B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) B.A. LL. B. Sem - II : SUMMER : 2024 SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH-II

Time: 10:00 AM-12:30 PM Day: Thursday S-12463-2024 Max. Marks: 60 Date: 02/05/2024 N.B: All questions are **COMPULSORY** 1) 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Give meanings for the legal expressions given (ANY FIVE): [10] 0.1 A) doli in capax i) ii) decree animus deserendi iii) contra iv) amicus curiae v) vi) perjury in toto vii) Give One word substitute for the expressions given (ANY FIVE): [10] B) Happening once in two years. i) One who is inclined to fight. ii) A collection of stars. iii) iv) Low area between hills. Words written in memory of a dead person. v) One's native country. vi) Ancient Greek athletic festival. vii) [10] Q2Make sentences using the idioms given (ANY FIVE): on the same page i) ii) by and large iii) in the heat of moment best of both the worlds iv) cutting the corners V) add insult to injury vi) greener pastures vii) Write an essay on ANY ONE of the given topics. Approximately 350 [10] Q3 words: Causes of road accidents in India. i)

ii)

iii)

Unity in diversity.

Problems of the aged.

70% of the Indian populations live in villages, not because they are happy there, but because they have no other choice. Now the progress of any country is reflected by the state of its cities. Cities are the very nerve centres of trade and commerce. So, the state of the cities is definitely a good yardstick to measure the overall prosperity of a country. We may put it in this way: until the country prospers, the farmers in the village cannot prosper. In short, there should be fewer farmers producing more output through intensive agriculture. What the farmer needs is technology and funds; not glorifying them.

Questions:

- Why do you think people living in the villages are not happy? i)
- What is the yardstick of prosperity? ii)
- Give the adjectives of commerce and glorifying. iii)
- Make sentences using overall, fewer. iv)

Make a precis of the passage given and give a suitable title to it. **Q.5**

[10]

The heaviest insect, a beetle, is only 15cm long, and most insects are smaller than this. Their size allows them to grow on a small amount of food. They live on and in anything that is edible, from live and dead animals to rotting wood, soap and even crude oil. Some insects have powerful jaws that can chew through bark, while others have sharp beaks that pierce plant stems, or the skin of an animal.

Wings for flight give insects great advantage because with it they can fly long distances. The wings of a bee or wasp beat around 200 times in a single second, creating the distinctive humming sound which tells us that they are nearby. They get oxygen directly through the openings along the side of its body.