

**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
: SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT : CIVIL PROCEDURE AND LIMITATION ACT**

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 02/04/2019

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2019-1654**

**N. B. :**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q. 1 a)** Examine the meaning, objective and types of jurisdiction.

**OR**

**b)** Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Injunction
- ii) Execution of decree
- iii) Affidavit

**Q. 2 a)** What is Res judicata? Discuss the conditions and application of Res-judicata.

**OR**

**b)** Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Rejection of plaint
- ii) Written statement
- iii) Foreign Judgment

**Q. 3 a)** "An appeal has been said to be the right of entering a Superior Court, and invoking its aid and interposition to redress the error of the court below". Comment.

**OR**

**b)** Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- i) Caveat
- ii) Counter claim and set off
- iii) Decree

**Q. 4 a)** Analyze the following case law:

- i) State of Punjab v. Shamal Murari.
- ii) A. R. Antulay v. R. S. Nayak

**OR**

**b)** Analyze the following case law

- i) Gujrat Bottling Co. v. Coca Cola Ltd.
- ii) Delhi Administration v. Gurdeep Singh

**Q. 5 a)** Enumerate the scheme of Limitation Act along with its retrospective operation.

**OR**

**b)** Write notes on the following:

- i) Legal Disability
- ii) Condonation of delay

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :  
SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: COMPANY LAW**

Day : Monday  
Date : 08/04/2019

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks: 80

**S-2019-1701**

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Write short notes (**ANY FOUR**)

- a) Independent Directors
- b) Doctrine of ultra vires
- c) Allotment of shares
- d) Shelf Prospectus
- e) Corporate Social Responsibility
- f) Promoters

**Q.2** Define Company. Explain different kinds of companies?

**Q.3** Define Memorandum. Explain the various clauses of the Memorandum of Association.

**Q.4** Define Prospectus. Explain the Civil and the Criminal Liability which arises in case of misstatement in prospectus.

**Q.5** Define Charge. Explain the procedure for registration of charge.

**Q.6** Discuss the doctrine of indoor management along with its exceptions.

**Q.7** Explain the constitution of NCLT & NCLAT. Also explain the qualifications of the members of NCLT & NCLAT.

**Q.8** What is Buy Back of shares? Explain the procedure for buy back.

**Q.9** Discuss majority rule laid in Foss vs. Harbottle and enumerate its exceptions.

**Q.10** Define Winding Up. Explain different modes of winding up.

**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**

**: SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT : COMPANY LAW**

Day : Monday  
Date : 08/04/2019

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2019-1656**

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

**Q.1 a)** X Ltd., a cotton textile company, enters into a contract with A Ltd., an adjacent cotton textile mill, to supply electricity from their power generation plant. After supplies have been made for 3 months it is discovered that this activity is beyond the scope of the objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of X Ltd and hence ultra vires. Shareholders of X Ltd. ratify the contract in their general body meeting. Can A Ltd. which refuses to make payment on the ground that the contract is wholly null and void be legally compelled to make payment?

**OR**

**b)** During the war all the members of a private company, while in general meeting, were killed by a bomb. Does the company cease to exist because all the members died? State reasons.

**Q.2 a)** "Those who put before the public a prospectus to induce them to invest their money in a commercial enterprise ought to be vigilant". Explain the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 which ensure such vigilance.

**OR**

**b)** "The general meeting alone is the Company's primary organ and the directors are merely the company's agents who are subservient to the general meeting". Comment.

**Q.3 a)** Define Memorandum. What are the contents of memorandum? Explain the procedure for alteration of Name Clause.

**OR**

**b)** Define Share. Explain kinds of shares and conditions for allotment of shares.

**Q.4 a)** Write short notes on:  
i) Debenture Trustee  
ii) NCLAT

**OR**

**b)** Write short notes on:  
i) CSR  
ii) Duties of Directors

**Q.5 a)** Discuss the provisions related to prevention of oppression and mismanagement under Companies Act, 2013.

**OR**

**b)** Define Winding-up. Discuss the procedure for winding-up by tribunal.

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :**

**SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Day : Friday  
Date : 12/04/2019

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks: 80

**S-2019-1704**

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q. No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Write Short Notes (**ANY FOUR**)

- a) Listing agreements
- b) Cadbury Committee Report
- c) Role of SEBI
- d) Corporate Governance in USA
- e) OECD Principles on Corporate Governance
- f) Protection of Investors

**Q.2** Explain the meaning, scope and object of Corporate Governance.

**Q.3** State and explain the role of Board of Directors in promoting Corporate Governance.

**Q.4** State and explain impact of International Committee recommendations in Corporate Governance.

**Q.5** Discuss the relevant timely disclosures and transparency requirement which company should make for implementation of Corporate Governance.

**Q.6** What is the role of Capital Market Regulations in enforcement of Corporate Governance?

**Q.7** State and explain Corporate Governance standards and practices in Banking and IT Industry in India.

**Q.8** What do you mean by Corporate Social Responsibility? Explain the procedure for implementing CSR.

**Q.9** 'National Committees on Corporate Governance are a milestone in reform to Corporate Governance.' Discuss.

**Q.10** What are the rights of shareholders in the area of Corporate Governance?

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :**

**SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 04/04/2019

**S-2019-1700**

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) Question No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other question carry **12** marks each.
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- Q. 1** Write short note on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Acid rain
  - b) Noise pollution
  - c) Ganga water pollution case
  - d) Protected forest
  - e) Bhopal gas leakage case
  - f) Ecosystem
- Q. 2** Discuss the Constitutional provisions in India for the Protection of Environment.
- Q. 3** "Sustainable development is a balance between ecology and development". Elaborate the above statement with reference to the principles of sustainable development.
- Q. 4** Explain the powers and function of the Central Pollution Control Board under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
- Q. 5** "Forests are precious resources of economic development and environmental stability but deforestation is causing a serious threat to environment." Enumerate the factors responsible for deforestation.
- Q. 6** Discuss the powers of Central Government to take measures to protect and improve environment under the Environment Protection Act, 1986.
- Q. 7** Explain the law relating to the preservation, conservation and protection of forest and wildlife under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.
- Q. 8** Evaluate the contribution of Public Interest Litigation into the growth of environmental jurisprudence in India.
- Q. 9** Describe the procedure for constitution of Central Pollution Control Board under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1972 and state the power and function of the Central Pollution Control Board.
- Q. 10** Discuss the Impact of the Stockholm conference on the issue of protection of environment in India.

**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
: SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT : INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 04/04/2019

**S-2019-1655**

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

**Q.1** What is interpretation of statutes? Discuss the importance and objects of the principle of interpretation. [12]

**OR**

State the rule of interpretation that has laid down in the famous Heydon's case and discuss how the courts have applied it with the help of cases.

**Q.2** A remedial statutes receives a liberal construction while a penal statute is strictly constructed. Distinguish between remedial and Penal Statutes. [12]

**OR**

The problem of interpretation is not always solved by labelling a requirement either mandatory or directory and it may become much more important to focus on the consequence of non-compliance. Explain the rules related to the interpretation of mandatory and directory provisions.

**Q.3** Critically enumerate the External Aids used while constructing a statute. [12]

**OR**

Discuss the rules of interpretation of constitutional documents as developed by the Court in India.

**Q.4** Elaborate the Internal Aids used in construction of a statute. [12]

**OR**

Explain rules of Repeal and Expiry of Statutes.

**Q.5** Write short notes on: [12]

- a) Legal Fiction
- b) Conjunctive and Disjunctive Words

**OR**

Write short notes on:

- a) Rule of Ejusdem Generis
- b) Word of Rank

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)**  
**: SUMMER - 2019**  
**SUBJECT : MERGER AND ACQUISITION**  
**(BUSINESS LAW)**

Day : Friday  
Date : 12/04/2019

**S-2019-1658**

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q. 1 a)** Company 'A' wishes to carry out organic restructuring through buy back of shares. Advise the Board of director with regards to the procedure for buy back prescribed under Companies Act, 2013.

**OR**

- b)** Company 'X' wishes to acquire Company 'Y' which is a listed company. Advise the Board of directors of Company 'X' with regards to trigger points specified under SEBI takeover code and the procedure to carry out open offer.

- Q. 2 a)** What are Listing Agreements? Discuss the contents of Clause 40A and 40B.

**OR**

- b)** Discuss the power of Central Govt. to carry out amalgamation in public interest provided under Companies Act, 2013.

- Q. 3 a)** Discuss the meaning, concept and different modes of Corporate Restructuring.

**OR**

- b)** Discuss the procedure for merger of companies provided under Companies Act, 2013.

- Q. 4 a)** Write short notes on:

- i) FEMA 19
- ii) MOA and AOA

**OR**

- b)** Write short notes on:

- i) Revival of sick companies
- ii) Purchase of shares of minority shareholding

- Q. 5 a)** What are Combination Thresholds? Discuss the procedure for regulating combination under Competition Act.

**OR**

- b)** What is stamp duty? Discuss the provisions related to levy of stamp duty in case of merger and amalgamation.

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
: SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT : PROPERTY LAW INCLUDING TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT &  
EASEMENT ACT**

Day : Wednesday  
Date : 10/04/2019

**S-2019-1657**

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

**Q.1** Define Mortgage. Enumerate different kinds of Mortgage. **[12]**

**OR**

Write notes on the following:

- a) Types of Notice
- b) Doctrine of Lis Pendens

**Q.2** Define Transfer of Property. Evaluate the essentials of valid transfer. **[12]**

**OR**

Write notes on the following:

- a) Doctrine of election
- b) Scope and limitations of Article 300A

**Q.3** Define lease. Discuss the rights and liabilities of lesser and lessee. **[12]**

**OR**

Write notes on the following:

- a) Distinguish between a Contract of Sale and Contract for Sale
- b) Actionable Claims

**Q.4** a) A gives a lakh of rupees to B, reserving to himself, with B's assent, the right to take back at pleasure ₹ 10,000 out of the lakh. Discuss the illustrations. **[06]**

- b) Two co-widows divided their husband's properties into two shares and entered into separate possession. Under the partition deed each widow gave up her life interest. When one of the widows died, her daughter (respondent) took possession of her mother's share. The surviving widow filed a suit for possession against the respondent for recovery of possession alleging that the arrangement by which her right of survivorship was relinquished was repugnant. Analyse the illustration. **[06]**

**OR**

- c) The karta of a joint Hindu family transferred coparcenary property to a lady who was his concubine. The transfers were made in view of past illicit cohabitation and though ostensibly sale deeds, were in reality gift deeds. Evaluate the Illustration with appropriate provisions of property law. **[06]**

- d) A transfers property of which he is the owner to B in trust for A and his intended wife successively for their lives, and after the death of the survivor for the eldest son of the intended marriage for life, and after his death for A's second son. Discuss the effect of such transfer. **[06]**

**Q.5** Define Easement. Evaluate the essentials and kinds of easement. **[12]**

**OR**

Write notes on the following:

- a) Acquisition of easement
- b) Extinction of easement

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :  
SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW**

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 02/04/2019

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 80

**S-2019-1699**

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** Question including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carries **12** marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on any four of the following :
- a) Monistic Theory
  - b) Consequences of State Succession
  - c) Diplomatic privileges and Immunities
  - d) Termination of Treaties
  - e) Recognition of States.
  - f) General Principles of International Law.
- Q.2** Discuss the relationship between International Law and Municipal law with the help of relevant examples.
- Q.3** Explain the Various sources of International Law.
- Q.4** Discuss the composition, Jurisdiction and the Law applied by the International Court of Justice.
- Q.5** Define the term state. How are states classified?
- Q.6** Explain – Territorial sea, Contiguous zone and Continental Shelf.
- Q.7** Discuss amicable means of settlement of disputes.
- Q.8** What is terrorism? What are the different forms of terrorism and the national measures taken in India to Combat terrorism?
- Q.9** Discuss important provisions of Outer Space Treaty 1966 with reference to prevention of arms race in Outer Space
- Q.10** Define treaty their formation and the different forms in which they exist.

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :**

**SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT : RIGHT TO INFORMATION**

Day : Friday  
Date : 12/04/2019

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 80

**S-2019-1703**

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **Six** Questions out of which Question No. 1 is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Question **No. 1** carries **20 marks** and remaining Questions carry **12 marks** each.

- Q.1** Write Short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) History of the Right to Information Act, 2005
  - b) 'Right to know' under the Right to Information Act, 2005
  - c) e-Governance
  - d) Function of the State Information Commission
  - e) Obligation on the public authorities under RTI
  - f) Jurisdiction for the RTI Act
- Q.2** Discuss in detail the aim, objectives and scope of the Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.3** Explain the concept of 'Human Right; in regards to the Rome Convention for the Protection Of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, 1950.
- Q.4.** Critically evaluate the powers and functions of the Information Commission in the light of recent case laws.
- Q.5** Elucidate the purpose and contents of the Public Records Act, 1993 with reference to the Right to Information.
- Q.6** Enumerate the provisions in relation to the eligibility criteria for the appointment of Central Information Commissioner under the RTI Act, 2005.
- Q.7** Discuss the provisions relating to appeal and penalties under the RTI Act of 2005.
- Q.8** Explain in detail the Constitutional perspective in relation to 'Right to Know' with recent case laws.
- Q.9** Describe the reports introduced by the Government of India in relation to 'Public Interest Disclosure'.
- Q.10** Discuss the concept of 'Breach of Privacy and Confidentiality' under the Information Technology Act, 2000 which is an exception to the Right to Information.

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**B.A. LL.B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)  
: SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: RIGHT TO INFORMATION (CONSTITUTIONAL LAW)**

**Day:** Friday  
**Date:** 12/04/2019

**Time:** 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
**Max. Marks:** 60

**S-2019-1659**

**N.B:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Define 'Information' and 'Right' to Information'. Explain the procedure for making a request for obtaining information and disposal of such request.

**OR**

"The Right to Information Act is to provide setting out the practical regime of Right to Information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of Public Authorities". Enumerate and explain the preamble of the Act.

**Q.2** "All citizens shall have the Right to Information". Explain and discuss the rights given under the Right to Information Laws in USA.

**OR**

Discuss the important provisions relating to 'Right to Information' under the Rome Convention which is meant for the protection of Human Rights and Fundamental freedom.

**Q.3** "The Supreme Court of India has recognized the Right to Information as constitutionally protected Fundamental Right, established under Article 19 and 21 of Indian Constitution". Elucidate.

**OR**

Discuss the difficulties in implementation of the Right to Information Act, 2005 with latest caselaws.

**Q.4** Explain the powers and functions of Information Commission under the Right Information Act, 2005.

**OR**

"The State Chief Information Commissioner (SCIC) and State Information Commission (SIC) appointed under subsection 3 of section 15". Discuss in detail the provisions relating to their appointment of SCIC and SIC.

**Q.5** Write a detail note on:

- a) Aim and Objective of the Public Record Act, 1993.
- b) Historical Perspective of Official Secret Act, 1923.

**OR**

Elaborate the powers of the Central Government to coordinate, regulate and supervise operations connected with an administration of Public records under the Public Record Act, 1993.

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**B. A. LL. B. (5 Year Degree Course) Sem-VII (2009 Course) :**

**SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: WOMEN & LAW**

Day : Wednesday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date : 10/04/2019

**S-2019-1702**

Max. Marks: 80

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions by choosing at least **THREE** questions from section-A and section- B each including **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** which are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** and **Q. No. 6** carries **16** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks.

**SECTION A**

- Q.1** Write Short Notes on any **FOUR** of the following
- a) Practice of widow burning
  - b) Domestic Violence
  - c) Daughter as a Coparcener
  - d) Uniform Civil Code
  - e) Streedhan
  - f) Status of women in Pre-independence period
- Q.2** Explain the special protection given to women under Indian Constitution with reference to Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Q.3** Write down the historical background of the practice of dowry. Explain the provisions relating to dowry incorporated under the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
- Q.4** Define Rape. Explain the provisions relating to offence of Rape punishable under Indian Penal Code. Elaborate latest changes brought in the provisions relating to Rape in India.
- Q.5** "The state is under obligation for security just and humane conditions of work and for maternity relief." In the light of above statement elaborate the labour and Industrial legislations incorporated in India to protect the interest of women.

**SECTION B**

- Q.6** Write Short Notes on any **FOUR** of the following
- a) Right to Education
  - b) Social and legal status of child in India
  - c) Declaration of Rights of child 1959
  - d) Custody of Children
  - e) Child abuse
  - f) Child marriage
- Q.7** Elaborate various provisions incorporated in Indian Constitution for the protection to children in India.
- Q.8** Discuss the evil of child labour in India and state the various labour legislations which aim to protect children from child labour.
- Q.9** Enumerate various rights of child enshrined under the Convention of Rights of the Child, 1989 to protect and promote the well being of children in the society.
- Q.10** Explain the laws relating to the Juvenile to improve the conditions of life of children in India.

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