

LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (2009 COURSE)
LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022
SUBJECT : CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE & LIMITATION ACT

Day : Monday
Date : 9/5/2022

S-4970-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions.
- 2) Q. No.1 and Q. No.10 are **COMPULSORY**.
- 3) Q. No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Cost of the suit
- b) Review
- c) Letter patent appeal
- d) Caveat
- e) Rejection of plaint
- f) Affidavit

Q.2 What are the types of jurisdiction? Explain the golden rule relating to place of suing.

Q.3 "Second appeal always lies to high court." Comment and explain law relating to appeal under CPC.

Q.4 What is a Decree? Explain the modes of execution of decree.

Q.5 "In the interest of the society there shall be end to the litigation." Comment and explain law relating to res-judicata.

Q.6 Who is an indigent person and what are his rights under CPC? Elucidate.

Q.7 What is ex-parte decree? Explain the ground for setting aside ex-parte decree.

Q.8 What is Plaint? Enumerate the general provisions relating to particulars of plaint.

Q.9 On what ground the court can grant temporary injunction. Explain with help of landmark judgements.

Q.10 "Limitation bars the remedy not the right." Comment.

LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (2009 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE, JUVENILE JUSTICE

Day : Wednesday
Date : 11/5/2022

S-4971-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** Questions out of which **Q. No.1 is Compulsory**.
2) Q. No.1 Carry **20 Marks** & all other Questions carry 12 marks.

- Q.1** Write Short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:-
a) Anticipatory and Regular Bail
b) Compoundable and non-compoundable offences
c) Summary Trial
d) Confession made before a magistrate
e) First Information report
f) Cognizance by Magistrate's Court
- Q.2** Critically evaluate the provisions of the criminal procedure code in relation to the powers of the police to arrest without an arrest warrant and explain the rights of the person/s so arrested.
- Q.3** Explain the concept of 'Charge' and elaborate the provisions in relation to joinder and alteration of charge.
- Q.4** Discuss in detail the procedure of trial in a warrant case.
- Q.5** Write a detailed note on furnishing of bond of security for keeping peace and good behavior.
- Q.6** Bring out the difference between investigation, inquiry, and trial with reference to the Code of Criminal Procedure.
- Q.7** 'Appeal is a legal right conferred upon parties, however, revision completed depends on the discretion of a court'. Discuss.
- Q.8** 'The object of criminal law is more inclined towards the reformation of the offender than to punish'. Discuss the statement in relation to the Probation of Offenders Act.
- Q.9** Write notes on-
a) Child in need of care and protection
b) Observation homes
- Q.10** Write short notes on-
a) Juvenile Justice Board
b) Probation officers
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LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (2009 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : LAW OF EVIDENCE

Day : Friday
Date : 13-05-2022

S-4972-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Document
- b) Proved and not proved
- c) Doctrine of Res-gestae
- d) Public document
- e) Communications during marriage
- f) Leading question

Q.2 Define 'Evidence' and give its classification.

Q.3 Evidence may be given of facts in issue and relevant facts. Comment.

Q.4 "Facts which show the identity of anything or person whose identity is relevant is provable under Section 9." Comment.

Q.5 "Confession to police officer not to be proved." Comment.

Q.6 What is dying declaration? What are the reasons for the admissibility of a dying declaration?

Q.7 Explain why hearsay evidence is excluded? Are there exceptions to hearsay rule? If yes explain.

Q.8 Explain Primary Evidence and Secondary Evidence. When secondary evidence is admissible?

Q.9 Explain the provisions relating to legitimacy of a child.

Q.10 Evidence of an accomplice cannot be relied upon unless corroborated in material particular. Comment.

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LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (2009 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Day : Wednesday
Date : 18-05-2022

S-4974-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Omissions not to be inferred
- b) Preamble
- c) Every word in a statute to be given a meaning
- d) Noscitur – a – socis
- e) Legal fiction
- f) Words of a rank

Q.2 The problem of interpretation is a problem of meaning of words and their effectiveness as a medium of expression to communicate a particular thought. Explain the meaning and object of the interpretation of statutes.

Q.3 According to Viscount Simon, 'the golden rule is that the words of a statute must prima facie be given their ordinary meaning. Explain the tenets of the golden rule.

Q.4 External aids throw some light upon the intention and object of the legislature and hence they are referred to by the courts. Discuss the external aids of interpretation.

Q.5 The question as to whether a statute is mandatory or directory depends upon the intent of the legislature and not upon the language in which the intent is clothed. Explain the rules related to the interpretation of mandatory and directory provisions.

Q.6 The question of curtailing the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court or the High Court as conferred by the Constitution does not arise. Explain the principle of interpretation which deal with the extent of exclusion of jurisdiction of the Superior Courts.

Q.7 In case of remedial statutes the doubt is resolved in favour of the class of persons. Explain the rules related to the interpretation of remedial statutes.

Q.8 Explain the rules of interpretation related to the penal statutes.

Q.9 Discuss the rules related to the consolidating and the codification of the statutes.

Q.10 Explain the doctrine related to the interpretation of the Constitution.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)
LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022
SUBJECT : LABOUR LAWS

Day : Monday
Date : 9/5/2022

S-12615-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) Critically examine the provisions relating to 'Lay-off' and 'Retrenchment' under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

OR

b) Examine the rights and liabilities of registered trade union under the Trade Union Act, 1926.

Q.2 a) Define Unfair Labour Practices. Discuss the unfair labour practices on the part of employer under the Maharashtra Recognition of Trade Union and Prevention of Unfair Labour Practices Act, 1971.

OR

b) "The keystone of the Factories Act is safety first and safety last" Comment.

Q.3 a) Who is responsible for payment of wages under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936? Discuss 'time of payment' under the said Act.

OR

b) Who is an authority under the Minimum Wages Act 1936? Discuss their powers.

Q.4 a) Explain the terms arising out of employment and in the course of employment under the Employee's Compensation Act, 2010.

OR

b) Discuss the nature of benefits and privileges available to women under the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.

Q.5 a) A workman of a shoe factory took a pair of shoe to his house for repair to improve his skills in spite of the contrary order by the employer. While repairing the shoe he got injured. Is the employer liable to pay compensation?

b) Explain the concept of Collective Bargaining.

OR

a) Raman, while working in factory, died a natural death following a cardiac arrest. The fellow workers refused to work until his family members are summoned and dead body is sent to his native place. Does it amount to strike on their part?

b) Define the term 'factory' according to Factories Act, 1948.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Day : Wednesday

Date : 11/5/2022

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks : 60

S-12616-2022

N.B

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) Discuss in brief the role played by Judiciary for the development of environmental Jurisprudence in India.

OR

b) What is Rio Declaration? Explain the principles of sustainable development embodied in the Declaration.

Q.2 a) After 42nd Amendment India is the first country to provide Constitutional protection to the environment. Discuss the above statement by citing Constitutional Provisions.

OR

b) Critically evaluate the salient feature of the Indian Biological Diversity Act 2002.

Q.3 a) The Water Act represents one of Indian first attempts to deal with an environmental issue comprehensively. Discuss the different Provisions for Prevention and control of water pollution.

OR

b) Distinguish between Reserved Forest and Protected Forest. Discuss consequences of declaration of Reserved Forest.

Q.4 a) Discuss the Powers of Central Government for the Purpose of Protecting and improving the quality of environment and preventing and abating environmental pollution under Environment Protection Act 1986.

OR

b) What provisions are laid down in the wild life Protection Act with regard to National Park and Sanctuaries?

Q.5 a) Write notes on:
i) National Green Tribunal
ii) Regulation on Bio-medical waste

OR

b) Write notes on:
i) Traditional remedies under law of tort
ii) Convention on climate change 1992

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : LAW OF TRUSTS, EQUITY & FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP

Day : Friday

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Date : 13-05-2022

S-12617-2022

Max. Marks : 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q. 1 a) Define Trust. What are the provisions given under the Indian Trust Act, 1882 relating to creation of trust?

OR

b) Elaborate the provision relating to extinction of trust with reference to the Indian Trust Act, 1882.

Q. 2 a) Explain in detail the obligation in nature of trust and discuss the classification of trust under the Indian Trust Act, 1882.

OR

b) Elaborate the power and function of Trustee and discuss the procedure for the appointment of Trustee with reference to Indian Trust Act, 1882.

Q. 3 a) Who is Beneficiary? What are the rights and liabilities of beneficiary under the Indian Trust Act, 1882?

OR

b) Explain the Doctrine of Cypres. How does it help the Judicial Officer in determination of a dispute?

Q. 4 a) Explain the provisions relating to registration of Public Trust with reference to the Bombay Public Trust Act, 1950.

OR

b) Enumerate the power and function of Charity Commissioner in the light of appropriate illustration under the Bombay Public Trust Act, 1950.

Q. 5 a) Write short note:

- i) He who seeks equity must come with a clean hand
- ii) Equity Acts in Personam

OR

b) Write short note:

- i) Public Trust Administration Fund
- ii) Temple

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : LAW ON INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Day : Tuesday

Date : 17-05-2022

S-12619-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Each questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 A) Define 'Contract'. What are the Basic Principles of Contract? (12)

OR

B) Discuss the formalities involved in Devolution of Immovable Property during life time of person?

Q.2 A) Explain in brief the Purpose of Public Notice and write the process of Search Report and Title Investigation. (12)

OR

B) Define Mortgage on Immovable Property and its types.

Q.3 A) Explain in brief the provisions of Maharashtra Apartment Ownership Act, 1970. (12)

OR

B) Write in brief the procedure to be followed for Redevelopment of buildings in a Co – operative Housing Society.

Q.4 A) Elaborate in detail Relevant provisions of Specific Relief Act pertaining to Transactions of Immovable property. (12)

OR

B) Discuss Challenges before Construction Industry?

Q.5 A) Explain the Applicability of the Consumer Protection Act to Housing sector, with Case laws. (12)

OR

B) Write short notes on:

- i) Tenants and Licensees
- ii) Special Power of Attorney

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : INDIRECT TAXES

Day : Wednesday
Date : 18-05-2022

S-12620-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 a) State the salient features of Constitutional amendments regarding GST.

OR

b) State the salient features of GST. What are benefits of GST to Government industry and citizens of India?

Q.2 a) State the tax slabs under GST. Describe administrative authorities under GST.

OR

b) Explain the concept of Zero rated supply? Elaborate various options available to registered person making zero rated supply to claim refund.

Q.3 Write short notes on (**ANY TWO**) of the following:

- a)** Returns under GST.
- b)** Appeal and Revision
- c)** Search and seizure
- d)** Reverse charge mechanism

Q.4 a) Mr Ram supplied goods to Mr. Ajay for Rs. 1,00,000/- excluding GST. The supplier Mr. Ram is located in Delhi and total supply was made in Delhi. The goods attract GST @ 12%, find out the liability of Mr. Ram assuming no input tax credit is available with Mr. Ram. Both the parties are registered under GST.

Mr. Ajay supplied goods to Mr. Chopra in Delhi after adding 20% profit margin on cost.

Mr. Chopra supplied goods to Mr. Saxena at U.P. after adding 25% profit margin. Mr. Saxena is also a taxable person. IGST rate is 12%. Show the workings with notes.

OR

b) Discuss the provisions related to time of supply of goods and services in case of change in rate of tax.

Q.5 a) Discuss the provisions of value of supply of goods or services where consideration is not wholly in money.

OR

b) Elaborate concept of intra state and interstate supply along with suitable examples.

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BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

LL.B. Sem-VI : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT : HUMAN RIGHTS LAW & PRACTICE

Day : Wednesday
Date : 18-05-2022

S-12621-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-12:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks
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Q.1 'The history of human rights movement is one of the growing and ever expanding field to ensure human dignity for a peaceful life.'
Explain origin, development and classification of human rights in the light of above statement.

OR

Universal Declaration of Human Rights influence various national and international legislation and policies which protect human rights. Explain

Q.2 Explain the significance of international Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

OR

Discuss the importance and role of American Convention on Human Rights.

Q.3 International Humanitarian Law applies to all armed conflicts, International armed conflict as well as Non-International Armed Conflict. Explain the nature and scope of International Humanitarian Law.

OR

Explain how the rights mentioned in Covenant of Civil and Political Rights are reflected in Part III of the Indian Constitution.

Q.4 Evaluate the role played by NHRC in the implementation and enforcement of human rights.

OR

Discuss the International Conference on Human Rights with reference to the Tehran Conference.

Q.5 Write short notes on **ANY TWO**

- 1 Rights of Indigenous People
- 2 Slavery and slave trade
- 3 Rights of Women
- 4 Rights of Older People
