BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE) LL.B. Sem-VI: WINTER: 2024

SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Day: Wednesday Date: 16/10/2024

W-25027-2024

Time: 10:00 AM-12:30 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- Elaborate briefly the contribution of Public interest litigation in the development of Q. 1 environmental jurisprudence in India.

- b) Discuss the international perspective in the application of doctrine of precautionary principles in India.
- a) Examine the rule making powers of the Central Government under the Q. 2 Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986.

- b) Water Act aims to prevent and control water pollution and pollution control board were created who are responsible for implementation of its provisions. Discuss the composition and powers of Central Pollution Control Board.
- Q. 3 The transition from strict liability to absolute liability is urgently required. The law cannot stand still. In the light of above argument state the measure of liability of an enterprise which is engaged in an inherently dangerous or hazardous activity with the help of decided cases.

OR

- b) The 1972 Stockholm U. N. Conference marked a sea change in international relations between states by elevating the preservation of the biosphere to the status of an official environmental law concern. Discuss the salient feature of Stockholm declaration.
- Discuss the powers and jurisdiction of the National Green Tribunal. Discuss the Q. 4 reasons behind the suggestions of the Supreme Court in various cases for establishing environmental courts.

OR

- b) Conservation of wildlife is of immense importance to mankind. The extinction of wildlife will ultimately lead to extinction of human race itself. Evaluate the salient feature of Wildlife Protection Act.
- Q. 5 a) Write short notes on
 - Kinds of forest
 - Central Pollution Control Board under Water Act

OR

- b) Write short notes on
 - Common Law remedies for Environment Protection
 - National Biodiversity Authority