

SUBJECT: CYBER LAW

Day : Saturday
Date : 24/11/2018

W-2018-1467

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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Q. 1 Write a short note on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Define Internet
- b) Types of Jurisdiction
- c) The 'Sliding Scale' or 'Zippo Test'
- d) Hacking and unauthorized Access
- e) Cyber Regulation Advisory Committee
- f) Phishing

Q. 2 Define 'Information Technology'. Explain the history and objectives of the Information Technology Act, 2000.

Q. 3 "Specific personal jurisdiction allows a defendant to be sued in a forum only on the basis of the defendant's contacts with the forum". Discuss the types of personal jurisdiction in internet.

Q. 4 Define 'Cyber Crimes' and discuss aim and objectives of the Council of Europe convention regarding Cyber Crimes.

Q. 5 Elaborate the types of 'Mobile Crimes'. Discuss the offences and penalties of Mobile Crimes with reference to Information Technology Act, 2000.

Q. 6 Define 'Intellectual Property Rights'. Discuss the trademark and domain name disputes in Cyberspace.

Q. 7 "Cyber Crimes may be said to be those species of which, genus is the conventional crime and where either the computer is an object or subject of the conduct constituting crime". Comment and discuss the different types of Cyber Crimes.

Q. 8 Write a detailed note on:

- a) Types of Cyber Terror Capability
- b) National Laws relation to Cyber Terrorism

Q. 9 Discuss the types of 'Intermediary' and explain the liabilities of intermediary under the Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2008.

Q.10 Define 'E-commerce'. Elaborate the advantages and disadvantages of E-commerce.

SUBJECT: JURISPRUDENCE

Day : Wednesday
Date : 21/11/2018

W-2018-1466

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other question carries 12 marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Ownership
- b) Fuller's internal morality of law
- c) Obligation
- d) American Realism
- e) Legal status of unborn child
- f) Doctrine of stare decisis

Q.2 Discuss the nature, scope and utility of jurisprudence.

Q.3 Critically examine Kelson's Pure theory of law and point out its shortcomings.

Q.4 Critically analyze 'Austin's Theory of Command of the Sovereign' in the context of a politically organized society. Discuss its relevance in modern legal system.

Q.5 'Law is all about balancing the competing interests in the society'. In view of the above statement discuss Roscoe Pound's Theory of Social Engineering.

Q.6 Define Legislation and discuss the kinds of Legislation.

Q.7 "Possession is nine points of law." Discuss.

Q.8 The concept of right has certain unique features which make rights so especially valuable as to be a virtually indispensable element of any acceptable social order. Discuss the various kinds of rights.

Q.9 Liability or responsibility is the bond of necessity that exists between the wrongdoer and the remedy of the wrong. Explain the different kinds of liabilities.

Q.10 Explain the Distributive Theory of Justice and also discuss as to how the Distributive Justice is applied in the Indian legal system.

SUBJECT: LAW OF CRIMES

Day : Saturday
Date : 17/11/2018
W-2018-1465
Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks. All other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following :
- a) Fraudulently
 - b) Act of Judge
 - c) Sedition
 - d) Sexual harassment
 - e) House-trespass
 - f) Cruelty by husband
- Q.2** "An Act includes commission and omission." Explain the types of act and its relevance in crime.
- Q.3** "Private defence is not available against public servant acting under color of office and in good faith." Comment.
- Q.4** "The principle of vicarious liability is not applicable in law of crimes except in case of abetment." Comment.
- Q.5** "Death by rash and negligent act is punished not as murder under Sec 304A." comment with the help of leading cases.
- Q.6** "Kidnapping from lawful guardianship is an offence." The consent of child is not important. Comment.
- Q.7** "The offence of rape is punished severely if committed against minor girl." Explain with relevant provisions and case laws.
- Q.8** "Robbery, is aggravated form of theft and extortion." Explain.
- Q.9** "Truth is the best defence for defamation." Explain and discuss the law of defamation under IPC.
- Q.10** Write a detailed note on 'Adultery'.

SUBJECT : OPTIONAL – I: INDIAN FEDERALISM

Day : Tuesday
Date : 27/11/2018

W-2018-1468

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q.No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) S. R. Bommai case
- b) Special status
- c) Coalition government
- d) Doctrine of Severability
- e) Role of Judiciary in USA
- f) Doctrine of occupied field

Q.2 “It will be wrong to propose that the Indian Constitution is just a carbon copy of other Constitution and contains nothing new and original”. Discuss the features of Indian Constitution.

Q.3 “Federalism - old style is dead, but - new style is alive and well”. Discuss constitution of USA and working of Federalism.

Q.4 Elaborate the administrative relationship between Centre and State.

Q.5 Write notes on:

- a) Re Berubari case
- b) Keshavanand Bharati v. State of Kerala

Q.6 Analyze the comparative concept of federalism in India and Canada.

Q.7 Critically evaluate the role of Indian Judiciary in promotion and protection of Indian Federalism.

Q.8 Discuss the concept of Privatization and Globalization as new challenges for the government.

Q.9 Analyze critically the need of federal agencies to combat terrorism.

Q.10 Explain the working of federalism under Articles 352 and 356 of Indian Constitution.

B. A. Law (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (2009 Course) : WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT: OPTIONAL- I: BANKING LAW INCLUDING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT

Day: Tuesday
Date: 27/11/2018

W-2018-1469

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks: 80

N.B:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** questions from Section-A including **Q. No 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Attempt **ANY TWO** questions from Section-B.
 - 3) **Q. No 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks.
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SECTION-I

- Q.1** Write notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Monopoly of Note Issue
 - b) Lender of the Last Resort
 - c) Business of banking Company
 - d) Winding up of banking Company
 - e) Control over management of bank
 - f) Exchange Control by R B I
- Q.2** State and explain the Central Banking functions under the Reserve Bank of India Act.
- Q.3** What is 'Bank Nationalization'? Discuss its impact on the development of banking in India.
- Q.4** Give the functions of State Bank of India. How they are different from other nationalized banks?
- Q.5** Define 'banking' What are the chief characteristics of banking business under the Banking Regulation Act 1944?
- Q.6** Examine the powers and functions of Banking Ombudsman.

SECTION-II

- Q.7** Presumptions under the Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881 are valid under all circumstances. Comment.
- Q.8** Define a 'holder in due course'. What are his privileges?
- Q.9** Define and differentiate 'Promissory Note' and 'Bill of Exchange'.
- Q.10** Discuss the liabilities of Paying Banker.

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SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE -V

Day: Thursday
Date: 15/11/2018

W-2018-1464

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other carries **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following: **(20)**

- a) British period of Administration
- b) Public Accounts committee
- c) Nature of Public Administration
- d) Minnowbrook conference
- e) Difference between permanent and political executive
- f) Training of civil servants in India

Q.2 Critically analyze the role played by Governor with special reference to discretionary powers.

Q.3 Explain the power and functions of the President of India.

Q.4 Discuss the composition, power and functions of UPSC.

Q.5 Discuss judicial control over administration.

Q.6 Elaborate on the role, and functions of the Cabinet Secretariat.

Q.7 Elucidate on the nature and characteristics of Indian Administration.

Q.8 Discuss the reforms in Indian civil service.

Q.9 State the socio-political challenge faced by Indian Administration.

Q.10 State the difference between Public and Private Administration.

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B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW-II (MATRIMONIAL PROPERTY, GUARDIANSHIP & ADOPTION)

Day: Saturday
Date: 24/11/2018

W-2018-1428

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks: 60

N.B.:- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

Q.1 'In the Mitakshara system a coparcenary is a much narrower body than a joint family.' Discuss the present position of coparcenary with latest Amendment.

OR

Q.1 Explain the rules of succession under Hanafi Law of Inheritance.

Q.2 "The subject of a wakf must be property of a reasonably permanent character but it is not absolutely necessary that the property dedicated should be immovable property." Comment.

OR

Q.2 Explain the salient features of the Indian Succession Act, 1925.

Q.3 "The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 has secularized and liberalized the Law of adoption". Elucidate the statement.

OR

Q.3 Who are the different Guardians recognized under Muslim Law? What are their duties and powers?

Q.4 Write short notes on **ANY THREE** of the following:

- a) Karta
- b) Stridhan
- c) Marz-ul-Maut
- d) Intestate Succession of Parsi
- e) Maintenance pendente lite

OR

Q.4 Write short notes on **ANY THREE** of the following:

- a) Testamentary Guardian
- b) Hiba
- c) Notional Partition
- d) Son's pious obligation
- e) Class I heirs

Q.5 **Solve:**

- A) A Sunni Muslim dies leaving: Wife, two daughters, father and mother. Divide the estate among them.
- B) Danial Latifi v/s. Union of India

OR

Q.5 **Solve:**

- A) 'P' dies intestate leaving behind father, mother, widow, two sons and three daughters. Distribute his intestate property under Hindu and Christian Law.
- B) Githa Hariharan v/s. Reserve Bank of India.

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B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: LAW OF CRIMES

Day : Saturday
Date : 17/11/2018
W-2018-1426
Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 'An Act without guilty mind is not a crime.' Examine with the help of leading cases.

OR

Explain 'Private Defense' and discuss the types of private defense.

Q.2 'An agreement to do an offence itself is a criminal conspiracy.' Comment.

OR

Explain any two offences against the public tranquility.

Q.3 Explain the principle laid down in the following case laws (**ANY TWO**) :

- a) *K.M. Nanawati v. State of Maharashtra, AIR 1962, SC 605*
- b) *State of Maharashtra v. Salman Salim Khan, AIR 2004, SC 1184*
- c) *Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab, AIR 1980 SC 898*
- d) *Jacob Mathew v. State of Punjab, AIR 2005, SC 3180*

Q.4 'Adultery is an offence against husband. The wife is a guilty partner but law does not punish wife.' Do you agree? Comment.

OR

'Defamation under criminal law is different from civil law.' Explain the provisions relating to defamation with the help of exceptions.

Q.5 Solve **ANY TWO** of the following :

- a) 'A' meets 'Z' on the high-road, shows a pistol and demands money. What offence 'A' has committed?
- b) 'A' kills 'B' by mixing poison in the milk. Explain liability of 'A' with punishment.
- c) 'A', soldier, fires on a mob by the order of his superior officer, in conformity with the commands of the law. Did 'A' commit any offence?

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018**

SUBJECT : MEDIA & LAW (CONSTITUTIONAL LAW)

Day : Tuesday
Date : 27/11/2018

W-2018-1430

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** mark.
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- Q.1**
- a) State the ratio evolved in Priyadarshani Matoo Case.
 - b) One producer made a movie based on true incident of assassination of a reputed national political figure. In the same movie he depicted that there was an attempt to kill the Chief Minister, which was completely baseless and false. Some supporters of that Chief Minister filed a writ in High Court stating that the said part be deleted from the movie as it was entirely false. Discuss the possible outcome of the case.

OR

- a) State the ratio in Ranjit Udeshi v State of Maharashtra.
- b) 'A', a producer made a movie based on communal riots. The film was passed by Censor Board but was banned by State Government. It was feared that it would entice communal violence. Mr 'A' filed a writ petition in High Court contending that his fundamental right was violated. Discuss the possible outcome of the case.

- Q.2** Explain the concept of Contempt of Court and also state the liability of media to contempt proceedings.

OR

Discuss in detail the concept of Defamation and state the exceptions to it.

- Q.3** Explain the position of the media during the Emergency period. Also discuss whether its rights need to be protected during emergency.

OR

Explain the composition, objectives and functions of the Press Council of India

- Q.4** Discuss the salient features of Right to Information Act (RTI) 2000, Discuss how the said Act contributes to the transparency in Democratic process.

OR

Discuss the concept of Fair Deal in the Copyright Act in detail.

- Q.5** Write a note on Media Trial with suitable examples.

OR

Elaborate the role of Media in terror attacks.

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B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: BANKING LAW INCLUDING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT ACT
(BUSINESS LAW)

Day: Tuesday
Date: 27/11/2018

W-2018-1429

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N.B:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 A) Discuss the importance of banking business in modern times

OR

B) Examine the various commercial functions performed by commercial banks

Q.2 A) Explain 'Bank Nationalisation' and state the reasons for bank nationalisation. Trace the development of banking after bank nationalisation.

OR

B) "Banking Regulation Act 1949 regulates the banks from its birth to its death" Explain.

Q.3 A) "Banker's Lien is an implied pledge" Discuss.

OR

B) Explain in brief the central banking functions of Reserve Bank of India.

Q.4 A) "Fundamental principles on which credit is generally based are character, capacity and capital" Comment.

OR

B) Explain the concept of priority sector and elaborate the various types of advances which are included in priority sector lending.

Q.5 A) Define "Negotiable Instruments". State the essential characteristics of Negotiable Instruments

OR

B) Explain the provisions of law relating to dishonor of cheques.

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-V (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2018**

SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE-V (POLITICS AND FOREIGN POLICY IN INDIA)

Day : Thursday
Date : 15/11/2018

W-2018-1425

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **12** marks each.
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Q.1 Describe the Nehruvian era in Indian Politics.

OR

Q.1 Elaborate on Coalition Politics in India.

Q.2 Write short Notes on:

- a) Farmer's Movement
- b) Women's Movement

OR

Q.2 Write a detailed note on role played by Caste in Indian Politics.

Q.3 Mention the problem related to Naxalism in India.

OR

Q.3 Define Communalism and write a note on Communalism in India.

Q.4 Write short Notes on:

- a) Historical Legacy of India's Foreign Policy
- b) Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement

OR

Q.4 Describe the salient features of India's Foreign Policy.

Q.5 What are the changes in India's Foreign Policy in post-globalization period.

OR

Q.5 Describe the Nuclear Policy of India.

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