

**Subject : Judicial Guidelines: Lok Ayuktas, Lokpal (Ombudsman)**

Day : Thursday  
Date : 08/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B:**

- 1) Question No.1 is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Write any **FIVE** questions from question 2 to question 10.

**Q.1** Write short notes:(**ANY FOUR**)

- a) Historical growth of Ombudsman
- b) Trunk full of black money
- c) Prevention of corruption
- d) Concept of black money
- e) Lok Aayog
- f) Judgment on illegitimate trap

**Q.2** Discuss the development of concept of ombudsman with special reference to New Zealand.

**Q.3** Explain the concept of Black money and discuss about the money deposited in foreign banks.

**Q.4** Define public servant and comment on the judgment on public servant.

**Q.5** "Justice delayed is justice denied" discuss the statement in the light of pending cases in the courts.

**Q.6** Discuss the procedure of appointment of judges in high court and Supreme court.

**Q.7** Analyses the concept of Lok Aaukta.

**Q.8** "Media sometimes glorifies the crime" comment in the light of the reporting done in respect of the crime.

**Q.9** Discuss the role of judiciary in fighting corruption.

**Q.10** Explain the different phases of scam

Subject : Anti Corruption Laws in India

Day : Tuesday

Date : 06/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q. No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.No.1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following:
- a) Corruption in Democracy
  - b) Definition of Public Servant
  - c) Concept of Fact
  - d) Lok Pal Bill
  - e) Features of The Right to Information Act, 2005
  - f) Criminal Conspiracy
- Q.2** Explain the causes of Corruption.
- Q.3** Discuss the provisions relating to the offences and penalties with reference to Prevention of Corruption Act.1988.
- Q.4** Critically examines the provisions of Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2003.
- Q.5** Explain the constitutional Provision relating to the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
- Q.6** What is arrest? How it is made. Explain with reference to Cr. P.C.
- Q.7** Explain as to how the institution of state Lok Ayukta exists in India for combating the causes of corruption.
- Q.8** Discuss the functions and powers of Central Vigilance Commission.
- Q.9** Discuss the Provisions of the Indian Penal Code relating to bribery and corruption.
- Q.10** Explain with reference to the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, the concept of fact and fact in issue, and relevancy of fact.

**Subject : Comparative Study of Anti -Corruption Laws**

Day : Wednesday  
Date : 07/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

**N.B.**

1. Attempt ANY SIX questions including Q.No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
2. Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and others carry 12 marks each.

**SECTION - I**

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Royal Ombudsman
  - b) Law Commission Report on Bribery, UK
  - c) Consumer Ombudsman
  - d) Reform of the French Criminal Code
  - e) Interception of Correspondence
  - f) Foreign Corrupt Practices.
- Q.2** Write an essay on anti-corruption laws in Sweden.
- Q.3** "The laws are plenty but hardly these laws are implemented. Critically evaluate this statement in the light of United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC)
- Q.4** Enumerate the salient features of the Bribery Act, 2010 as prevalent in United Kingdom.
- Q.5** Explain the key provisions of the Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act, 1987 as prevalent in Australia and also explain its efficacy to combat corruption.
- Q.6** Write a detailed note on International Anti-Corruption and Good Governance Act, 2000 in USA.
- Q.7** Explain the concept of 'ombudsman' in Scandinavian countries in detail.
- Q.8** Enumerate the important provisions of the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1916 UK.
- Q.9** Write a note on the Australian Financial Management of Accountability Act, 1997 in detail.
- Q.10** Explain the concept of 'whistleblower' under Article. L 1161 of the French Labour Code in detail.

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Subject : Basic Features of the Constitution & Justice Delivery System

Day : Monday

Date : 05/05/2014



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q.No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks.

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- Q.1 Write short note on any FOUR of the following:
- a) Human rights
  - b) Right to equality
  - c) Right of information
  - d) Democratic values
  - e) Concept of fraternity
  - f) Socialist
- Q.2 Write an essay on Article 21 of Indian Constitution describing it an effective tool for fighting against corruption.
- Q.3 "Corruption is the misuse of public power, office an authority for private benefit through bribery, extortion, influence peddling, nepotism, fraud, speed money or embezzlement". Comment and explain the problem of corruption and constitutional remedies.
- Q.4 Explain the paradox of rising levels of corruption and the role of Indian judiciary in dealing with it.
- Q.5 Write a note on Public Interest litigation and also narrate its uses and misuses.
- Q.6 Explain various problems in implementing various schemes and policies by the authorized local institutions of grass root level.
- Q.7 What are the problems in ensuring transparency and accountability in India? Suggest some remedies for effective implementation of human rights in India.
- Q.8 Write an essay on Article 32 of the constitution justifying it an effective tool to fight against the problem of corruption in India.
- Q.9 Explain the various problems relating to the representation of women in legislature.
- Q.10 Describe the menace of corruption in lower judiciary and also suggest some remedies.