

Subject : General English-II

Day : Tuesday

Date : 01/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 2

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 A) Supply relevant affixes to the following. (ANY FIVE) [05]

- i) Constitution
- ii) Legal
- iii) Matrimony
- iv) Law
- v) Manage
- vi) Appoint
- vii) Regular

B) Make meaningful sentences to bring out the difference in meaning of the following words. (ANY FIVE) [10]

- i) Antic - Antique
- ii) Ascent - Assent
- iii) Ceiling - Sealing
- iv) Dose - Doze
- v) Apposite - Opposite
- vi) Bare - Bear
- vii) Corps - Corpse

C) Use the following phrases in your own sentences to bring out the meaning. (ANY FIVE) [05]

- i) Burning Question
- ii) A fair weather friend
- iii) A gale day
- iv) A man of letter
- v) A past master
- vi) Blue blood
- vii) To call a spade a spade

Q.2 Read the passage and answer the questions give below: [15]

The above heading requires no explanation; it is easily understood by everyone. One might not easily grant its truth. We are generally partial to ourselves; we overlook, minimize our faults and exaggerate our merits, and have too high an opinion of ourselves.

In any department where a number of people work, every man is apt to think highly of his own work, and consider it of equal importance with that of another, if not superior to that of another; this he might be dissatisfied with the position assigned to him or the emoluments given to him. In such circumstances, we might usefully remember that others are better judges of our merits than ourselves.

Answer the following questions:

- i) What is the general opinion of one's own merits?
- ii) How does one think of oneself in the midst of others about work, position and emoluments etc?
- iii) How should one decide things for the judgment of his merits or demerits in such circumstances?
- iv) Use the following in sentences of your own:
 - a) Overlook
 - b) exaggerate
 - c) assigned.

- Q.3 A)** Use the following cohesive devices in your own sentences. [10]
- i) Herein after
 - ii) Hence forth
 - iii) Therefore
 - iv) Either or
 - v) Although
 - vi) There in
 - vii) Nevertheless
 - viii) As
 - ix) As far as
 - x) Neither - nor

- B)** Substitute an appropriate word for the given sentences. [10]
- i) To destroy everything.
 - ii) A substance which can be easily broken.
 - iii) Unable to pay debts.
 - iv) Happening ones in every two years.
 - v) One who loves book.
 - vi) Hater of Mankind.
 - vii) That which cannot be believed.
 - viii) A complete breakdown.
 - ix) A person who makes a will.
 - x) A woman whose husband is dead.

- Q.4** Write an essay on **ANY ONE** of the following: [15]
- i) Justice delayed is Justice denied.
 - ii) Capital punishment.
 - iii) Secularism.

- Q.5** Write a précis and suggest a title: [10]

Health is the most valuable of all earthly possessions. Without it all the rest are worth nothing. To enjoy good health we should refrain from excess eating. We should eat moderately and not devour whatever we get. When you sit among many for a dinner do not reach your hand out first of all. A little food is sufficient for us. Sound sleep comes of a light stomach. Such a man rises early in the morning and is at ease with himself.

Subject : Political Science-II

Day : Friday
Date : 04/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and remaining questions carry **12** marks each.

Q. 1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Justifiable use of force by state
- b) Trusteeship
- c) J. S. Mill on Utilitarianism
- d) Max Weber's classification of Authority
- e) State of Nature according to Hobbes
- f) Emile Durkheim on political obligation

Q. 2 Evaluate on the types of punishment and mention the various theories of punishment.

Q. 3 Elucidate on the contribution of Jeremy Bentham to utilitarianism.

Q. 4 Explain in detail the relationship between Power, Authority and legitimacy.

Q. 5 Define political obligation. Elaborate on the classical approach to the notion of political obligation.

Q. 6 What are the main problems of obedience to unjust laws?

Q. 7 State the rationale of the obedience of promises and contracts.

Q. 8 Write short notes on :

- a) Bhoodan Movement
- b) Sarvodaya

Q. 9 Critically explain Mahatma Gandhi's theory of Satyagraha.

Q.10 Elaborate on Karl Marx's views on state.

Subject : Constitutional Law

Day : Monday

Date : 07/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
-

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Double Jeopardy
 - b) Fundamental duties
 - c) State
 - d) Rights of arrested person
 - e) Money bill
 - f) State emergency
- Q.2** Critically evaluate the salient features of Indian Constitution.
- Q.3** What is National Emergency? Discuss the impact of national emergency on fundamental rights.
- Q.4** Positive rights are very well conferred under Article 21 of the Constitution. Comment with help of landmark case laws.
- Q.5** What is Right to Freedom? Elaborate freedom of speech and expressions with the help of judicial pronouncements.
- Q.6** Critically examine doctrine of equality under Article 14 of Indian Constitution.
- Q.7** 'Secularism means developing, understanding and respect for different religions'. Evaluate the concept of secularism with the help of landmark case laws.
- Q.8** Write a detail essay on public interest litigation.
- Q.9** What is Amendment? Discuss the procedure for amendment under article 368 of the constitution.
- Q.10** Define Writs. Discuss various types of writs.

Subject : Sociology-II

Day : Wednesday

Date : 09/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
-

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Occupational groups
- b) Divorce
- c) Authority
- d) Eugenic consideration
- e) State
- f) Matriarchal family

Q.2 'Family is the nucleus of all social institution'. Explain the essential functions of family.

Q.3 Define Bureaucracy. State the social consequences of bureaucracy.

Q.4 'Social stratification is an essential part of society'. Explain the existing social stratification system in modern India.

Q.5 Examine the growth of capitalism and discuss its influence on present day society.

Q.6 Describe the social role of religion and its impact on modern society.

Q.7 Discuss the major problems faced by backward classes and the government measures taken for their upliftment.

Q.8 Critically evaluate the status of women in India.

Q.9 State the various forms of marriages existing in Indian society.

Q.10 Write a detail note on unity in diversity.

Subject : Constitutional Law - II

Day : Friday

Date : 11/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including is **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Delegated Legislation
- b) Scheduled Areas
- c) Public Service Commission
- d) Antidefection Laws
- e) Finance Bill
- f) National Emergency

Q.2 Write a critical essay on legislative relations between Union and States.

Q.3 Critically evaluate the role of President in India.

Q.4 What is federalism? Discuss the characteristics feature of Indian federalism.

Q.5 Write a detail essay on Administrative relation between Union and State.

Q.6 Examine the legislative functions of the Parliament.

Q.7 The Governor is a key functionary in the system envisaged by the constitution. Discuss the powers and position of the Governor.

Q.8 Evaluate the provision relating to amendments under the Indian Constitution.

Q.9 What is State Emergency? Evaluate the effects of State Emergency.

Q.10 Evaluate the provision relating to Services under the constitution.

Subject : Economics-II

Day : Wednesday

Date : 09/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B:

- 1) Q.No 1 is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Answer any **FIVE** questions from the remaining.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
-

- Q.1 Write short notes on:(Any **FOUR**) (20)
- a) Birth rate and death rate
 - b) Absolute poverty
 - c) Foreign direct investment
 - d) Indirect taxes
 - e) SIDBI
 - f) Difference between growth and development
- Q.2 Critically evaluate the green revolution policy of India. (12)
- Q.3 What are the causes and types of unemployment? (12)
- Q.4 Explain the methods of measuring national income. (12)
- Q.5 What are the causes and effects of poverty in India? (12)
- Q.6 Explain the features, merits and demerits of MNC's (12)
- Q.7 What are the objectives of economic planning in India? (12)
- Q.8 Explain the role and importance of public sector in India. (12)
- Q.9 What role is played by agricultural sector in economic development in India? (12)
- Q.10 Describe the role of private sector in Indian industries. (12)

Subject : Sociology - II

Day : Monday

Date : 07/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks. All other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Patriarchal Family
- b) Brahma marriage
- c) Legitimacy
- d) Corporate Business organisation
- e) Totemism
- f) Property

Q.2 Trace the impact of Urbanization on Hindu Family.

Q.3 Describe the basic forms of marriage.

Q.4 "Bureaucracy is a necessary part of modern culture". Discuss the statement.

Q.5 What are the merits and demerits of division of labour?

Q.6 Is caste just a more rigorous form of social class? Explain.

Q.7 Bring out the social significance of religion.

Q.8 Describe the various measures taken by the Government of India to improve the status of the schedule casts and tribes.

Q.9 Describe the status of women in Indian Society.

Q.10 "India as a Plural Society". Explain

Subject : Political Science - II

Day : Friday

Date : 04/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) **Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.**
- 2) Answer **ANY FIVE** questions from **Q.No.2 to Q.No.10.**
- 3) **Q.No.1 carries 20 marks Q.No.2 to Q.No.10 carries 12 marks each.**

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Legitimacy
- b) Various foundations and types of resistance
- c) Retributive theory of punishment
- d) Reasons for the loss of legitimacy
- e) Max Weber's types of Authority
- f) John Locke on state of nature

Q.2 Define the term power, authority and legitimacy. Explain relationship between 'Power' and 'Authority'.

Q.3 Define the term 'Utilitarianism'. Discuss various modifications made by J. S. Mill to Utilitarianism.

Q.4 Why Political obligations are essential? Explain the types of political obligation.

Q.5 Critically evaluate Gandhian Theory of 'Satyagraha' with special reference to Civil Disobedience Movement.

Q.6 Explain what is contract? Discuss in detail the contractual liability.

Q.7 Discuss the grounds on which use of force by the state becomes justicible.

Q.8 Explain types of punishment. Discuss various theories of punishment.

Q.9 Write notes on:

- a) The contemporary crisis of legitimacy
- b) Capital punishment

Q.10 Write notes on:

- a) Hobbes on Political obligation
- b) Contribution of Vinoba Bhave to Gandhian Philosophy

Subject : General English- II

Day : Tuesday

Date : 01/10/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 2

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

- Q.1**
- A)** Supply relevant affixes to the following words any **FIVE:** (05)
- | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------------|
| i) Profit | ii) Just | iii) Improve |
| iv) Coerce | v) Law | vi) Danger |
| vii) Constitution | | |
- B)** Make meaningful sentences to bring out the differences in meaning of the following words any **FIVE:** (10)
- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| i) Moral – Morale | ii) Berth – Birth |
| iii) Bail – Bale | iv) Wave – Waive |
| v) Bear –Bare | vi) Knight – night |
| vii) Stationary – stationery | |
- c)** Use the following phrases in your own sentences to bring out the meaning any **FIVE:** (05)
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| i) Small fry | ii) A queer fish |
| iii) to be or fair weather friend | iv) At the zenith |
| v) Hurly –burly | vi) To have your heart in your mouth |
| vii) To rain cats and dogs | |

- Q.2** Read the passage and answer the questions given below: (15)

In an address which a leading legal luminary delivered, he reported to have said: "The days when lawyers could content themselves with working at their own cases and earning money are over, and the lawyer of the day should – if he would take his place in society and not become back number, enlarge his mental outlook and realize his duties to society, equip, himself for the purpose and make his contribution to the social and economic welfare of society". What a lawyer at the present moment has to realize is that he is a citizen and that he owes a heavy duty to the society in which he lives in order to help it march on progressive lines. It is the duty of the lawyer to endeavor to make the law under which he lives as perfect as possible and to suggest and bring about changes in them. It is his duty also to take an interest in public affairs to discuss important issues and to exert his influence on behalf of purity and politics and a wise, just and economical administration of law. His very vocation opens to him opportunities for doing his country political service.

It should not be forgotten however, that the undertaking of this responsibility may expose him to criticism, make enemies for him, alienate friends and above all cause him to lose clients and with them his profits: while by abstaining from politics and public life, he may have more time to devote to his profession, more time to meet and consult clients and more time to discharge his professional duties. But it rebounds to their credits that members of the Bar have always faced this situation with courage, unselfishness and sacrifice and borne their part in bringing about social amelioration and advancement in the country.

It stands to reason that the lawyers who give all his time to the profession must, in the long run outstrip his competitor who divides his time between law and politics. There have been men at the bar who have zealously stuck to law and therefore rose to positions of eminence. On the other hand there have been others whose eminence in the legal sphere cannot be accounted for solely by their exclusive devotion to the profession but who were largely aided by their place in politics and public life.

Questions:

- 1) What should a lawyer of today do according to the address delivered by a legal luminary?
- 2) What is a lawyer's duty towards society?
- 3) List all the difficulties lawyers may have to face
- 4) Do you think lawyers make good politicians? State reasons.
- 5) In your own words what do you think are your responsibilities towards society as a student of law?

Q.3 A) Use the following cohesive devices in your own sentences any **FIVE**: (05)

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| i) Therefore | ii) As far as | iii) Yet |
| iv) As though | v) Since | vi) Nevertheless |
| vii) Although | | |

B) Substitute an appropriate word for the given sentences any **FIVE**: (10)

- i) A person who hates women.
- ii) In capable of being eaten.
- iii) A statement on oath.
- iv) A government by rich.
- v) Language in speaking only.
- vi) One who is like a women.
- vii) Murder of brother.

Q.4 Write any essay in about 350 words any **ONE**: (15)

- a) Legal system and its defects.
- b) Abolition of capital punishment
- c) Right to equality is a myth.

Q.5 Write a precis and suggest a title: (15)

Tree shade for the benefit of others and while they themselves stand in the sun and endure scorching heat, they produce the fruit by which others profit. The character of good men is like that of trees. What is the use of this perishable body, if no use of it is made for the benefit of mankind? Sandalwood-the more it is rubbed the more scent does it yield. Sugarcane the more it is peeled and cut into pieces, the more juice does it produce. Gold the more it is burnt, the more brightly does it shine. The men who are noble at heart do not lose these qualities even in losing their lives. What does it matter whether men praise them or not? What difference does it make whether riches abide with them or not? What does it signify whether they die at this moment or whether their lives are prolonged? Happen what may, those who tread in the right path will not set foot in any other. Life itself is unprofitable to a man who does not live for other. To live for the mere sake of living one's life is to live the life of dogs and cows. Those who lay down their lives for the sake of a friend, or even for the sake of stranger, will assuredly dwell forever in a world of bliss.