

B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)
B.B.A. LL.B. (5 Year) Sem - III : WINTER : 2024
SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH-III (INCLUDING LEGAL WRITING)

Day : Wednesday
Date : 13/11/2024

W-24941-2024

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N. B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

- Q. 1** **A)** Explain the following Legal Maxims: (Attempt any **THREE**) (06)
- i) Respondent superior
 - ii) De minimis not curat lex
 - iii) Delegatus non potest delegare
 - iv) Nemo judex in causa sua
 - v) Vis major
 - vi) Stare decisis

- Q. 1** **B)** Explain the following Legal Terms: (Attempt any **THREE**) (06)
- i) Void
 - ii) Writs
 - iii) Nuisance
 - iv) Complaint
 - v) Kidnapping
 - vi) Dowry

- Q. 2** **A)** Write a Legal Essay on: (Attempt any **ONE**) (12)
- i) Climate Change and Environmental Protection
 - ii) Impact of Social Media on Freedom of Speech and Expression

OR

- Q. 2** **B)** Write a review on book of "Law of Torts." (12)

- Q. 3** Draft the following legal documents: (Attempt any **TWO**) (12)
- i) Suit for Recovery of Money
 - ii) Petition for Divorce on the ground of Cruelty
 - iii) Legal Notice for Cheque Bounce

- Q. 4** Attempt **A and B** or **only C**:
- A)** Comment on the following judicial decisions attempt any **TWO** of the following: (06)
- i) AK Gopalan v. State of Madras
 - ii) Donoghue v. Stevenson
 - iii) Indian Young Lawyers Association v. State of Kerala

- Q. 4** **B)** Write legal news on "Supreme Court is planning to give lawyers scanned copies of compilations." (06)

OR

- Q. 4** **C)** Write a report on "One day seminar on exploring the Rights of LGBTQIA+ Community in India" organized by your college. (12)

P.T.O

- Q. 5 A) Analyze in detail the General rules of Legislative Drafting and highlight the Challenges in legislative drafting. (12)

OR

- Q. 5 B) Translate the following text from English to Hindi or Marathi (12)

Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR) mechanisms have emerged as effective alternatives to traditional litigation for resolving disputes in various legal systems worldwide. ADR encompasses a range of methods, including negotiation, mediation, arbitration and conciliation which offer parties greater flexibility, confidentiality and efficiency in resolving their conflicts. One of the primary advantages of ADR is its ability to promote amicable resolution and preserve relationships between parties involved in a dispute. Unlike litigation, which often leads to adversarial proceedings and prolonged legal battles, ADR encourages cooperation, communication and compromise. By facilitating open dialogue and creative problem-solving, ADR enables parties to reach mutually acceptable solutions that address their underlying interests and concerns. Moreover, ADR processes are typically faster and more cost-effective than traditional court proceedings.

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