Subject : General English-II

Day: Wednesday
Date: 01/10/2014

20157

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 2

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- Q.1 A) Supply relevant affixes to the following words ANY FIVE:

[15]

i) oblige

v) litigate

ii) govern

vi) coerce

iii) critic

vii) confess

- iv) refuge
- B) Make meaningful sentences to bring out the difference in meaning of the [10] following words ANY FIVE:
 - i) Summon Summons
- v) Descent Dissent
- ii) Council Counsel
- vi) Air Airs
- iii) Commend Command
- vii) Abet Abates
- iv) Ascend Ascent
- c) Use the following phrases in your own sentences to bring out the meaning [05] ANY FIVE:
 - i) To be wool gathering.
 - ii) To blow hot and cold.
 - iii) To do yeoman's service.
 - iv) To kick the bucket.
 - v) To make hay while the sunshines.
 - vi) To rain cats and dogs.
 - vii) To wear your heart on your sleeve.
- Q.2 Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

[15]

It is clear that language is used for more than one purpose. The man who hits his thumb-nail with a hammer and utters a string of curses is using language to relieve his feeling and needs no audience but himself. But when the philosopher used language to clarify his ideas on a subject, he is using it as an instrument of thought. When two women gossip over the fence, or two men exchange greetings as they pass in the street, language is being used to strengthen the bonds between the members of a society. Language, it seems, is a multipurpose instrument. One function, however, seems to be basic: language enables us to influence people's behaviour, and thereby makes human cooperation possible. Some animals cooperate, especially the social animals like bees and ants; but human cooperation is more thorough, more detailed more effective than that found anywhere in the animal kingdom. This human cooperation would be unthinkable without language.

Questions:

- a) Why is language called a multipurpose instrument?
- b) What are the purposes for which language is used?
- c) What is the basic function of language?
- d) How is human cooperation different from cooperation among bees and ants?
- e) How does a philosopher use language.

Q.3	A)	Jse the following cohesive devices in your own sentences: i) not only but also iv) as well as ii) since v) yet ii) nevertheless	5]
	B)	Do as directed ANY FIVE: i) She is late. (add a question tag) ii) We must live to eat. (change into compound sentence) iii) He said, "Alas! I am undone". (change in to indirect) I am as strong as he. (change into comparative degree) He said to him, "Is not your name Rahul"? (change into indirect speech) The Times is the most powerful newspaper. (change the degree) Who did this? (change the voice)	5]
	C)	ubstitute an appropriate word for the given sentences ANY FIVE: That which cannot be changed. A person who looks at the bright side of things. The practice of killing and unborn child. A person who speaks many languages. Incapable of being heard. A person who is incapable of doing wrong. A person who has belief in existences of one God.	5]
Q .4	a) b) c)	Withe an essay in about 350 works ANY ONE. Science and progress go hand in hand. Domestic violence against women. Right to Die.	5
Q.5		Write a précis and suggest a title: Our country is facing a severe environmental crisis. If it is not tackled on a warfooting, it will certainly lead to socio-economic and ecological disaster, which will seriously affect the lives of millions of people, especially the poors. Government data usually understates the extent of environmental destructions. The recent satellite data has revealed that India is losing millions of hectares of forest every year which is many times more than the annual rate of deforestation put out by the forest department.	15

MAHIPATGAD - II (2009 Course): WINTER - 2014

Subject: Human Resourse Management

Day : Monday Date : 06/10/2014



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Write Any FIVE questions from Q.No.2 to Q.No.10.
- 3) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on Any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Concept of HRM
 - b) Global HR
 - c) Recruitment
 - d) Training Techniques
 - e) Wage and Salary
 - f) Trade unions
- Q.2 "Evaluation of Training Programme is last but the most important step in the training process". Explain.
- Q.3 What are Industrial Relations? What are the objectives of Industrial Relations?
- Q.4 Discuss the importance and benefits of Human Resource Planning.
- Q.5 Explain the process of Recruitment in detail.
- Q.6 What are the objectives and limitations of performance appraisal?
- Q.7 Explain Manpower Planning process with examples.
- Q.8 What is HRM? Explain the objectives of HRM. How has HRM evolved?
- Q.9 Explain the concept of compensation management and discuss various factors affecting it.
- Q.10 What are Industrial Disputes? What are the causes of Industrial Dispute?

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MAHIPATGAD - II (2009 Course): WINTER - 2014

Subject : Sociology-II

Day: Wednesday
Date: 08/10/2014



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY which carries 20 marks.
- 2) Attempt ANY FIVE from remaining.
- 3) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Divorce
 - b) Endogamy
 - c) Corporate Business Group
 - d) Authority
 - e) Joint Family
 - f) Private Property
- Q.2 Define family and state its various functions.
- Q.3 Discuss various types of marriages in India.
- Q.4 Write a detail note on Bureaucracy.
- Q.5 Is capitalism relevant in modern India? Discuss merits and demerits of capitalism.
- Q.6 Elaborate on origin and types of religion.
- Q.7 Define caste system. Distinguish between caste and class.
- Q.8 Explain the problems of SC and ST and evaluate the Government measures for their upliftment.
- Q.9 Write a note on 'Status of Women' in India.
- Q.10 State the factors hindering national integration in India.

MAHIPATGAD - II (2009 Course): WINTER - 2014

Subject : Economics-II

Day : Friday
Date : 10/10/2014



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
 - a) Indirect taxes
 - b) Vicious circle of poverty
 - c) Problems of small scale industries
 - d) Educated employment
 - e) GNP and NNP
 - f) Green revolution
- Q.2 What is national income? Explain the circular flow of national income.
- Q.3 Explain the need and importance of economic planning in India.
- Q.4 What role is played by foreign capital in economic progress of India?
- Q.5 What role is played by private sector in economic development in India?
- Q.6 Explain the causes of population explosion in India.
- Q.7 What are the causes of low agricultural productivity in India?
- Q.8 Explain the export promotion and import substitution policy of India.
- Q.9 Explain the different sources of industrial finance in India.
- Q.10 Explain the problems faced by public sector in India.

Subject : Constitutional Law - II

Day : Monday Date : 13/10/2014



Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Money Bill
 - b) Anti Defection Law
 - c) Scheduled Areas
 - d) Doctrine of Occupied Field
 - e) Relationship between Prime Minster and Council of Ministers
 - f) Powers of Governor
- Q.2 Federalism is not static, it is dynamic. Comment on the features of Indian Federalism.
- Q.3 Critically evaluate the Legislative relation between Center and State.
- Q.4 Provision for Amendment of the Constitution is made with a view to overcome the difficulties which may encounter in future in the working of the Constitution. Comment on the necessity of Amending Provision in the Constitution.
- Q.5 What is Ordinary Bill? Discuss the legislative procedure initiated in the formation of Bill.
- Q.6 Critically examine the Powers of the President in India.
- Q.7 What is State Emergency? Examine the effects of State Emergency.
- Q.8 Discuss the theory of Basic Structure with relevant judicial pronouncement.
- Q.9 Write a detail essay on Privileges of Legislature.
- Q.10 What is doctrine of Pleasure? Discuss the limitation on the doctrine of Pleasure.