DIPLOMA IN SOCIAL LEGISLATIONS D. S. L.: WINTER: 2024 SUBJECT: JUVENILE JUSTICE & CHILD RIGHTS IN INDIA

Day: Saturday Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM Date: 30/11/2024 W-8337-2024 Max. Marks: 80

		TVICAL IVICALS . 60
N.B.	1) 2)	Attempt any SIX questions including Q. No. 1 is which is COMPULSORY. Q. No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
Q. 1		Write short note on Any FOUR of the following:
	a)	Reasons for Juvenile delinquency
	b)	The World Summit for Children, 1990
	c)	Observation Homes
	d)	Prevention of beggary
	e)	Problems of children living in one room habitat
	f)	Prevention of vagrancy
Q. 2		'The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, adopted by the General Assembly in 1989, provides a comprehensive framework for administration of juvenile justice'. Comment.
Q. 3		Give an account of the Juvenile Justice Act, 2000 which has changed the terminology for delinquent and neglected children to 'child in conflict with law' and 'child in need of care and protection' respectively.
Q. 4		Enunciate the significance of the National and State Commissions for Child Rights Protection constituted under the Commission for Protection of Child Right (Child Right Act, 2005).
Q. 5		'Child labourers are exploited, paid minimum wages and made to work under unhealthy conditions which adversely affect their mental and physical'. Analyze the labour laws as measures for the prevention of child labour.
Q. 6		Outline child trafficking that refers to the exploitation of girls and boys primarily for sexual exploitation. Discuss the legal provision to minimize the problem.
Q. 7		Summarize the significant provisions of Indian Penal Code in bringing social transformation for providing punishment for crimes committed against children.
Q. 8		Discuss the various Legislative measures for protection of child under Personal laws.
Q. 9		"The Constitution of India provides special provision for the welfare of the children." Justify the above statement in light of appropriate the constitutional provisions for children.
Q. 10	0	State the legislative measures for the protection of child in the context of 'Right of Education' and 'Right to Health'.

* * * *