

Subject : Information Technology & Law

Day : Thursday
Date : 08/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q.No. 1, which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q.No. 1** carries **20** marks and all others carry **12** marks.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Evolution of Internet
 - b) Object of the Information Technology Act
 - c) Digital Signature
 - d) World Wide Web
 - e) Classification of Cyber Crime
 - f) Key Pair
- Q.2** Define Internet and also the difference between 'downloading' and 'uploading' of information.
- Q.3** Elucidate some of the important characteristic and various parts of computer.
- Q.4** Enumerate the various commands of MS. DOS and PC. DOS.
- Q.5** Explain in brief, the windows features of Microsoft Office 2003, 2007.
- Q.6** 'A large global network comprised of thousand of smaller networks . The world wide web is one element of the Internet'. Comment.
- Q.7** Discuss in detail various features of Right to Information Act, 2005.
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following
- a) Online Communications
 - b) Features of Online Journal and magazines
 - c) Features of e-learning
- Q.9** 'The electronic court enables the parties the trial judges and court staff to have secure access to all of the material in an efficient manner both in and out of the classroom'. Comment.
- Q.10** Explore the area of E-Litigation and IT use in the Legal Profession.

Subject : Legal Process Outsourcing

Day : Wednesday
Date : 07/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

1. Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q. No. 1 is COMPULSORY.**
 2. **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Legal Process Outsourcing and India
 - b) Intellectual property outsourcing in India
 - c) Northern Ireland law
 - d) Scotland law
 - e) Conflict with client's interest
 - f) Confidentiality issues
- Q.2** Explain briefly the origin and development of Legal Process Outsourcing.
- Q.3** "Outsourcing and globalization of manufacturing allows companies to reduce costs, benefits consumers with lower costs, goods and services causes economic expansion that reduces unemployment and increase productivity and job creation". Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Legal Process Outsourcing.
- Q.4** Discuss the future of Legal Process Outsourcing in India and across the globe.
- Q.5** Examine briefly the nature of paralegal service and legal coding.
- Q.6** Discuss the new challenges of Legal Process Outsourcing in India with reference to high technology patent application.
- Q.7** Explain principles of common law in United Kingdom.
- Q.8** Explain the legal procedure of outsourcing in United States of America.
- Q.9** Examine the utility of Legal Process Outsourcing in India.
- Q.10** Make a comparative study of Legal Process Outsourcing in United States of America.

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Subject : E-Learning

Day : Monday
Date : 05/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions, including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
2) Q. N.1 carries **20** marks and other question carries **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following
- a) Copyright Registration through Online
 - b) E - Learning Tools
 - c) Wikis & E - Learning
 - d) Benefits of E - Learning
 - e) Collaborative Learning forums
 - f) Features of E - commerce
- Q.2** E - Learning is a solution that significantly reduces costs compared to classroom training' Comment.
- Q.3** Evaluate the prospects and challenges of E - Learning in the application of media and technology in education.
- Q.4** How can information and communications technology be used strategically to access learning achievement? Explain
- Q.5** 'Internet has transformed the traditional ways of communication and business activities' Explain the new legal issues that have emerged due to such transformation.
- Q.6** Explain the new forms of Intellectual Property that have been brought about with the advancement of Internet.
- Q.7** Examine the scope, trends and attributes of E - Learning in context of E - Governance
- Q.8** Write a note on any two
- a) Types of E - Learning
 - b) E - Learning without e - content
 - c) Online banking & E - Learning
- Q.9** The learning management system (LMS) is the operating system for e - learning in the enterprise' Explain
- Q.10** Critically evaluate the features of social networking sites which are interestingly attracting the attention of academic and industry researchers

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Subject : E-Litigation

Day : Tuesday
Date : 06/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions out of which Q. No. 1 is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry 12 marks.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following :
- a) Paper to E-Document
 - b) Case Management System
 - c) Video & Audio Streaming
 - d) Document Management Component
 - e) E-Orders
 - f) E-Contract
- Q.2** "Through E-mail it is easy to communicate but at the same time its authenticity is not absolute" Do you agree? Comment
- Q.3** Explain the various types of E-Litigation Services.
- Q.4** Define 'E-Payment' and also discuss the biggest difference between Electronic Bill Presentment & Payment System (EBPP) and Traditional Method of Bill Payment System.
- Q.5** Describe the procedure for online payment and e-filing of returns under Income Tax Act 1962.
- Q.6** Define 'E-Petitions' and also compare the study of E-Court System from USA and UK
- Q.7** Explain the term 'Advocacy' and 'E-Advocacy'. Discuss the advantages & disadvantages of E-Advocacy campaign.
- Q.8** Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following :
- a) World Wide Web (WWW)
 - b) Chat room & Bulletin Boards
 - c) Voicemail & Collaboration Tools
- Q.9** "Discovery in the United States generally produces higher volume of information than discovery in the United Kingdom". Comment
- Q.10** "The Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) is an internet based public access service, this allows users to locate cases using the case locator and to obtain cases and docket information from US Federal Appellate district and Bankruptcy Court". Comment & Explain in detail the procedure and steps for locating the cases using the case locator.