# Subject : Optional - V : a) Gender Justice & Feminist Jurisprudence

Day: Wednesday
Date: 19/10/2016

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1

#### N.B.:

1) Attempt ANY SIX questions in all Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY.

2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
  a) Consanqunity
  b) Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan
  c) Child Marriage
  d) Effects of Sahi Marriage
  - e) Female foeticide and lawf) Difference between Streedhan and Mehr
- Q.2 Explain the role and contribution of United Nations Organization in achieving equality of women.
- Q.3 Discuss the feminist movement in India and elaborate various legislations for the protection of women.
- Q.4 Discuss the different crimes against women identified under the Indian Penal Code.
- Q.5 Comment on the rights of Muslim husband to pronounce Unilateral Talaq to his wife. Discuss the view taken by the Supreme Court of India regarding this.
- Q.6 "There is a strong connection between the custom of dowry and the domestic violence". Discuss the provisions of Dowry Prohibition Act in this respect.
- Q.7 'In India the judiciary has always been portrayed as a symbol of justice assuring the oppressed and the under privileged, equality before law'. Discuss the constitutional rights of women and judicial response in protecting the rights of women.
- Q.8 Critically discuss the provisions of law relating to the employment of women under different labour laws.
- Q.9 A male person may commit a hundred misdeeds, but it is imperative upon him to maintain his aged parents, a virtuous wife and an infant child. Explain the above statement with reference to the provisions of sec 125 of Criminal Procedure Code.
- Q.10 State the various provisions for women under the International Convention on Social, Economic and Cultural rights.

## MAHIPATGAD - IX (2009 Course): SUMMER - 2017

# Subject : Optional - V : b) Competition Law & Practice

Day: Monday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Date: 10/04/2017 Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 N.B. 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q.1 which is COMPULSORY. 2) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each. Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR: Consumer under Competition Act 1 Relevant Market Predatory Pricing c) Tie-ins d) Cartels e) Competition Advocacy f) Q.2 Define Competition. Trace the pre and post 1991 development of Competition Policy in India. 'Competition Act, 2002 ensures free and fair competition in Indian Markets'. Q.3 Explain the objects of Competition Act. Q.4 What are anti Competitive agreements? Explain the provisions regarding anti competitive agreements under Competition Act. Q.5 'Competition Act prohibits abuse of dominant position'. Define 'Dominant Position'. How does 'abuse' of dominant position occur? Explain with examples. Q.6 Explain the structure, powers and functions of Competition Commission of India. Q.7 'Explain the salient features of Sherman Act, 1890. 0.8 Explain the provisions of Competition Appellate Tribunal. Discuss the Klor's Inc and General Motors Cases. 0.9 Q.10 'Intellectual Property Rights are seen to be inherently anti-competitive in nature'.

Explain the relationship between IPRs and Competition Law.

## MAHIPATGAD - IX (2009 Course): SUMMER - 2017

# Subject : Optional - V : a) Gender Justice & Feminist Jurisprudence

Day : Monday Date : 10/04/2017			management 4	Time: 02.30 PM Max Marks: 80	TO 05.30 PM Total Pages: 1
N.B.:	1)	1			
Q.1	a) b) c) d) e)	Equal pay for equal work Female foeticide and law Right and capacity of a Hindu w Sati as a Custom			
Q.2		Comment on the unequal posit suggest any solution?	ion of wom	nen in various perso	onal laws. Can you
Q.3		"The feminist movement in Ind protection of women". Commer			to legal changes fo
Q.4		Elaborate on the provisions of Rights regarding women.	the Internat	ional Convention o	n Political and Civi
Q.5 .		Explain the general grounds of the special grounds available to			ge Ac. Elaborate oi
Q.6		Write notes on the following: Adultery Maternity benefit for women			
Q.7		Explain the provisions of sec. maintenance to women. Commolaim maintenance under this lav	nent on the		
Q.8		Discuss critically the provisions protection to women.	of the Cor	nstitution of India v	which accord specia
Q.9		Explain the provisions of Higuardianship of minors.	indu Minor	rity and Guardian	ship Act regarding

\* \* \*

Q.10

Explain the different laws under which a Hindu Woman can claim maintenance.

# **Subject : Intellectual Property Law**

Day: Friday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 1 Date: 07/04/2017 34873 N.B. Attempt any SIX questions, including Q.1 which is COMPULSORY. 1) Q.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each. 2) Write short notes on any FOUR of the following: Q.1 Complete specification 2) Paris convention 6) Product patent c) Fair deal d) WTO (3) 1) Diamond v Chakravati Explain the nature and scope of Intellectual Property. Q.2 Discuss the rights and liabilities of a patentee. 0.3 Discuss relative and absolute grounds of refusal of Trademark. Q.4 Elaborate the concept of infringement of patent and explain the remedies 0.5 available under the Patent Act, 1970. Explain the nature and scope of copyright. 0.6 Explain the concept of designs and also state the procedure for its registration. Q.7 Write notes on: Q.8 WIPO a) TRIPS b)

What is Biotechnology? State the essential requirements to obtain the biotechnology product.

Define trademark and explain in detail the characteristics of good trademark.

0.9

0.10

### MAHIPATGAD - IX (2009 Course) : SUMMER - 2017

# Subject : Law of Evidence

Day : Tuesday
Date : 04/04/2017

34872

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 01

#### N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
  - a) Plea of Alibi
  - b) Facts that need not be proved
  - c) Res-Gestae
  - d) Presumption of Death
  - e) Identification parade
  - f) Accomplice
- Q.2 Define "Evidence", and explain different types of Evidence.
- Q.3 "No Confession made to a Police Officer shall be proved as against a person accused of any offence". Discuss.
- Q.4 Who is an "Expert"? Under what circumstances is his opinion admissible in evidence?
- Q.5 Discuss the nature and scope of privileged communications between a lawyer and a client.
- Q.6 What is "Dying Declaration"? Explain and discuss whether the Dying Declaration made by a person who is alive is relevant.
- Q.7 Explain the relevancy of "Motive, Preparation and Conduct" under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
- Q.8 Discuss the relevancy of character in civil and criminal cases.
- Q.9 Explain and make a distinction between Examination in Chief, Cross Examination and Re Examination.
- Q.10 What do you understand by the term "Estoppel"? Discuss the various types of Estoppels.

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### MAHIPATGAD - IX (2009 Course): SUMMER - 2017

## **Subject : Administrative Law**

Day : Saturday
Date : 01/04/2017

34871

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Max Marks: 80 Total Pages: 01

#### N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is COMPLUSORY.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
  - a) Reasoned decision
  - b) Rule of law
  - c) Reasons for the growth of autonomous bodies
  - d) Special leave to appeal.
  - e) Compensation for administrative wrongs
  - f) Administrative adjudication
- Q.2 The rapid growth of administrative Law is the direct result of some factors. Elaborate the prominent factors which have contributed to the growth of administrative law.
- Q.3 Explain the concept of separation of powers and state its application to the Indian legal system.
- Q.4 Discuss the concept of delegated legislation and also state the permissible limits on it.
- Q.5 The maxim nemo judex in re sua literally means that a man should not be a judge in his cause; and this is known as rule against bias. Discuss the rule against bias with the help of cases laws.
- Q.6 The writ of certiorari is designed to prevent the excess of power by public authorities. Discuss as to how the judiciary exercises control over the administrative action through the writ of certiorari.
- Q.7 The vast ambit of discretionary powers make the executive very powerful and hence it is very essential that the judiciary exercises some control over it. Explain the various grounds on which the judiciary exercises control over the discretionary powers.
- Q.8 Discuss in detail the governmental privileges in the legal proceedings.
- Q.9 Many of the issues related to the government contracts has undergone a change as a result of the trend setting pronouncement of the Supreme Court in *Ramana Dayaram* v. *International Airport Authority's* case. Discuss the law related to the governance contract with reference to the above mentioned case.
- Q.10 Write short note on Lokpal.