

Subject : Historical Background and Foundations of Human Rights

Day : Monday

Date : 13/05/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 100 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q.No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No. 1** carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 16 marks.

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Powers of the commission under the Human Rights Protection Act 1993.
 - b) Sources of Human Rights
 - c) Arab perspectives of Human Rights
 - d) Traditional theories of Human Rights
 - e) Japanese ideas of Human Rights
 - f) Human Rights in Islamic Traditions
- Q.2** What is the judicial policy in implementing and enforcement of Human Rights? Explain.
- Q.3** Describe the historical background of regional documents on human rights in African countries.
- Q.4** Explain the National Freedom struggle and the development of the Bill of Rights movement in France.
- Q.5** Discuss Human Rights in the Hindu tradition, culture and religious practices.
- Q.6** Explain the meaning and nature and concept of Human Rights.
- Q.7** Terrorism and ethnic violence destroy Human Life in the modern world. It is crime against humanity. Comment.
- Q.8** Magna Carta is a document which laid down steps leading to the progress of Human Rights jurisprudence. Discuss.
- Q.9** Explain the origin and development of Human Rights with reference to global Human Rights document.
- Q.10** Critically evaluate the protection of Human Rights act, 1993. How far is it useful to protect human rights in India?

Subject : Protection of Civil and Political Rights

Day : Tuesday

Date : 14/05/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 100 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q. No. 1 is which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and remaining questions carries 16 marks.

Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Right to property
- b) Inhuman a degrading treatment
- c) Right to marry and found a family
- d) Freedom of expression
- e) Right to liberty
- f) Forced labour.

Q.2 Elaborate the salient features of the International covenant on civil and political rights.

Q.3 Explain the freedom of seeking and imparting information.

Q.4 The expression 'equality before the law and equal protection of laws' have been used in both the Article 14 of the Constitution of India an Article 7 of 'UDHR' comment on nature and scope of the right to equality.

Q.5 Right to effective Judicial remedy forms the essence of all the basic human rights, explain with reference to Article 32 of Indian Constitution.

Q.6 Right to life is the basic right without which all other rights have no meaning. Comment.

Q.7 Explain how the human right of accused person are protected of the civil and political covenant.

Q.8 Explain the right to freedom of thought conscience and religion. Critically evaluate.

Q.9 The Phenomenon of slavery in every form of its manifestation is a serious violation of Human Rights and fundamental freedom. Discuss in detail the protection from slavery and servitude.

Q.10 Explain as to how the freedom of movement incorporated in the covenant of civil and political rights.

Subject : Protection of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

Day : Wednesday

Date : 15/05/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 100 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all out of which Q. No. 1 is **COMPUSLORY**.
- 2) Question No. 1 carries 20 Marks and all other questions carry 16 Marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following: -

- a) Right to development
- b) Right to safe environment
- c) Right to work
- d) Right to education
- e) Right to strike
- f) Right of consumers

Q.2 Right to participate in election Government and public life is a Human Right. Discuss with the help of suitable case laws.

Q.3 Critically evaluate the role played by International Bill of Rights of women in protection of women's Rights.

Q.4 Childhood is entitled to special care and assistance. Evaluate the statement in the context of Declaration of the Convention on the Rights of Child.

Q.5 India has given equal status to women under its Constitution. Discuss above statement with the help of landmark case laws.

Q.6 Economies and Social Council established the permanent forum on indigenous issues. which has greatest impact in the issues of Human Rights. Comment.

Q.7 Enlist the various rights provided by Declaration on the Rights of persons belonging to National / ethnic or linguistic minorities.

Q.8 Examine the Rights enshrined in the Covenant on Economic. Social and Cultural Rights.

Q.9 What is Child Rights Convention? What steps have been taken at global level for the eradication of child labors?

Q.10 Covenant on Economic. Social and Cultural Rights implementation machinery is confined only to the reporting system. Comment.

Subject : Protection System and Implementation of Human Rights Standards

Day : Thursday
Date : 16/05/2013



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM
Max Marks : 100 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions in all out of which Q. No. 1 is **COMPUSLORY**.
- 2) Question No. 1 carries 20 Marks and all other questions carry 16 Marks each.

Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FOUR of the following :-

- a) People's Union of Civil Liberties (PUCL)
- b) Human Rights Watch (HRW)
- c) UNESCO
- d) Inter-American Court of HR
- e) Australian Commission on Human Rights and Equal opportunity
- f) Canadian Human Rights Commission

Q.2 Why there was need for Additional Protocol to the American Convention on Human Rights? Discuss various rights provided by Additional protocol.

Q.3 Discuss in detail African Commission on Human and People's Right's

Q.4 Discuss the right to freedom of expression provided by Article 10 of European Convention on Human Rights. Comment with reference to 'Spycatcher Case.

Q.5 Discuss Composition, Functions and powers of European Court of Human Rights.

Q.6 Explain with the help of relevant case laws role played by ILO in protection of Human Rights.

Q.7 Critically evaluate the role played by Non-Governmental Organizations in promotion and protection of Human Rights.

Q.8 Critically evaluate the role played by Indian judiciary in adopting the values of International Human Rights Law in Indian Legal System.

Q.9 Write in detail composition, nature, powers and functions of National Human Rights Commission in India.

Q.10 Discuss the problems in implementation of Human Rights Norms in India.

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