CDOE

DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAWS (CBCS-2018 COURSE)

D.Cy.L. : SUMMER : 2024

SUBJECT: CYBERCRIMES & INDIAN PERSPECTIVE

Day: Thursday
Date: 06/06/2024

S-20196-2024

Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Max. Marks: 80

N.B.:

1) Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 which is COMPULSORY.

2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a) Define "cyberspace"
 - b) Cyber Stalking
 - c) Prevention of Cyber Crimes
 - d) Essentials of cyber offences
 - e) Virus and Trojans
 - f) Recovery Of Penalty
- Q.2 "Cyber Crime may be said to be those species, of which, genus is the conventional crime, and where either the computer is an object or subject of the conduct constituting crime" Elucidate the concept and types of cyber crimes.
- Q.3 Explain the evolution of 'Information Technology' and structure of the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2000.
- Q.4 "Computer crime is an individual's attempt, fraudulent or otherwise to prevent the computer to perform its duties as designed or to slow down its operations, or to corrupt the data or software, or to copy the data or software without proper authority". Comment and Explain the modes and manners of committing cybercrimes in criminal nature.
- Q.5 Discuss the legal provisions relating to 'online transaction and crimes related to it' under the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.6 Write a detail note on "Cyber defamation" with recent case laws.
- Q.7 Explain the provisions relating to establishment, composition of the 'Cyber Appellate Tribunal' under the Information Technology Act, 2000.
- Q.8 Write a detailed note on:
 - a) Salient features of the Council of Europe's Convention on cybercrime.
 - b) Origins of computer crime and legislation.
- Q.9 Define "Access" Explain the civil and criminal offences under the Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2008.
- Q.10 Discuss the issues and challenges of jurisdiction during cybercrime investigations and its applicability of law.