BHUPALGAD - III (2009 Course): APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Sociology & Law - III

Day: Wednesday
Date: 17/04/2013

12227

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all.
- 2) Q.No. 1 is COMPULSORY and carries 20 marks each.
- 3) All other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR**:
 - a) Legal Aid and Legal Literacy
 - b) Problems relating to health
 - c) Secularism
 - d) Causes of student unrest
 - e) Drug addiction
 - f) Changing profile of crime and criminal
- Q.2 "The process of social change in India has given birth to social disorganization". Explain.
- Q.3 Describe the various legislative measures enacted by the government to protect and promote the welfare of women in India.
- Q.4 Define Juvenile Delinquency. What are its causes?
- Q.5 Write a brief essay on white collar crimes and corruption in India.
- Q.6 What are the main causes of unemployment in India?
- Q.7 How can the evil of Dowry system in India be abolished?
- Q.8 Do you feel that sincere and serious efforts have been made by the government to control the growth of population in India?
- Q.9 To what extend the theory of Social Engineering propounded by Roscoe Pound effective?
- Q.10 Explain the concept of criminology, penology and Human Rights.

BHUPALGAD - III (2009 Course) : APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Political Science - III

Day : Monday Date : 15/04/2013			Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1		
		12226			
N. B.	2) Solve A	1 is COMPULSORY. NY FIVE questions from Q. No 2 to the RIGHT indicate full marks.	E questions from Q. No 2 to Q. NO. 10.		
Q. 1	Write short not	es on ANY FOUR of the following	g:	(20)	
	a) Transnatib) War withc) UNICEFd) Collective) MNCs	onal non - official organisation nuclear weapons			
Q. 2	Define the term National Power. Discuss various tangible and intangible factors of National Power.				
Q. 3	Explain various causes of conflict between East and West.				
Q. 4	Critically evaluate peaceful methods of solving international disputes.		(12)		
Q. 5	Answer in brief: a) Differences between 'North' and 'South' b) Need for NIEO			(12)	
Q. 6	Critically analyse the role and functions of the security council, ICJ and secretariat of the UN		(12)		
Q. 7	Critically eval	uate various limitations of National	l Power.	(12)	
Q. 8	Answer in brie a) United N b) Asian	ef: Nations contribution in social fields	•	(12)	
Q. 9	Explain in detail the working of WHO, ILO and IMF as a specialized agencies of United Nations.		(12)		
Q.10	What is 'World	d Government'? Explain, World Go	overnment is a dream!	(12)	

(12)

BHUPALGAD - III (2008 Course): APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject: General English Including Legal Writing

Day : Friday
Date : 12/04/2013



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 2

N. B.:

1) Attempt ANY FIVE questions from Section A, B, C, and D.

2) Section A carries 35 marks. Attempt ANY TWO questions from section - A including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.

3) Section B, C, and D carry 15 marks each. Attempt ANY ONE question from Section B, C, and D.

4) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.

SECTION - A

Q. 1 A) Explain the following legal terms ANY FIVE

(10)

i) Judgment

iv) Insolvent

ii) Amendment

v) Malafide

iii) Arrest

vi) Will

B) Explain the following legal maxims ANY FIVE

(10)

i) Audi Alteram Partem

ii) Delegatus non potest delegate

iii) Volenti non fit injuria

iv) Ignorantia facti excusat, Ignorantia juris non excusat

v) Res Ipsa Loquitur

vi) Damnum Sine Injuria

Q. 2 Read the passage and answer the questions given below:

(15)

The definition of the word 'person' will vary from Act to Act. While interpreting the word 'person' in the context of Art. 226 or Art 12 of the Constitution of India in the light of the definition in General Clauses Act, the connotation, meaning would be different. On the other hand the word 'person' will have altogether different interpretation so far as the criminal law is concerned. In the Criminal Jurisdiction the State has been placed at a different pedestal as the protector of the social justice and hence the exclusion of State from the purview of the word 'person' used in S 397 (3), Cr. P. C. cannot be imported while defining the said word in the context of Contract Act or Partnership Act. It is a common knowledge that the modern State, besides other State activities, participates in commercial transaction.

Questions:

- a) Who is the protector of social justice?
- b) Is 'State' a person in criminal law?
- c) What is the meaning of the term "connotation"?

Q. 3 Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following: (15)Pollution - a serious concern Right to information b) Lokpal c) SECTION - B (15)0.4 Draft a notice for vacating the rented house. Draft a complaint for the offence of theft. Q. 5 Draft a petition for divorce by mutual consent. b) Draft an affidavit regarding non payment of rent. SECTION - C (15)0.6 Comment on the following judicial decisions: Hadley v. Bexendale a) Donoghue v. Stevenson **b**) Ashby v. White 0.7 Write a review of a text book on Economics and Law. Draft a legal news on fatal road accident caused under influence of alcohol. Q. 8 SECTION - D (15)Q. 9 Draft a report on seminar on Human rights. **Q. 10** Translate the legal text from English to Hindi or Marathi Rule of law is constitutional and parliamentary term. It means absolute supremacy or predominance of regular law as opposed to the influence of arbitrary power, equality before the law or the equal subjection of all classes to the ordinary law courts. It is a significant Anglo American doctrine implying that no man is punishable or can be law fully made to

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ordinary legal manner before the ordinary court of the land.

suffer in body or goods except for a distinct breach of law established in the

BHUPALGAD - III (2009 Course): APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Family Law - I

Day: Friday

Q.10



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 Date: 19/04/2013 N.B. 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all. 2) Q.No. 1 is COMPULSORY and carries 20 marks each. 3) All other questions carry 12 marks each. Write short notes on any FOUR: Q.1 Schools of Hindu Law a) Void and voidable marriage c) Difference between Nikah and Muta Marriage d) Registration of Marriage e) Sources of Muslim Law f) What are essentials conditions of Marriage under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955? Q.2 Explain theories of divorce under Hindu Law with reference to recent case law. Q.3 Discuss essentials of restitution of conjugal right with constitutional validity of Q.4 Sec. 9 of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. "Marriage within certain relationship is prohibited under Muslim Law". Discuss Q.5 the essential conditions for marriage. Define the term talaq. Explain different modes of talaq. Q.6 Define term Mehr. Discuss different types of Mehr. What is difference between Q.7 Mehr and dowry? Evaluate the essential features of Special Marriage Act, 1954. Q.8 Discuss different bars to matrimonial relief under Indian Personal Law. Q.9

What are essentials of valid marriage under Christian Marriage Act, 1872?

BHUPALGAD - III (2008 Course): APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Economics-I

Day: Friday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Date: 19/04/2013 Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 N.B. Q. No. 1 is **COMPULSORY** out of the remaining attempt any Five question. 1) 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 3) Give diagrams wherever necessary. Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR: (20)a) Co-operative organizations. Social welfare and social justice. b) Lender of last resort. c) d) Economic growth. Giffen's paradox. e) Sole proprietorship. f) Q.2 Scarcity is a root cause of economic problem --- Explain. (12)Technology has been helping faster economic development in India.---Q.3 (12)Explain. 0.4 Explain the features of socialism and capitalism. (12)Q.5 Joint stock company works in the frame of law ---- Explain. (12)Q.6 Explain the general functions of commercial banks in modern economy. (12)Q.7 Explain the law of supply with its assumptions and exceptions. (12)Q.8 Savings consumption and investment are thickly knitted ---- Explain. (12)0.9 What is monopoly? How the price is determined in monopoly? (12)What are the peculiarities of labour? which are the factors affecting labour (12) Q.10 productivity?

BHUPALGAD - III (2008 Course) : APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Tort & Consumer Protection Laws

Day: Wednesday Date: 17/04/2013 12131

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

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- 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q.No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR with reference to Specific Relief Act.
 - a) Object of the Act
 - b) Consumer Protection Council
 - c) District Forum
 - d) Rights of Consumers
 - e) Definition of 'Consumers'
 - f) Deficiency in service
- Q.2 Define Tort and explain how it is different from crime and breach of contract.
- Q.3 What is vicarious liability? Explain the liability of master for the tort committed by the servant.
- Q.4 "As a general rule every person can sue and be sued in tort. However, certain persons suffer from disability to sue and certain others enjoy immunities and hence cannot be sued". Comment.
- Q.5 Discuss the 'volenti non fit injuria' as a justification in tort pointing out its limitations.
- Q.6 Distinguish between private and public nuisance and explain the remedies available in case of nuisance.
- Q.7 Discuss various judicial remedies available in an action for torts.
- Q.8 What is tort of malicious prosecution? What are the defences available to the defendant?
- Q.9 Define the tort of negligence with the help of leading cases. What are the defences available against this tort?
- Q.10 Explain the following:
 - a) Act of God
 - b) Trespass of land

BHUPALGAD - III (2009 Course) : APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : Contract - I

Day : Monday
Date : 22/04/2013



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt Any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Question No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on Any **FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Lawful object
 - b) Frustration of contract
 - c) Time is the essence of contract.
 - d) Rescission of contract
 - e) Power to award compensation in certain cases under Specific Relief Act
 - f) Misrepresentation
- Q.2 Enumerate the provisions relating to Specific Performance of Part of a contract.
- Q.3 Discuss the provisions for recovery of possession of movable and immovable property under Specific Relief Act.
- Q.4 What are quasi- contracts?
- Q.5 Discuss the rules regarding performance of a contract.
- Q.6 Define offer and specify how it differs from invitation to offer.
- Q.7 Enumerate agreements which have been expressly declared to be void under contract law.
- Q.8 "ubi jus ibi remedium" available to aggrieved person for breach of contract. Explain.
- O.9 Define consent. When consent is said to be free consent?
- Q.10 Discuss the provisions under which communication is treated as complete.

BHUPALGAD - III (2009 Course): APRIL / MAY - 2013

Subject : General English - III

Day : Friday
Date : 12/04/2013

1 2 2 2 5

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 2

N.B.

- 1) Attempt 5 questions in all from section A, B, C and D.
- 2) Section A carries 35 marks. Attempt any 2 questions in section A including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 3) Section B, C and D carry 15 marks each. Attempt any 1 question from each section.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.

SECTION - A

Q.1 A Explain the following legal terms (any FIVE)

(10)

- i) Parole
- ii) Abscond
- iii) Plaint

- iv) Defendant
- v) Amendment
- vi) Extradition
- B) Explain the following legal Maxims (any FIVE)

(10)

- i) Nemo debet esse judex in propria causa
- ii) Fiat justitia
- iii) Ubi jus ibi remedium
- iv) Pacta sunt servanda
- v) Qui facit per alium facit per se
- vi) Audi alteram partem

Q.2 Read the passage & answer the questions given below it

(15)

Life on the African plain was very much at the mercy of the different weather seasons. The dry seasons meant lean times, and many animals had to be content with tough, low – quality vegetation, which was the only food around in any quantity. But our ancestors did not go on depending on this poor quality food. They began looking for new opportunities to get tasty food. What they discovered was that the African plains contained plants that hid their juicier parts underground. In the dry season, when other edible plants above ground grew scarce, the roots and bulbs of these special plants provided rich and healthy eating – but all of it below the surface, available only to animals that could claw it out. Lacking the specialized claws and teeth needed to get at these prized foods, our ancestors learnt how to fashion a stick or stone to dig out the succulent roots of plants.

By now our ancestors were clearly acquiring an even more valuable skill, that of knowledge — not just in knowing how to make simple instruments, but in knowing their own habitat in close detail. They came to recognize the habits of other creatures, and to turn them to their advantages. Circling vultures promised the remains of some animal killed not far away, a meal for the taking if they got there soon enough. They knew that adult antelopes, while impossible to catch, sometimes left their young in grass and went off to browse. Our hungry ancestors could pluck the infant like ready fruit, if they knew where to look.

Questions:

- i) What did dry season mean?
- ii) What did they discover about African plains?
- iii) What made our ancestors fashion a stick?
- iv) What did circling vultures indicate?
- v) Give a suitable title to the above passage

Q.3 Write an essay in about 300 - 350 words on (any ONE) (15)Advantages of legal education and legal awareness i) ii) Cyber crimes iii) Fundamental rights SECTION - B Draft a notice for eviction of a tenant on behalf of land lord. 0.4 (15)B) Draft a criminal complaint under section 494 IPC (Marrying again during the life time of husband or wife). Draft a will. Q.5 (15)Draft an Affidavit. SECTION - C Q.6 Write a review of a text book on "Sociology" for law students. (15)Q.7 Comment on the following decisions: (15)i) X Vs Z hospital Rylands Vs Fletcher ii) iii) Donoghue Vs Stevenson Gloucestor Vs Grammar School Q.8 Draft a legal news regarding any recent economic scam (15)SECTION - D Q.9 Draft a report on legal aid camp conducted by law students. (15)Q.10 Translate the text from English to Hindi or Marathi (15)If we are to be successful in retaining democratic institutions and expanding their meaning, we must be clear about the meaning of democratic ideas, we must make those ideas persuasive and we must above everything make them an integral part of our daily lives. If democracy is to mean any thing, it must have respect for the common man and not use him cynically as a pawn in the political game. The Manipulative approach sees, the common people only as so much material to be used. It has no more respect for that material than it would have for counters in any game.

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