

**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2015
COURSE) CBCS : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH- III (Including Legal Writing)**

Day : Thursday
Date : 02/11/2017

W-2017-1156

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max.Marks.60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY** and Q.1 (a) and (b) are **compulsory**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks i.e. **12** marks.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

- Q.1** A) Explain the following Legal Maxims: (**ANY THREE** Out of **FOUR**) (06)
- a) Ignorantia facti excusat, Ignorantia juris non-excusat.
 - b) Qui facit per alium facit per se
 - c) ubi jus ibi remedium
 - d) Injuria sine damno

- B) Explain the Legal terms: (**ANY THREE** Out of **FOUR**) (06)
- a) Judgment
 - b) Will
 - c) Extortion
 - d) Injunction

OR

- Q.1** A) Explain the following Legal Maxims: (**ANY THREE** Out of **FOUR**) (06)
- a) Vis major
 - b) Nemo dat quod non habet
 - c) Damnum Sine Injuria
 - d) Audi Alteram Partem

- B) Explain the Legal terms: (**ANY THREE** Out of **FOUR**) (06)
- a) Evidence
 - b) Status quo
 - c) Plaint
 - d) Bigamy

- Q.2** A) Read the passage and answer the questions given below. (12)

1. The cinema is an outstanding wonder of the modern age. It is not only a means of entertainment, but it is also in many ways an education in itself.

The cinema is a very valuable teaching aid. Historical films help the teacher of History. A couple of hours spent in the company of historical characters dressed in the costumes of the period can teach us far more than we can learn from a whole week's study of a history book.

Science can be taught very effectively through films. There are educational film companies which devote their time to the filming of the habits and customs of animals, insects, fish germs and numerous other branches of scientific life. We can watch the increasing activity of many kinds of germs and their effect on water, milk or blood. We can watch the opening and closing of flowers and leaves and the growth of grass and weeds. All these actions and movements are greatly magnified on the screen. Such pictures are intensely interesting and a very great help in the cause of education.

Read the above passage and answer the following questions and suggest a suitable title for the passage:

- 1) What are the two great advantages of the cinema? (03)
- 2) How do historical film help the teacher of History? (03)
- 3) How can science be taught very effectively? (02)
- 4) What do educational film companies do? (02)
- 5) How are the actions and movements of animals and insects shown on the screen? (02)

P. T. O.

OR

- B) Write an Legal Essay on (ANY ONE): (12)
- a) Political corruption
 - b) Cyber crimes
 - c) White collar crimes

Q.3 Attempt Any ONE of the following either A or B.

- A) i) Draft a complaint for theft (06)
ii) Draft a General power of Attorney (06)

OR

- B) i) Draft a notice for eviction of tenant. (06)
ii) Draft a petition for Divorce (06)

Q.4 Attempt (Any ONE) either A & B Or only C.

- A) Comment on the following judiciary Decisions (06)
i) Ashby v. white
ii) Donogneau v. Stevenson
iii) Vishaka v. state of Rajasthan

- B) Draft a legal News regarding child abuse. (06)

OR

- C) Write a review of text book sociology. (12)

Q.5 A) Draft a report on legal aid conducted by law students. (12)

OR

- B) Translate the text from English to Hindi or Marathi. (12)

Child labour is a serious menace to the society and to our country which needs effective measures for eradication. In absence of fair work culture in India the employer's sole attention to the maintenance of machine and their production and due to strict compliance of statutory provisions often children are abused by way of child labour. No doubt, we have labour problems but it should not be sorted out at the cost of children's life. A child is a father of man. They deserve proper health, care education and upbringing so that they can unfold their potentialities and talents to give nation new horizons in future. Due to poverty and illiteracy the children and also their guardians are unconscious of their rights. The socio-economic status of child labour is far below the status of his employer.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2015
COURSE) CBCS :WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE – III (Concepts & Ideologies)**

Day : Monday
Date : 06/11/2017

W-2017-1157

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All question carries **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 Write a detailed note on Human Rights.

OR

Write short notes on:

- a) Environmentalism
- b) Secularism in the western context

Q.2 'Terrorism is a grave challenge to a peaceful world order'. Comment.

OR

Explain the concept of Totalitarianism. Also mention the types of Totalitarianism.

Q.3 What is Secularism? Explain the concept of secularism in the Indian context.

OR

Write a detailed note on the various perspectives of Feminism.

Q.4 Define Democracy. Write a note on the various types of Democracy.

OR

What is Constitutionalism? Elucidate on the features of Constitutionalism.

Q.5 Explain the concept of socialism. Write a note on the various types of socialism.

OR

Write a detailed note on Communism in the Marxist context.

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**B.A.LL.B (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2015
COURSE) CBCS : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : SOCIOLOGY & LAW - III**

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **08/11/2017**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : **60**

W-2017-1158

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 a) Define the term Social Disorganization and explain its nature with appropriate examples.

OR

b) Who are senior citizens? Explain the problem of old age and its consequence.

Q.2 a) Write a note on "Women Empowerment".

OR

b) Write in detail on the changing profile of crime and criminal in India.

Q.3 a) What are the various factors that lead to poverty? State remedies to overcome this problem.

OR

b) What do you mean by the term Juvenile Delinquency? Explain causes of Juvenile Delinquency and suggest measures to solve them.

Q.4 a) Explain the various causes that lead to population explosion in India. Suggest some legal measures to minimize this issue.

OR

b) Define the Drug Addiction. Explain the causes leading to drug addiction and state its consequences with examples.

Q.5 a) Explain Roscoe Pounds theory of Social Engineering.

OR

b) Define the term legal education and explain the importance of legal education.

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**B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2015
COURSE) CBCS : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT: ICT AND LEGAL RESEARCH (SOFT SKILL)**

Day : Friday
Date : 10/11/2017

W-2017-1159

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q. 1 Discuss the utility of Information and Communication Technology for promoting excellence in legal education.

OR

Discuss the significance of Soft skills for lawyers.

Q. 2 "Citation management tools allow a user to organize and retrieve information, such as citation for books, articles and web sites, by interfacing with library databases". Explain the modes of Standard Indian Legal Citation.

OR

Discuss the nature and scope of 'Research Methodology' and advantages of research design.

Q. 3 Discuss the national policy and action plan for implementation of Information and Communication Technology in the Indian Judiciary.

OR

"eLawyering encompasses all the ways in which lawyers can do their work using the web and associated technologies". Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of eLawyering.

Q. 4 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Computer Organized or Assisted Legal Research (COLR/CALR) and enlist the important legal websites.

OR

Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- a) Features of MS-Office
- b) Auxiliary Storage Devices
- c) Features of FTP and e-mail services

Q. 5 "Plagiarism is the act of taking another person's writing, conversation, song, or even idea and passing it off as your own". Discuss the types of plagiarism and differentiate it from copyright infringement.

OR

Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- a) Open Access Journal
- b) Digital Library
- c) Bulletin Board

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2015
COURSE) CBCS : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - I**

Day : Monday
Date : 13/11/2017

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 60

W-2017-1160

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 Define State under Article 12 of the Constitution. Discuss the term 'other authorities' with appropriate case laws.

OR

Examine the concept of Equality elaborating the new concept of equality.

Q.2 Discuss the scope of the Freedom of Speech and Expression enumerating the new dimensions to it.

OR

Write notes on the following:

- a) Freedom of Assembly
- b) Freedom of Residence
- c) Protection against self-incrimination

Q.3 Evaluate pre and post Maneka Gandhi phase referring to American due process clause and procedure established by law.

OR

Write note on the following:

- a) Prohibition on Employment of Children
- b) Rights of arrested persons
- c) Rights of Minorities

Q.4 Write a detail essay on concept of secularism enumerating landmark judicial decisions.

OR

Write notes on the following:

- a) Writ of Habeas Corpus
- b) Relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
- c) Fundamental duties

Q.5 Analyse the following cases:

- a) Vishaka v. State of Rajasthan
- b) Pollution of Taj Mahal Case

OR

Analyse the following cases:

- a) Rudal Shah v. State of Bihar
- b) Peoples Union for Domestic Rights v. Police Commissioner

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**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009
COURSE) : WINTER - 2017**

SUBJECT: CONTRACT - I

Day: Monday
Date: 13/11/2017

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 80

W-2017-1187

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions out which **Q.1. is COMPULSORY.**
- 2) **Q.1 carries 20 Marks** and all other questions carry **12 Marks** each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Declaratory Decree.
- b) Rectification of Instruments.
- c) Injunction.
- d) Nature of Specific Relief.
- e) Recovering Possession of Movable Property.
- f) Rescission of Contracts.

Q.2 "Insufficiency of consideration is immaterial but an agreement without consideration is void." Comment.

Q.3 What is an offer? State the rules as to valid offer and distinguish an offer from invitation to an offer.

Q.4 Discuss the law relating to competency of parties in a contract with special reference to position of a Minor in a contract.

Q.5 What are the various ways by which a contract is discharged?

Q.6 Explain the doctrine of frustration. What are the effects of frustration of a contract?

Q.7 Under Indian contract Act there are certain relations resembling those created by contract. Explain.

Q.8 Enumerate the protective devices evolved by the court for the benefit of weaker parties in a standard form of contract.

Q.9 Define contingent contracts and state the essentials for performance of contingent contracts.

Q.10 Define consent. What are the factors that affect free consent? Discuss their effect on a contract.

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**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009
COURSE) : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW - I**

Day : Friday
Date : 10/11/2017

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

W-2017-1186

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Talaq – e – Tafweez
 - b) Jordan Diegden v/s Chopra Case (1985)
 - c) Bars to Matrimonial Relief
 - d) Parsi Matrimonial Courts
 - e) Registration of marriage
 - f) Iddat
- Q.2** Under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 a marriage can only be solemnized if the ceremonies of the marriage as per section 7 of the act are strictly performed. Explain essentials of Hindu Marriage with relevant case laws.
- Q.3** State the procedure of marriage of Indian Christians under Christian Law.
- Q.4** ‘The Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936 is an act to amend the law relating to marriage and divorce among Parsis’. State all grounds available to Parsis in divorce and dissolution of Parsi marriage.
- Q.5** Write notes on:
- a) Adultery as a ground of divorce
 - b) Divorce by mutual consent
- Q.6** Discuss Constitutional Validity of Restitution of Conjugal Rights with leading case laws under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.
- Q.7** Examine the legal consequences of void and voidable marriages according to the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.
- Q.8** Discuss various grounds available to a Muslim Women under Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
- Q.9** Define Dower. What are various kinds of dower? How is the quantum of dower decided? How the right of wife to dower is enforced?
- Q.10** What are grounds of judicial separation under Special Marriage Act, 1954?

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**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009
COURSE) : WINTER - 2017**

SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY AND LAW-III

Day: Wednesday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date: 08/11/2017

W-2017-1185

Max. Marks: 80

N.B:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** is **COMPULSORY** and carries **20** marks each.
- 3) All other questions carry 12 marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Dowry
- b) Changing profile of crime
- c) Secularism
- d) Gender inequality
- e) Slums
- f) Problems of women workers

Q.2 Define social disorganization and the various factors affecting it.

Q.3 Explain the causes, consequences and legal aspect of divorce.

Q.4 White collar crimes and corruption have hampered the progress of India. Comment with examples.

Q.5 Write a detailed note on: Old Age, its consequences and legal remedies.

Q.6 Illustrate on the issues pertaining to nation building.

Q.7 Write a detailed essay on women empowerment.

Q.8 Explain in brief on any three contemporary issues affecting the development of India.

Q.9 Explain sociological jurisprudence by stating in detail about criminology and penology.

Q.10 Elaborate on the concept of Legal Aid and Legal Literacy.

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**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009
COURSE) :WINTER - 2017
SBUEJCT: POLITICAL SCIENCE – III**

Day: **Monday**
Date: **06/11/2017**

W-2017-1184

Time: **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks: **80**

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FIVE** questions including **Q. No. 1** is which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q. No 1** carries **20** marks and all other carry **12** marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) MNC's
- b) Geography as an element of National Power
- c) Balance of Payments
- d) UNICEF
- e) Disarmament
- f) International morality

Q.2 Define 'National Power'. Discuss various elements of National Power.

Q.3 What is 'World Government'? Why is it often said that 'World Government is a myth'?

Q.4 Write a detailed note on the East-West rivalry.

Q.5 Critically evaluate the various peaceful methods of solving international disputes.

Q.6 Write a detailed note on the various limitations of National Power.

Q.7 Elucidate on the various components of World Community.

Q.8 Answer in brief:

- a) Collective Security
- b) UNESCO

Q.9 Write a detailed note on the 'Cold War'.

Q.10 Critically analyze the role and functions of 'ICJ' and the 'United Nations Security Council'.

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**B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009
COURSE) : WINTER - 2017**

SUBJECT : GENERAL ENGLISH – III

Day : Thursday
Date : 02/11/2017

W-2017-1183

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FIVE** questions in all from Section A, B, C and D.
- 2) Section A carries 35 marks. Attempt any **TWO** questions from Section A including Q.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 3) Section B, C, D carries 15 marks each. Attempt any **ONE** questions from each Section.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

SECTION – A

- Q.1 A) Explain the following legal terms (any FIVE): (10)**
- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| i) Alibi | ii) Bailable |
| iii) Codicil | iv) Ex-parte |
| v) Habeas Corpus | vi) Trespass |

- B) Explain the following Legal Maxim (any FIVE): (10)**
- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| i) Audi Alteram Partem | ii) Salus Populi Suprema Lex |
| iii) Noscitur a socii | iv) Res Non Potest Peccare |
| v) Damnum sine Injuria | vi) Void ab Initio |

- Q.2 Read the passage and answer the questions given below: (15)**

Hoffmann applied for employment in South Africa airways as a cabin attendant. He was found suitable but was refused employment on the sole ground that his blood test showed that he was HIV positive. The action of the airline, which is a state instrumentality, was challenged as discriminatory before the South African Constitutional Court. The airlines conceded on the basis of its own medical evidence that an asymptomatic HIV positive person could competently perform the work of a cabin attendant but relied on legitimate commercial consideration and practice of other airlines to justify in action

The constitutional court ruled that the fact that some people who were HIV positive might, under certain circumstances, be unsuitable for employment as cabin attendants did not justify their blanket exclusion. The court observed that persons living with HIV constituted a vulnerable minority and were victims of intense and extensive social prejudice. Treatment of people who were HIV positive had to be based on reasoned and medically sound judgements and not on ill informed public perception of persons with HIV. Such people should be treated with compassion and understanding and could not be condemned to economic death by denying them employment. The court directed the airlines to employ Hoffman as a cabin attendant. A path breaking and compassionate judgement indeed.

Questions:

- 1) What is the summary of the passage?
- 2) What are the problems faced by AIDS patients?
- 3) Why has the author praised the South African Constitutional Court?
- 4) What do you think would be a suitable title for the passage?

- Q.3 Write an essay on any ONE: (15)**

- a) Right to vote
- b) Role of a lawyer
- c) Women and Law

P.T.O.

SECTION – B

- Q.4** Attempt any **ONE** of the following: (15)
a) Draft a notice for bouncing of cheque
b) Draft a petition for Divorce

OR

- Q.5** Attempt any **ONE** of the following: (15)
a) Draft a will
b) Draft a complaint for assault

SECTION – C

- Q.6** Comment on the following judicial decisions. (15)
a) Chasemore Vs. Richard
b) M.C. Mehta Vs. Union of India
c) Mohini Jain Vs. State of Karnataka

- Q.7** Write a review of a text book on 'Sociology' for law students. (15)

- Q.8** Draft a legal news on Sheena Bora Murder case. (15)

SECTION – D

- Q.9** Draft a report on a seminar on Environmental Law held on 8th November, 2016 in New Law College, Bharati Vidyapeeth. (15)

OR

- Q.10** Translate the text from English to Hindi or Marathi. (15)
Re-examination is the examination of a witness subsequent to the cross-examination by the party who called him. It is meant for the demonstration of the real meaning of the evidence arising in cross-examination used in the cross-examination. Therefore, the chief object of it is to give the witness an opportunity to explain what he said in cross-examination.

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