B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-X (2009 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: ART OF ADVOCACY

Day Date Friday 20/04/2018

S-2018-1264

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max. Marks: 80.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Citation of cases
 - b) Client counseling
 - c) Role of lawyer as a leader
 - d) E-filing
 - e) Importance of ethics in legal profession
 - f) Lok-Adalat
- **Q.2** "Interrogation of witness by the opposite party is called cross examination." Comment with reference to Art of cross examination with the help of relevant provisions and case laws.
- Q.3 "Judiciary in India is caught in vicious cycle of laws delays and backlogs." Comment with reference to importance of IT technology in legal profession.
- Q.4 "The aim of PIL public interest litigation law is to give to the common people of this country access to the courts to obtain legal redress." Comment with reference to role of lawyer in respect of filing public interest litigation.
- Q.5 "Knowledge of courts, knowledge of law and knowledge of practice are most essential aspects of legal profession." Discuss.
- **Q.6** What is doctrine of Precedent? Explain concept of Ratio Decidendi and 'Obiter dicta' with the help of relevant provisions and case laws.
- Q.7 "Trial tactics involves preparing context, drafting rules, conduct rules during and after trial." Comment.
- **Q.8** Define Pleading. Examine the rules relating to pleading.
- **Q.9** Explain provision relating to enrollment and rules regulating practice of legal profession.
- **Q.10** "An Advocate may be punished for professional or other misconduct." Explain what action can be taken against advocate for professional misconduct.

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B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-X (2009 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: OPTIONAL-VI (B) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND LAW

Day : **Monday**

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max. Marks: 80.

Date

23/04/2018

S-2018-1266

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other question carries 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Internet Jurisdiction
 - b) History of Internet
 - c) Social networking
 - d) Reason of cybercrime
 - e) E-Commerce
 - f) Online Defamation.
- Q.2 Discuss the amendments in IPC and Indian Evidence Act, due to the enactment of IT Act, 2000.
- Q.3 Write in detail the aim, objectives and salient features of the IT Act, 2000.
- Q.4 What are the conflicts of law in cyber space? Explain with the jurisdiction principles under International law.
- **Q.5** Explain in detail the provisions relating to issuance, suspension and revocation of Digital Signature Certificate.
- **Q.6** Explain the term "E-Governance" and what are the advantages and disadvantages of E-Government.
- Q.7 Explain the role of 'Certifying Authorities' under the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- **Q.8** "Electronic Data Interchange is used to electronically transfer documents such as purchase order, invoices, shipping notices, receiving advises and other standard business correspondence between the trading partners." Comment.
- **Q.9** "The Information Technology Act highlights not only the provisions relating to penalties for damages to computer, computer system and computer network but also the process of adjudication." Comment.
- **Q.10** Critically evaluate the composition and qualifications of the Cyber Appellate Tribunals under the Information Technology Act, 2000.

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B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-X (2009 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT

Day : Monday

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Date : 16/04/2018

S-2018-1262

Max. Marks: 80.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions.
- 2) Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 10 are COMPULSORY.
- 3) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
- Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
 - a) Ex parte decree
 - **b)** Summons
 - c) Written statement
 - d) Review
 - e) Caveat
 - f) Parties to the suit
- Q.2 Decree can be passed only by the court of competence. Explain and discuss the law relating to jurisdiction of the court.
- Q.3 "In the interest of the society there shall be end to the litigation." Comment and explain its application in CPC.
- **Q.4** "Decree includes order for rejection of plaint and restitution." Comment.
- **Q.5** Define set off and distinguish it from counter claim.
- **Q.6** Write a note on:
 - a) Indigent person
 - b) Arrest and attachment before judgment
- Q.7 What are the grounds for grant of temporary injunction? Explain with the help of landmark cases.
- **Q.8** "Second appeal is always to High Court." Comment and explain the law relating to letter patent appeal.
- **Q.9** Explain in brief the various modes of execution of decree.
- Q.10 Explain the law relating to acknowledgment under Limitation Act 1963.

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B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-X (2009 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE, JUVENILE JUSTICE

Wednesday Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM Day : 18/04/2018 Date Max. Marks: 80 S-2018-1263 N.B.: 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY. 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other question carries 12 marks each. Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following: **Q.1** Search warrant a) b) Issue of process c) Classification of offences d) Compounding offence e) Plea bargaining Tender of Pardon **Q.2** State the hierarchy of Criminal Courts. Explain provisions relating to jurisdiction of criminal courts under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973. "Maintenance is a social obligations of husband". Discuss the statement with Q.3 reference to provisions of maintenance under Criminal Procedure Code. Define investigation inquiry and trial and distinguish between them with the help of **Q.4** suitable examples. "Granting bail in non-bailable offence is discretionary powers of courts". Do you Q.5 agree? Discuss with reference to provisions of bail in non-bailable offence. **Q.6** Compare and contrast the provisions of Criminal Procedure Code for the trial of Summons Case and for the trial of Warrant Cases. Explain in detail provision regarding appeal, reference and revisions. **Q.**7 Define Complaint and explain provisions regarding complaint to magistrate under Q.8

What is a Charge? What are the contents of a Charge? Discuss the effects of errors

Q.10 Write notes on:

Q.9

a) Juvenile in conflict with law

Criminal Procedure Code.

b) Powers and functions of Probation Officers

in a charge? How is a Charge different from FIR?

B.B.A. LL.B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-X (2009 COURSE): SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: OPTIONAL - VI: INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Day

Monday

Time:

Date

23/04/2018

S-2018-1265

Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

- Attempt ANY SIX questions from all including Q.No.1 which is COMPULSORY. 1)
- Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each. 2)
- Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following: Q.1
 - a) Statute to be construed to make it effective and workable
 - **b)** Conjunctive and Disjunctive words
 - c) Rule of ejusdem generis
 - d) Marginal notes as internal aid of interpretation
 - e) Word of rank
 - Mischief rule
- The paramount object of interpretation of a statute is to ascertain the intention of the **Q.2** legislature enacting it. Discuss the objects of interpretation.
- The golden rule of interpretation is the grammatical and ordinary sense of the words Q.3 is to be adhered to, unless that would lead to some absurdity or some repugnance or inconsisting. Explain the golden rule of interpretation
- **Q.4** Sometimes the court refers to the external aids of interpretation as they reflect the situations and conditions in which the statute was enacted and hence they guide the court in interpreting the statute. Discuss the external aids of interpretation.
- The word "may" might connote merely an enabling or permissive power in the sense Q.5 of usual words. Explain the principles of interpretation of directory provisions.
- The rule of interpretation has been evolved according to which a penal statute should **Q.6** be very strictly construed and that they should be construed in favour of the subject. Elaborate the above statement with the help of relevant case laws.
- **Q.7** Explain the rules of interpretation related to the remedial statutes.
- **Q.8** There is no equity about a tax so also there is no presumption about tax. Discuss the rules related to taxing provisions.
- Discuss the rules related to the commencement and operation of statutes. Q.9
- Discuss the various doctrines which are helpful in the interpretation of constitutional Q.10 documents.