B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-IV (2015 COURSE): SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II

Day : Friday

02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Time:

Date

27/04/2018

S-2018-1197

Max. Marks: 60.

N.B.:

- All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 1)
- 2) Figures to the RIGHT indicate full marks.

Q.1 Notion of Indian Federalism is neither truly federal nor unitary but it is quasifederal. Discuss and compare it with that of other federal countries.

OR

Critically evaluate implementation of the distribution of financial powers of the Union and the State in the light of recommendations of Sarkaria Commission.

Q.2 Discuss the powers and functions of Governor of the State.

(12)

OR

"The satisfaction of the President under Article 356 of the Indian Constitution though prima facie appears to be immune from judicial scrutiny; nevertheless it has become amenable to judicial review." Comment.

Q.3 Describe and evaluate amendability of Fundamental Rights and Constitutional (12) Provisions along with the doctrine of basic structure and point out changing facts with the help of relevant judicial decisions.

OR

The role of a speaker in case of disqualifying defectors, members of legislative party has been controversial one. Discuss in the light of Anti-defection law with appropriate judicial decisions.

Q.4 Discuss Election Commission under Article 324 with relation to Article 329(a) and (12) (b).

OR

What is doctrine of Pleasure? Discuss the limitations on the doctrine of pleasure.

Q.5 The most important function of Parliament is making the laws. The legislative (12) procedure is initiated in the form of Bill. Comment.

OR

Write short notes on any TWO of the following:

- Council of Ministers a)
- Doctrine of Territorial Nexus b)
- Tortious liability of Government. c)

SUBJECT: CONTRACT-II

Day

Friday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date

27/04/2018

S-2018-1322

Max. Marks: 80

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- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Indemnity Holder
 - b) Kinds of Partners
 - c) Caveat Emptor
 - d) Bouncing of Cheque
 - e) Bailor and Bailee
 - f) Sub-Agent
- Q.2 What is a contract of Guarantee? What are its special features? Distinguish between a contract of Guarantee and a contract of Indemnity.
- Q.3 Define Pledge. State the respective rights and duties of Pawnor and Pawnee.
- Q.4 What is a contract of Agency? Briefly describe the various modes by which an agency may be terminated.
- Q.5 Who is an Unpaid seller? What are his rights against the goods? Has he any remedy against the buyer personally?
- Q.6 Discuss the mutual rights and duties as between the partners in the absence of any express contract between them.
- Q.7 Define Promissory Note. What are its essential elements? How does it differ from a Bill of Exchange?
- **Q.8** What are the requisites of a valid endorsement? Explain the different kinds of endorsement with suitable examples.
- Q.9 Define the term delivery as used in a contract of sale and discuss the rules relating to delivery of goods.
- **Q.10** Briefly explain the salient features of Hire-Purchase Act.

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SUBJECT: ECONOMICS AND LAW-III

Day: Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Saturday S-2018-1320 Date: Max. Marks: 80 21/04/2018 N.B: 1) Answer ANY FIVE questions from the rest. Q. No.1 is COMPLSORY. 2) Q. No.1 carries 20 marks and all other remaining questions carry 12 marks each. Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following: a) Current account of Balance of payment Tax avoidance and tax evasion b) Monetary policy c) d) Cost push inflation Consumers protection Act e) Cyclical disequilibrium Differentiate between micro and macroeconomics? Discuss the significance **Q.2** of macroeconomic studies. What are trade cycles? Explain the depression and recovery phase of trade Q.3 cycles. Is understanding of economics necessary in the field of law? Justify your **Q.4** answer. Differentiate between Balance of Trade and Balance of payment. What are Q.5 the factors that affect the Balance of trade? Define deflation. What are the causes of deflation? **Q.6** Explain the relevance of economics in contract Act. **Q.7** Explain the concept of privatization. Explain the importance of privatization 0.8 as an integral component of the new economic policy 1991. What are advantages and disadvantages of floating exchange Rate? **Q.9** What are the consequences of inflation on financial institutions, Foreign Q.10Trade, Price structure?

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SUBJECT: ECONOMICS AND LAW-III

Day: Date:	Saturday 21/04/2018	S-2018-1286	Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Max. Marks: 60	
N.B:	2) Figures	stions are COMPLSORY. to the right indicate FULL marks. eat diagrams WHEREVER necessa	ıry.	
Q.1	Define m	acroeconomics. What is the nature a	nd scope of macroeconomics?	(12)
	Explain v	rarious measures to control balance of	of payment disequilibrium.	(12)
Q.2	Explain tl	ne need and effects of globalization	on Indian economy.	(12)
		OR		
	Explain tl	ne major functions performed by for	reign exchange markets.	(12)
Q.3	What are	the monetary measures to control de	eflation?	(12)
		OR		
	Discuss th	ne advantages and disadvantages of t	fixed exchange rate system	(12)
Q.4	Explain th	ne relationship between consumer pr	otection Act and economics.	(12)
		OR		
	Define in	flation. What are the causes of inflati	ion?	(12)
Q.5	Explain th	ne importance of economics in legal	studies.	(12)
		OR		
	Explain th	ne relevance of economic perspective	e in the constitution of India.	(12)

B.A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-IV (2015 COURSE)

CBCS: SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW - I (Marriage, divorce & matrimonial Disputes)

Day: **Tuesday**Date: **24/04/2018**

S-2018-1287

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All question carry **EQUAL** marks. .
- Q.1 a) Discuss cruelty and adultery as a ground of divorce under all personal laws.

OR

- b) State the concept of dower under Muslim Law.
- Q.2 a) What are the grounds for judicial separation under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955?

OR

- **b)** Explain the procedure of solemnization of Marriage under the Special Marriage Act, 1954.
- Q.3 a) Write short notes on:
 - i) Iddat
 - ii) Quran as a source of Law

OR

- b) Muslim Marriage is a civil contract but Hindu marriage is a sacrament. Explain the main differences between marriage under Hindu and Muslim Law.
- Q.4 a) Explain the provisions of Parsi Matrimonial Courts.

OF

- **b)** Discuss the grounds of divorce under the Indian Divorce act, 1869 with latest amendments.
- Q.5 a) Solve the following:
 - i) A Hindu woman working in one of the reputed company in the capacity of senior manager wants to take divorce from her husband. Husband is jobless since last 4 yrs. He files a petition for maintenance from his wife. Will he succeed?
 - ii) Write a note on Sarla Mudgal v. Union of India (1995) 3 SCC 635

OR

- b) i) A Muslim wife claims dower from her husband when the divorce takes effect. He objects to the payment on the ground that the marriage has not been consummated. Decide.
 - ii) Write a note on Schools of Hindu Law.

SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW-II

10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Time Day Tuesday S-2018-1321 Max. Marks: 80 Date 24/04/2018 N.B. Attempt any SIX questions including Q.1 which is COMPULSORY. 1) 2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each. Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR: Waaf a) Marz ul Maut b) Privileged will c) Permanent alimony to wife under Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 d) Special provision for widow under section 33-A of Indian Succession Act, 1925 e) Son's pious obligation Comment on Mond Ahmed Khan V. Shan Bano Begum AIR 1985 SC 945 with **Q.2** special reference to section 125 of Criminal Procedure Code. State and explain features of the Coparcenary with latest amendment under Q.3 Hindu Law. **Q.4** Discuss 'Doctrine of Representation' under law of inheritance of Muslim Law. Discuss requisites of a valid adoption under Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Q.5 Act, 1956. Write note on: **Q.6** Hizanat a) Testamentary Guardian under Hindu Law b) Explain the rules of succession in respect of male dying intestate under Hindu **Q.7** Succession Act, 1956. **Q.8** What is partition? Discuss the modes of effecting partition under Hindu Law. Discuss general principles of inheritance under Indian Succession Act, 1925 for Q.9 Christian Succession.

Define the term Hiba and explain in detail types of Hiba.

Q.10

SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH-IV (LEGAL LANGUAGE)

Day

Tuesday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date

: 17/04/2018

S-2018-1284

Max. Marks. 60

N.B.:

1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.

2) All question carries **EQUAL** marks i.e.12 marks.

- Q.1 A) Write short notes on ANY THREE of the following.
 - 1) Suit
 - 2) Preamble
 - 3) Purposive Construction
 - 4) Schedule
 - B) Explain the legal maxims: ANY THREE of the following.
 - 1) Audi Alteram partem
 - 2) Respondeat superior
 - 3) Damnum sine injuria
 - 4) Delegates non potest delegare
 - 5) Qui facit per alium facit per se
- Q.2 A) Explain the meaning of legal terms: ANY THREE of the following.
 - 1) Complaint
 - 2) Summons
 - 3) Libel
 - 4) Wrongful confinement
 - 5) Extortion
 - **B)** Explain the difference between question of law and question of facts.

OR

Define statute. Explain the essential parts of statute.

Q.3 A) Define Judgment. What is the style of writing a judgment and what precautions should be taking in writing it?

OR

- B) What is logical reasoning? Define and distinguish it from legal reasoning.
- Q.4 A) Explain the different parts of a Deed. Draft a Mortgage deed.

OR

- B) Discuss Judicial process in detail.
- Q.5 A) Write an essay on "India is a welfare state".

OR

- B) Do you agree with the following statement if Yes, Why? If No, why not?
 - 1. Whether Prisoner's marriage is a reason sufficient to grant parole.
 - 2. Whether the use of mobile phone inside the court rooms are prohibited.
 - 3. Muslim law does not allow a property to be bequeathed to an unborn child.
 - 4. According to Shariat law any person who is of 18 years of age or above is eligible to make their will.
 - 5. Judge can't be examined in contempt proceedings arising out of complaint lodged by him.

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SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH-IV

Day : Tuesday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date

17/04/2018

S-2018-1318

Max. Marks: 80.

N.B.:

1) Attempt any SIX questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.

2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other carry 12 marks each.

- **Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Flexibility of language
 - b) Legal fiction
 - c) De facto
 - d) Marginal notes
 - e) Precedent
 - f) Obiter dicta.
- **Q.2** Explain the meaning of **SIX** of the following Maxims:
 - a) Ex nudo pacto non oritur actio
 - b) Ignorantia juris non excusat
 - c) Volenti non fit injuria
 - d) Delegatus non potest delegare
 - e) Salus populi est suprema lex
 - f) Exturpi causa non oritur actio
 - g) Actio personalis moritur cum persona.
- Q.3 "Language is essential to make laws, There is a close relationship between language and law." Explain this statement with the importance of legal language.
- Q.4 Define a statute. Explain the kinds of interpretation of a statute and briefly discuss general principles of interpretation.
- Q.5 Define Judgment. What is the style of writing a Judgment and what precautions should be taking in writing a Judgment?
- **Q.6** What is logical reasoning? How inductive reasoning different from deductive reasoning.
- Q.7 Explain what are questions of law and bring out the difference between questions of law and questions of fact.
- Q.8 Explain the following legal terms (Any Six)
 - a) Doli in Capax
 - b) Strict liability
 - c) Bail
 - d) Decree
 - e) Void contract
 - f) Fact
 - g) Abetment
 - **h)** Estoppel

- **Q.9** What precautions will you take while drafting a deed of sale of immovable property? Discuss in brief various components of a sale deed of immovable property.
- **Q.10** Write an essay in about 300-350 words on any **ONE** of the following:
 - a) Juvenile Justice system and its delinquency in India
 - **b)** Digital India
 - c) Socio-legal aspects of female foeticide.

OR

Translate the text from English to Hindi or Marathi.

"Balance between one person's right to freedom of speech and another's right to protect their good name."

Any intentional false communication, either written or spoken, that harms a person's reputation, decrease the respect regard or confidence in which a person is held or induces disparaging hostile or disagreeable opinions or feelings against a person is known as defamation. Defamation in the act of making untrue statements about another which damages his/ her reputation. It is a statement that injuries someone's reputation. Defamation is the act of saying false things in order to make people have a bad opinion of someone. Defamation may be defined as a communication to some person, other than the person defamed, Defamation is wrong done by a person to another's reputation by words, written or spoken, sign or other visible representation. Defamation is of two kinds libel and slander. If the statement is made in writing and published in some permanent and visible form, then the defamation is called libel. Whereas, if statement is made by some spoken words then the defamation is called slander.

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SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE – IV (International Relations)

Day Date

Thursday 19/04/2018

S-2018-1285

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All question carries **EQUAL** marks.
- Q.1 Write a brief note on the different schools and approaches to international relations.

OR

Write short notes on:

- a) Disarmament
- b) Balance of power
- Q.2 Write a note on the various modes of peaceful settlements in international relations.

OR

Write a detailed note on the various features of National Power.

- **Q.3** Write short notes on:
 - a) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
 - **b)** Collective Security

OR

Elucidate on the Cold war era.

Q.4 Write a detailed note on the United Nations.

OR

Write short notes on:

- a) European Union
- b) BRICS
- Q.5 Explain the concept of Intergovernmental Organizations (IGO's) in detail.

OR

Write a detailed note on International Terrorism.

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B. A. LAW (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-IV (2009 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018 SBUEJCT: POLITICAL SCIENCE – IV

Day: Thursday
Date: 19/04/2018 S-2018-1319 Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **FIVE** questions including **Q. No. 1** is which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No 1 carries 20 marks and all other carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Functional Representation
 - b) Judicial Review
 - c) One party democracy
 - d) Unitary Government
 - e) Parliamentary Sovereignty
 - f) The Security Council
- Q.2 What is public opinion? Discuss the various agencies for the formation of public opinion.
- Q.3 Write a detailed note on the federal form of government.
- Q.4 Explain the role and functions of International Labour organization.
- Q.5 Discuss various features, merits and demerits of parliamentary form of Government.
- **Q.6** Critically examine the theory of 'Separation of Powers'.
- Q.7 Define 'Representation'. Explain its importance. Discuss various types of representatives.
- Q.8 Answer in brief:
 - a) Role and functions of the legislature in democratic government
 - b) Decline of legislature
- Q.9 Explain the powers and functions of the executive in the era of globalization and discuss the various reasons for increase of powers of the executive.
- Q.10 Explain the role of UNO in maintaining world peace through its specialized agencies.

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SUBJECT: PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW

Day : **Monday**Date : **30/04/2018**

S-2018-1289

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max. Marks: 60.

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY.**
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
- Q.1 A) What is the need and scope of Private International Law? What is the significance of Unification of laws in Private International Law?

OR

- **B)** Write notes on:
 - i) Unification of Private International Law
 - ii) Section 13 of Civil Procedure Code
- Q.2 A) How are causes of action and rules of law classified? Illustrate with case laws.

OR

- B) Write notes on:
 - i) Problem Illustrated
 - ii) Problem Stated
- Q.3 A) Explain the doctrine of Total Renvoi and its applicability? What are the criticism of this doctrine? Illustrate with cases?

OR

- **B)** Write notes on:
 - i) Witnesses who can prove Foreign Law
 - ii) How Foreign Law is proved?
- Q.4 A) What are the English and Indian Private International rules regarding dissolution of marriage (divorce) in terms of (a) jurisdiction (b) choice of law (c) recognition of foreign divorces.

OR

- **B)** Write notes on:
 - i) Characterization of property
 - ii) Voluntary Assignment of Intangible movables
- Q.5 A) Analyze the following case laws:
 - i) Re Duke of Wellington
 - ii) Satya v. Teja Singh

OR

- **B)** Analyze the following case laws:
 - i) Noor Jehan v. Tiscenko
 - ii) H v. H

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