pm.
 2. DA Rs. 200 pm (which enters retirement benefit as per the terms of employment)
 3. Bonus Rs. 4000 pa
 4. Rent free accommodation in Delhi provided by X Ltd the employer, fair rental value being Rs. 20,000
 5. The cost of furniture provided therein is Rs.10,000/-
 6. Entertainment allowance Rs. 500 pm
 7. His contribution towards RPF is at 12%
 8. Employers contribution to RPF is Rs. 15,000 pa
 9. Interest on RPF balance at 12 % pa is Rs. 18,000
 10. Life insurance premium paid by Mr Gopal is Rs. 12000 pa. on a policy of Rs. 1,30,000
- Free use of motor car of 1.8 ltrs. Engine capacity with driver, partly for official and partly for personal use.

OR

- B)** Explain the procedure for determination of GAV as per Section 23(1) of the Income Tax Act 1961.

Q.4 A) What is Capital Gain? Explain the deductions allowed from Capital Gain.

OR

- B)** Discuss at least ten examples or incomes that are always chargeable to tax under "Income from other Sources"

Q.5 A) Explain "Assessment" State the types of Assessment under Income Tax Act 1961

OR

- B)** Explain the provisions regarding "set off" carry forward and set off losses under Income Tax Act, 1961.

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT & EASEMENT ACT

Day Saturday
Date 01/12/2018

W-2018-1567

Time 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 10** are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on **Any FOUR** of the following:

- a) Conditional transfer
- b) Universal Donee
- c) Doctrine of Redemption
- d) Vested interest
- e) Ostensible owners
- f) Contingent Interest

Q.2 Define "Transfer of Property". State the essential of a valid transfer.

Q.3 Examine the Doctrine of Lis Pendens with appropriate case law.

Q.4 The term 'Property' includes all Legal rights of the owner of that property. In law, he is the owner having with possession and enjoyment of that property. Explain the meaning of property.

Q.5 Explain the Rule in Cooper v. Cooper and how far it is applicable in India.

Q.6 Explain the right and duties of a Seller and buyer.

Q.7 Define mortgage and explain different kinds of Mortgages.

Q.8 Define "Lease" and state the circumstances under which a lease is determined.

Q.9 What is 'Gift'? Explain the essential conditions and different kinds of Gifts.

Q.10 Write a notes on:

- a) Extinction of Easement
- b) Characteristics of Easement

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT &
EASEMENT ACT

Day Saturday
Date 01/12/2018

W-2018-1529

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All Questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All Questions carry equal marks.
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Q.1 a. What is Immovable Property? Discuss the essentials of a valid transfer of property.

OR

b. Write a detailed note on Doctrine of Election.

Q.2 a. What is a Gift? Evaluate the essentials of a valid gift.

OR

b. Define Mortgage. Examine the right and liabilities of mortgagee.

Q.3 a. What is Sale? Discuss the rights and liabilities of buyer before and after the completion of sale.

b. Describe the Doctrine of Lis Pendens with appropriate case law.

OR

a. Evaluate the Doctrine of Part performance along with landmark judicial pronouncements.

b. Write a detail note on Determination of lease.

Q.4 a. Discuss the general principles of Easements along with appropriate illustrations.

OR

b. Write note on the following:

i. License

ii. Disturbance of Easement

Q.5 a. Analyse the following illustration:

A transfers property for life to B, then to B's first child when he attains the age of 10 years. Discuss the validity of the transfer under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.

b. Evaluate the Doctrine of Part Performance with appropriate illustrations.

OR

a. Analyse the following illustration:

A property mortgaged to X which was jointly owned by A (50% ownership), B (25% ownership) and C (25% ownership). The debt has become due and A pays the debt along with the interest an amount of 10,000 to X. Is A liable to get his money back from B and C, if yes, then how and in what proportion?

b. Write a detail note on Exchange.

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**LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018**

SUBJECT : INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Day : Thursday
Date : 29/11/2018

W-2018-1528

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 Discuss the nature of Intellectual Property and also state the need of protection of Intellectual property beyond the national borders

OR

Discuss the inventions which are not patentable

Q.2 Explain the concept of compulsory licenses and also state the factors to be taken into consideration by the controller while granting the same.

OR

Explain the concept of trademark and state the features of good trademark.

Q.3 Explain the concept of Fair Deal in detail

OR

Discuss the salient features of Industrial Designs Act 2000

Q.4 Explain in detail the procedure of registration of trademark and also state the effects of the registration.

OR

Discuss the concept of trade secret and state the position of law relating to trade secret in India.

Q.5 a) Discuss the Supreme Courts directions to all courts for speedy disposal of Intellectual Property cases in *Bajaj Auto Ltd v T.V.S motor Company Ltd*.

- b)** An Artist 'A' recited a poetry in an concert hall which was made on the spot by her. Mr 'B' who was present in the concert remembers and publishes the entire poetry in a magazine in his own name. 'A' files the case of infringement of copyright. Discuss the possible outcome of the case.

OR

a) Discuss the ratio laid by Supreme Court of India in *Bayer Corporation v. Union of India*.

- b)** Mr 'A' wrote poems but never copyrighted it. He had three sons. After the death of Mr.'A' two of his sons approached a publisher and got the poems written by Mr.'A' in his lifetime published. The third son brought an suit of infringement of copyright against his own brothers and the publisher. Discuss the possible outcome of the case

LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :

WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT : ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Day : Tuesday
Date : 04/12/2018

W-2018-1530

Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.**
 - 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks**
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Q. 1 "Administrative Law prevents mal-administration and checks the power of the Government." Explain and examine the nature and scope of administrative law.

OR

Q. 1 The Doctrine of separation of powers had an intimate impact on the growth of administrative process and administrative law in the United States. Discuss the doctrine of separation of powers as applied in Indian Legal System.

Q. 2 In the Scheme of Control-mechanism the first place is occupied by the Judiciary. Discuss the Judicial control over delegated legislation with the help of relevant case laws.

OR

Q. 2 Discuss the nature and scope of Writs as remedies available to an individual under the Constitution of India.

Q. 3 Examine the reasons for the growth of administrative tribunals in India. Discuss the procedure of adjudicatory bodies.

OR

Q. 3 Administrative discretion though is necessary but an absolute, unfettered discretion is bad and danger to democracy and individual's right. Discuss the grounds of judicial review of Administrative Discretion.

Q. 4 The constitution of Inquiry Commission has become a tool for the government of subside the Public anger. Explain

OR

Q. 4 Discuss the government privileges in legal proceedings.

Q. 5 Mr. A is the member of the cooperative society for which the land has been acquired by the Government. The dispute of land is in the court of Mr. A who is Judge and the case is to be adjudicated by him. State whether Mr. A can adjudicate the matter. Justify your answer with the help of principles of Administrative Law.

OR

Q. 5 In re Delhi Laws Case
A.I.R. 1951 SC 332

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LL.B. (3 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :

WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT: LAW ON EDUCATION

Day : Saturday
Date : 08/12/2018

W-2018-1533

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 A) Elucidate the development of Right to Education in India in the light of 86th Amendment of the Constitution of India.

OR

B) Discuss the effect of privatization on education in India highlighting the issues of accessibility and accountability in education.

Q.2 A) Enumerate the facts, issues and judgment of Unni Krishnan v. State of Andhra Pradesh.

OR

B) Enumerate the facts, issues and judgment of T.M.A. Pai Foundation v. State of Karnataka.

Q.3 A) Trace the development of Right to Education in India with special reference to Adult Education

OR

B) Discuss in detail the various policies and programs of UGC for Women Education in India.

Q.4 A) Write short note on:
i. Regional Legal Instrument
ii. Kothari Commission

OR

B) Write short note on:
i. Technical Education
ii. Law Commission of India

Q.5 A) Discuss the implementation of right to education in the international law with special reference to Convention & Discrimination in Education, 1960.

OR

B) Elucidate the role played by professional bodies for quality improvement in imparting education.

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