

**DIPLOMA IN ANTI-CORRUPTION LAWS**  
**D.A.C.L. : WINTER : 2024**  
**SUBJECT: BASIC FEATURES OF THE CONSTITUTION & JUSTICE DELIVERY**  
**SYSTEM**

Day : Wednesday

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Date : 27/11/2024

**W-8436-2024**

Max. Marks : 80

**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

**Q.1** Write short notes on 'ANY FOUR' of the following:-

- a) Concept of Fraternity
- b) Human Rights
- c) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.
- d) Corruption
- e) Origin of Indian Panchyati Raj
- f) Suspension of Fundamental Rights during Emergency

**Q.2** "While framing of the Indian Constitution, the Constituent Assembly held many sessions, spreading over many days". Explain these Constitutional Assembly debates in the virtue of making of the Indian Constitution.

**Q.3** What are the silent features of the Preamble in the Constitution of India?

**Q.4** Explain the Constitutional remedies under Article 32 and Article 226 of the Constitution.

**Q.5** How can the problem of the corruption be curbed out from the grass-root level? Explain the implementation of various schemes in order to do so.

**Q.6** What are the basic reasons for 'Judicial Corruption in India'? Suggest some effective measures to curb out such corruptions from the Indian Judiciary System.

**Q.7** Explain the concept of PIL. What are the procedures to file a PIL?

**Q.8** The Panchayati Raj is based on the ideology of democratic decentralization. Explain.

**Q.9** Right to Equality under the Fundamental Right is concerned with abolition of social distinction. Explain.

**Q.10** In India, reform movements before and after has helped to gain women some power in politics, however there are many problems in representation of Women in legislature. Explain.

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